ORDINANCE 23-04

TO AMEND TITLE 20 (UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE) OF THE BLOOMINGTON MUNICIPAL CODE – Re: Technical Corrections Set Forth in BMC 20

- WHEREAS, the Common Council, by its <u>Resolution 18-01</u>, approved a new Comprehensive Plan for the City of Bloomington, which took effect on March 21, 2018; and
- WHEREAS, thereafter the Plan Commission initiated and prepared a proposal to repeal and replace Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code, entitled "Unified Development Ordinance" ("UDO"); and
- WHEREAS, on December 18, 2019, the Common Council passed <u>Ordinance 19-24</u>, to repeal and replace the UDO; and
- WHEREAS, on January 14, 2020, the Mayor signed and approved Ordinance 19-24; and
- WHEREAS, on April 15, 2020, the Common Council passed <u>Ordinance 20-06</u> and <u>Ordinance 20-07</u>; and
- WHEREAS, on April 18, 2020, the Unified Development Ordinance became effective; and
- WHEREAS, on March 6, 2023, the Plan Commission voted to favorably recommend this amendment proposal to the Common Council, after providing notice and holding public hearings on the proposal as required by law; and
- WHEREAS, the Plan Commission certified this amendment proposal to the Common Council on March 15, 2023; and
- WHEREAS, in preparing and considering this proposal, the Plan Commission and Common Council have paid reasonable regard to:
 - 1) the Comprehensive Plan;
 - 2) current conditions and character of current structures and uses in each district;
 - 3) the most desirable use for which land in each district is adapted;
 - 4) the conservation of property values throughout the jurisdiction; and
 - 5) responsible development and growth; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MONROE COUNTY, INDIANA, THAT:

- SECTION 1. Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code, entitled "Unified Development Ordinance", is amended.
- SECTION 2. An amended Title 20, entitled "Unified Development Ordinance", including other materials that are incorporated therein by reference, is hereby adopted. Said replacement ordinance consists of the following documents which are attached hereto and incorporated herein:
 - 1. The Proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission with a favorable recommendation, consisting of:
 - (A) <u>ZO-04-23</u> ("Attachment A")
 - (B) Any Council amendments thereto ("Attachment B")

SECTION 3. The Clerk of the City is hereby authorized and directed to oversee the process of consolidating all of the documents referenced in Section 2 into a single text document for codification.

SECTION 4. Severability. If any section, sentence, or provision of this ordinance, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall be declared invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any of the other sections, sentences, provisions, or applications of this ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are declared to be severable.

SECTION 5. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage by the Common Council and approval by the Mayor.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Common Council of the City of Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana, upon this 19 day of 2023.

SUE SGAMBELLURI, President Bloomington Common Council

ATTEST:

NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk

City of Bloomington

PRESENTED by me to Mayor of the City of Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana, upon this 20 day of ________, 2023.

NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk

City of Bloomington

SIGNED AND APPROVED by me upon this day of

___, 2023.

JOHN HAMILTON, Mayor City of Bloomington

SYNOPSIS

This petition contains corrections or clarifications in the UDO. These errors range from missing references to terminology correction to missing text to syncing references across the UDO. There are 19 amendments identified, some appearing multiple times in the code.

Distributed to: Clerk, Council Attorney, Legal, Mayor, and Planning & Transportation.

****ORDINANCE CERTIFICATION****

In accordance with IC 36-7-4-604 I hereby certify that the attached Ordinance Number 23-04 is a true and complete copy of Plan Commission Case Number ZO-04-23 which was given a recommendation of approval by a vote of 9 Ayes, 0_Nays, and 0 Abstentions by the Bloomington City Plan Commission at a public hearing held on March 6, 2023.

Date:	March	15.	2023	
Duce.	TYTUL OIL	109	1010	

Scott Robinson, Secretary Plan Commission

MRN/	uncil Office this15th	day of March , 202
Nicole Bolden, City Clerk		
Appropriation Ordinance #	Fiscal Impact Statement Ordinance #	Resolution #
Гуре of Legislation:		
Appropriation Budget Transfer Salary Change	End of Program New Program Bonding	Penal Ordinance Grant Approval Administrative Change
Zoning Change New Fees	Investments Annexation	Short-Term Borrowing Other
Cause of Request: Planned Expenditure Unforseen Need	cts City funds, the following must	Emergency Other
Cause of Request: Planned Expenditure Unforseen Need Funds Affected by Request: Fund(s) Affected Fund Balance as of January Revenue to Date Revenue Expected for Rest of Appropriations to Date	1 <u>\$</u>	Emergency Other
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Approval of case ZO-04-23 amends the Unified Development Ordinance (UDO), with technical corrections for

If the legislation will have a major fiscal impact, explain briefly what the effect on City costs and revenues will be and include factors which could lead to significant additional expenditures in the future. Be as specific as possible. (Continue on second sheet if necessary.)

scrivener's errors, punctuation, references, and/or citations, by the Bloomington Plan Commission. This

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ordinance is in accordance with Indiana Code 36-7-4-600.

Case # ZO-04-23 Memo

To: Bloomington Common Council

From: Bloomington Plan Commission

Jackie Scanlan, AICP Development Services Manager

Date: March 15, 2023

Re: Text Amendments to Unified Development Ordinance

The Plan Commission heard case ZO-04-23 on March 6, 2023 and voted to send the petition to the Common Council with a positive recommendation with a vote of 9-0.

The Planning and Transportation Department proposes its annual update and amendment to the Unified Development Ordinance (UDO), Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code. The last regular UDO Update process was completed in the Spring of 2022. This update is smaller scale than the larger update done in 2020 and is for regular maintenance of the code. Staff utilizes the UDO daily in our interactions with the public and other Departments, and has identified portions of the code that contain errors or that may benefit from amendment. No changes to the permitted uses or zoning districts are included in this update.

The proposal is divided into four (4) petitions. One petition is discussed below and is this Ordinance, 23-04:

1. ZO-04-23 | Technical Corrections

ZO-04-23 | Technical Corrections

This petition contains corrections or clarifications to the UDO. These range from missing periods, misspelled words, or misplaced references to syncing references across the UDO. There was a formatting error related to 'vision clearance triangles' and correction of that error is proposed. There are 19 amendments identified, some appearing multiple times in the code. These amendments are needed to provide accurate and clear language for use of the code, as well as to sync the code with itself.

Chapter 20.02: Zoning Districts

20.02.010 Zoning Districts Established

(a) Summary Table of Zoning Districts

The following zoning districts are established as shown in Table 02-1. All development shall comply with all other applicable regulations in this UDO including, without limitation, Chapter 20.03: (Use Regulations) and Chapter 20.04: (Development Standards & Incentives Development Standards & Incentives).

Table 02-1: Summary Table of Zoning Districts

Prior District Name	District Name
Residential	
RE – Residential Estate	R1 - Residential Large Lot [New]
RS - Residential Single-Family	R2 - Residential Medium Lot
RC - Residential Core	R3 - Residential Small Lot
	R4 - Residential Urban [New]
RM - Residential Multifamily	RM - Residential Multifamily
RH - Residential High-Density Multifamily	RH - Residential High-Density Multifamily
MH - Manufactured/Mobile Home Park	RMH - Manufactured/Mobile Home Park
Mixed-Use	
	MS - Mixed-Use Student Housing
CL - Commercial Limited	MN - Mixed-Use Neighborhood-Scale
CG - Commercial General	MM - Mixed-Use Medium-Scale
CA - Commercial Arterial	MC - Mixed-Use Corridor
BP - Business Park	ME - Mixed-Use Employment
IN - Institutional	MI - Mixed-Use Institutional
CD - Commercial Downtown	MD - Mixed-Use Downtown
MD - Medical	MH - Mixed-Use Healthcare
Nonresidential	
IG - Industrial General	EM - Employment
QY - Quarry	EM - Employment
	PO – Parks and Open Space [New]
Planned Development District	Commonweal
PUD - Planned Unit Development	PUD – Planned Unit Development
Overlay Zoning Districts	
CSO - Courthouse Square	
DCO - Downtown Core Overlay	
UVO - University Village Overlay	DCO - Downtown Character Overlay
DEO - Downtown Edges Overlay	DCO - Downtown Character Overlay
DGO - Downtown Gateway Overlay	
STPO - Showers Technology Park Overlay	
	TRO – Transform Redevelopment Overlay [New]

Bloomington, Indiana – Unified Development Ordinance Effective Date: April 18, 2020 Last Amended Date: January 30, 2023



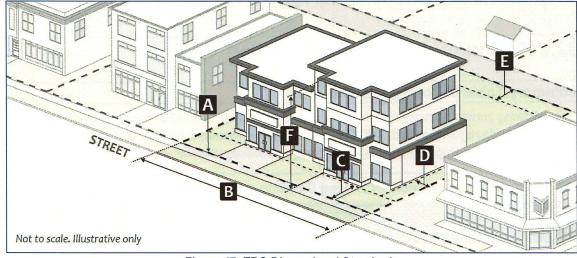


Figure 47: TRO Dimensional Standards

(5) Allowed Use Table Modifications

(A) Excluded Uses

The following uses are prohibited within the TRO: Fraternity or sorority house; Opioid rehabilitation home, small; Crematory; Mortuary; Methadone treatment facility; Kennel; Country club; Sexually oriented business; Check cashing; Building supply store; Firearm sales; Pawn shop; Liquor or tobacco sales; Retail sales, big box; Vehicle fuel station; Student housing or dormitory.

(B) Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted within the TRO: Dwelling, single-family (attached)*; Dwelling, duplex*; Dwelling, triplex*; Dwelling, fourplex*; Dwelling, multifamily**; Dwelling, live/work*; Restaurant**.

- * = base zoning district use-specific standards apply
- ** = overlay use-specific standards apply only

(6) Use-Specific Standards

The lists of Permitted, Conditional, Accessory, Conditional Accessory, and Temporary uses listed in Table 3-1 (Allowed Use Table) are modified within the TRO as follows:

(A) Dwelling, Multifamily

i. For structures with frontage along a street, identified in the Transportation Plan as Main Street, Shared Street, or General Urban, and structures along the B-Line Trail,

each dwelling unit located on the ground floor shall be located at least 20 feet behind each building façade facing a public street, or the B-Line Trail.

- ii. Ground floor dwelling units with a front building wall facing a street shall be raised 2 to 5 feet above the sidewalk level.
- iii. Each dwelling unit shall have direct access to a covered balcony, patio, or porch with an average depth of at least 5 feet located adjacent to or overlooking a common open space, right-of-way, or B-<u>LiineLine</u> Trail.
- iv. Any portions within the ground floor of a structure used for vehicular parking shall be located at least 20 feet behind the building facade facing a public street.

(B) Restaurant

i. In the RM and RH zoning districts, the restaurant shall contain no more than 5,000 gross squresquare feet of floor area.

(7) Access and Connectivity

(A) Driveways and Access

i. Alley Access:

A driveway accessing the street shall be prohibited if the side or rear setback is adhacentadjacent via a platted alley.

ii. Surface Material:

Except for single-family, duplex, triplex, and fourplex uses, entrances and drives shall be constructed solely of permeable pavers.

(8) Parking and Loading

(A) Minimum Vehicle Parking Requirement:

Minimum vehicle parking requirments requirements shall not apply to developments in the TRO.

(B) Maximum Vehicle Parking Allowance:

i. Housing Living Uses:

Maximum vehicle parking allowance listed in Table 04-10: Maximum Vehicle Parking Allowance, shall apply to developments in the TRO except multifamily uses, which shall be limited to a maximum of 0.5 spaces per bedroom.

ii. All Other Uses:

The maximum vehicle parking allowance, listed in Table 04-10: Maximum Vehicle Parking Allowance, shall be reduced by 50% in the TRO.

(C) Surface Material:

Except for single-family, duplex, triplex, and fourplex residences and parking structures all vehicle parking shall be constructed solely of permeable pavers.

(9) Site and Building Design

(A) Street Lighting Plans Generally:

- i. Pedestrian scaled street lighting shall be provided as approved by the Board of Public Works.
- ii. Pedestrian scaled street lighting shall not exceed 15 feet in height.

(B) Building Design

i. Exceptions

- 1. Single-family, duplex, triplex, and fourplex dwellings shall not be subject to the architectural standards of this section 20.02.050(b). Such residential dwellings units shall be subject to the architectural standards of Section 20.04.070(d)(3) (Building Design).
- 2. Restoration and rehabilitation of structures designated as "Notable" or "Outstanding" on the City of Bloomington Survey of Historic Sites and Structures or those buildings in local historic districts shall not be subject to the architectural standards of this section 20.02.050(b). Such buildings shall be subject to the procedures outlined in Section 20.06.050(c) (Demolition Delay Permit) as required.

ii. Materials

All facades of a primary building shall consist of one or more of the following primary and secondary exterior finished materials:

1. Primary Exterior Finish Materials

- [a] Masonry;
- [b] Brick;
- [c] Natural Stone;
- [d] Transparent Glass;
- [e] Cementitious siding;
- [f] Precast concrete;
- [g] Metal (except corrugated);-or
- [h] Wood

Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table

P = permitted use, C = conditional use permit, A = accessory use, T = temporary use, Uses with an *= use-specific standards apply

Additional uses may be permitted, prohibited, or require conditional use approval in Downtown Character Overlays pursuant to Section 20.03.010(e).

Additional uses may be permitted, prohibited, or require conditional							use a	use approval in Downtown Character Overlays pursuant to Section 20.03.010(e).										
Use			Re	side	entia	l			procesor conservation	IV	lixed	-Use)		·	8	on- lential	Use-Specific Standards
Ose	R1	R2	R3	R4	RM	RH	RMH	MS	MN	MM	MC	ME	MI	MD	МН	EM	PO	Ose-opecine Standards
Utility substation and transmission facility	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*		20.03.030(f)(3)
Wind energy system, large												P*				P*		20.03.030(f)(4)
Wind energy system, small	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	P*	P*	20.03.030(f)(5)
ACCESSORY USES																		20.03.030(g)(1)
Chicken flock	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7	P*	20.03.030(g)(2)
Detached garage	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*								20.03.030(g)(3)
Drive-through										A*	А							20.03.030(g)(4)
Dwelling, accessory unit	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*		A*	A*			20.03.030(g)(5)
Electric vehicle charging facility	А	А	Α	A	А	А	Α	Α	Α	А	А	А	А	Α	А	Α	А	
Greenhouse, noncommercial	Α	А	Α	А	А	А	А	A	Α	А	А	А	А	А	Α	А	А	
Home occupation	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*			20.03.030(g)(6)
Outdoor retail and display							,		T*	T*	T*			T*		A*		20.03.030(g)(7)
Outdoor trash and recyclables receptacles					A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A *	A*	A*	A*		20.03.030(g)(8)
Recycling drop-off, self-serve					Α	Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A	А		
Swimming pool	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	A*	20.03.030(g)(9)
TEMPORARY USES																		20.03.030(h)(1)
Book buyback								T*	T*	T*	T*		T*	T*		000		20.03.030(h)(2)
Construction support activities	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	20.03.030(h)(3)
Farm produce sales	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*			20.03.030(h)(4)
Real estate sales or model home	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*		20.03.030(h)(5)
Seasonal sales								T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*			20.03.030(h)(6)
Special event	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*	T*		T*	23.03.030(h)(7)

20.03.030 Use-Specific Standards

(a) Generally

(1) The Use-Specific Standards listed in this Se-ction 20.03.030 apply to those uses listed on the same line of Table 3-1, regardless of whether those uses are shown as Permitted, Conditional, Conditional Accessory, Accessory, or Temporary uses. These Use-Specific standards cannot be modified through the Conditional Use approval process in Section 20.06.050(b) (Conditional Use Permit), but relief may be granted through the Variance process in Section 20.06.080(b) (Variance).

20.03.030 Use-Specific Standards

(2) Any of the uses listed as Household Living uses in Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table, may be organized as cooperative housing, but shall be a permitted use or a conditional use only in those zoning districts where another Household Living use with the same layout and number of units would be allowed as a permitted use or conditional use, and shall be subject to those use-specific standards applicable to such Household Living use with the same layout and number of units. For example, a cooperative housing facility that meets the definition of "dwelling, multifamily" in terms of layout and number of units is a permitted use available only in those zoning districts where a "dwelling, multifamily" is a permitted use in Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table 03-1: Allowed Use Fable, and is a conditional use available only in those zoning districts where a "Dwelling, multifamily," is listed as a conditional use in Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table, and is subject to those Use-specific standards applicable to a "dwelling, multifamily" in Section 20.03.030(b)(5).

(b) Residential Uses

(1) Dwelling, Single-Family (Detached)

- In the RM, RH, MN, MM, MC, ME, and MH zoning districts, single-family detached dwelling units shall be permitted only on lots of record lawfully established before February 12, 2007.
- Any legally established single-family dwelling that was established prior to the effective date of (B) this UDO shall not be made non-conforming by adoption of this UDO.
- Occupancy of a single-family detached dwelling unit is subject to the definition of "family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

(2) Dwelling, Single-Family (Attached)

(A) Access

- Each individual dwelling unit shall have a separate entrance facing the street frontage to which the building address is assigned. Buildings on corner lots may have entrances facing either street frontage.
- ii. Each dwelling shall have direct access to a street or alley.

In the R2 and R3 zoning districts, the maximum number of dwelling units allowed in one singlefamily attached structure shall be two, and each individual dwelling unit shall be located on a separate lot.

(C) Occupancy

Occupancy of single-family attached dwelling units is subject to the definition of "Family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

(3) Dwelling, Duplex

(A) Generally

The property owner (or HAND registered agent) shall have no Notices of Violation on file in the Planning and Transportation Department for the prior three years at application.

(11) Group Care Home, FHAA (Small and Large) & Opioid Rehabilitation Home, (Small and Large)

- (A) Group homes for the exclusive use of citizens protected by the provisions of the federal Fair Housing Act Amendments of 1988 (FHAA), as defined in that Act and interpreted by the courts, or by any similar legislation of the State of Indiana, may be established in any Residential zoning district or portion of a Mixed-Use zoning district or PD district that permits residential dwellings, provided that they meet the definition of "small" and "large" facilities in Chapter 20.07: Definitions) and are located in zoning districts where facilities of that size are allowed pursuant to Table 3-1, and subject to the licensing requirements of the state and the City of Bloomington.
- (B) In the MN and R4 zoning districts, group homes shall not be designed for or occupied by more than 20 residents living together.
- (C) No Group Care Home shall be located within 300 feet of any other Group Care Home.
- (D) No Opioid Rehabilitation Home shall be located within 300 feet of any other Opioid Rehabilitation Home.
- (E) Where minimum spacing is required by subsections (C) and (D) above, the distance shall be measured from the nearest property line of the property from which spacing is required to the nearest property line on which the group home will be located, using a straight line, without regard to intervening structures or public rights-of-way.

(12) Residential Rooming House

- (A) No residential rooming house shall contain more than four bedrooms, not including the living space occupied by the residential rooming house owner.
- (B) No bedroom occupied by a person other than the residential rooming house owner shall be rented for a period of less than 30 consecutive days.

(13) Student Housing or Dormitory

(A) Ground Floor Parking

All portions within the ground floor of a structure used for vehicular parking shall be located at least 20 feet behind the building facade facing a public street. If there are multiple primary buildings on a site, this requirement only applies to the building closest to a public street.

(B) Location

In the RM, RH, MN, MM, MC, and MI zoning districts, each student housing or dormitory use shall be separated from any other student housing or dormitory use.

- i. By at least 900least 900 feet, as measured between the closest points on the two lots containing the student housing or dormitory uses, and
- ii. By at least 900 feet, as measured between the closest points of two or more residential or mixed use structures within one lot containing the student housing or dormitory use.

However, if either the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) or the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) has been earned, only the requirements of 20.03.030(b)(13)(B)(i) apply to each student housing or dormitory use in the RM, RH, MN, MM, MC, and MI zoning districts. If both the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) and the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d), the separation requirements of

this section do not apply to each student housing or dormitory use in the RM, RH, MN, MM, MC, and MI zoning districts

(C) Building Floor Plate

- i. In the MN zoning district, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use shall be 2,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g) (<u>Building Floor Plate Building Floor Plate</u>). However if either the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) or the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) has been earned, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use in the MN zoning district shall be 3,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g). If both the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) have been earned, the maximum building floor plate of a student housing or dormitory use shall be 5,000 square feet per building.
- ii. In the RM and MD zoning districts, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use shall be 3,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g) (Building Floor Plate Building Floor Plate*). However if either the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) or the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) has been earned, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use in the RM and MD zoning districts shall be 5,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g). If both the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) have been earned, the maximum building floor plate of a student housing or dormitory use shall be 10,000 square feet per building.
- iii. In the RH, MM, MC, and MI zoning districts, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use shall be 5,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g) (Building Floor Plate Building Floor Plate). However if either the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) or the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) has been earned, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use in the RH, MM, MC, and MI zoning districts shall be 8,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g). If both the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) and the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) have been earned, the maximum building floor plate of a student housing or dormitory use shall be 20,000 square feet per building.
- iv. In the MS zoning district, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use shall be 10,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g) (Building Floor Plate). However if either the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) or the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) has been earned, the maximum building floor plate for a student housing or dormitory use shall be 14,000 square feet per building, pursuant to the measurement standards in Section 20.04.020(g). If both the affordable housing incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(c) and the sustainable development incentive codified at Section 20.04.110(d) have

ii. Mixed-Use Districts

- 1. A Home Occupation in a Mixed-Use zoning district that meets all of the standards of this Section 20.03.030(g)(6) shall be treated as a single-family dwelling unit for purposes of site plan review.
- 2. A Home Occupation that does not meet the standards of this section shall be treated as a commercial use and subject to site plan review.

(E) Operator Residency Required

The operator of the Home Occupation shall reside in the dwelling unit.

(F) Maximum Number of Nonresident Employees

Any Home Occupation shall be permitted a maximum of one employee who does not reside in the dwelling unit.

(G) Maximum Floor Area

- i. For Home Occupations located within a primary structure no more than 50 <u>percentperfect</u> of the total interior floor area of the dwelling unit may be used in connection with the Home Occupation.
- ii. If there is more than one Home Occupation being conducted within a dwelling unit, then all Home Occupations within the dwelling unit shall cumulatively use no more than 50 percent of the dwelling unit.
- iii. Area used for storage of material or products used in the Home Occupation shall be included in this calculation.
- iv. For Home Occupations located within an accessory structure no more than 840 square feet or the maximum square footage allowed for accessory structures permitted by Section 20.03.0309(g) (Accessory Uses and Structures), whichever is less may be used in connection with the Home Occupation.
- v. Exempted Uses are excluded from square footage limitations in Section 20.03.030 (g)(6)(A).

(H) Multiple Home Occupations

- i. More than one Home Occupation may be permitted within an individual dwelling unit.
- ii. Where multiple Home Occupations are conducted within an individual dwelling unit, the operations standards of this subsection shall be applied to the combined total of all Home Occupation activities, not to each Home Occupation individually.

(I) Residential Character

There shall not be any interior or exterior, structural or aesthetic alterations that change the residential character of the dwelling unit within which the Home Occupation operates.

(J) Location and Entrance

i. The use of any attached or detached garage for a Home Occupation shall not interfere with the provision of any required off-street parking.

(K) Outdoor Display and Storage

Outdoor display of goods, materials, supplies, or equipment is prohibited.

(e) Setbacks

(1) Measurement

- (A) Setbacks referred to in this UDO shall be measured as stated in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions), under the term "setback" and "build-to range."
- (B) For private streets, setbacks shall be measured from the edge of the curb, easement, or right-of-way, whichever distance is greater.
- (C) Where existing right-of-way is wider than that proposed on the Transportation Plan, the setback shall be measured from the existing right-of-way.
- (D) For lots of record with no street frontage, a minimum building setback of 10 feet is required from the property line where access is gained.
- (D)(E) The minimum front building facade at the build-to range percentage shall be determined by calculating the width of the principal building that is within the build-to range divided by the total width of the lot at the street frontage.

(2) Single-Family Attached and Multifamily Dwellings

- (A) Multifamily dwellings on one lot shall be construed as one structure for purpose of measuring setbacks.
- (B) For purposes of setback calculations for side-by-side single-family attached or multifamily dwellings, only those dwelling units that do not share a common wall with an adjacent unit (end units) shall observe the required side setback for the district.

(3) Exceptions to Setback Requirements

- (A) The setback exceptions established in Table 04-6 shall not authorize the encroachment of any development across property lines or into a public right-of-way.
- (B) Every part of a required setback shall be unobstructed from ground level to the sky, except as follows:

(4) Belt Courses

- (A) Building facades shall incorporate exterior horizontal belt course design elements for the building base, middle and cap through techniques such as copestone, dripstone, string course, water table, and/or plinth using natural stone or masonry.
- (B) Building facades shall incorporate exterior vertical banding techniques using natural stone or masonry to visually define building subdivisions of wall planes, modules, or building facade focal points.

(f) Universal Design

- (1) In multifamily residential buildings and student housing and dormitory buildings constructed afteor 4/18/2020 that contain more than 25 dwelling units, at least 20 percent of the dwelling units shall incorporate at least one entrance at grade level and not requiring any steps up or down or a ramp for entry.
- (2) In addition, one of the following additional elements of "universal design" is required:
 - (A) All interior doorways with at least 32-inch wide openings;
 - (B) At least one bathroom with 32-inch counter height;
 - (C) At least one bathroom with wall reinforcements for handrails; and/or
 - (D) All light switches installed between 44 and 48 inches in height.

(g) Solar Ready Building Design

All new construction of primary structures shall meet either (1) or (2) below:

- 1. Design building as solar or renewable energy ready and incorporate the following into the site plan:
 - 1. Roof load bearing specifications shall be sized to bear the weight of a solar installation;
 - 2. The roof should be oriented to maximize solar capacity and roof types shall be compatible with solar installation mounting;
 - 3. Non-solar rooftop equipment (HVAC systems, chimneys, vents) shall be placed to avoid shading of solar equipment and maximize the amount of continuous roof space;
 - 4. Electrical panels shall be sized to accomodate a future solar system and space shall be allocated in the utility room or outside for a solar DC-AC inverter; and
 - 5. Conduit for wiring shall be placed from the roof to the electrical panel.
- 2. Submit a completed U.S. EPA Renewable Energy Ready Home Solar Site Assessment or another approved solar-ready assessment is required.

Modifications to either 1 or 2 above can be approved by the Director of Planning and Transportation.

20.04.080 Landscaping, Buffering, and Fences

(C) Vehicular and Pedestrian Movement

Plant materials shall be located to avoid interference with vehicular and pedestrian movement and shall not project over sidewalks, paths, or trails below a height of eight feet. Plant materials shall not project over street curbs or pavement within rights-of-way or access easements below a height of 15 feet.

(D) Vision Clearance

i. Landscape materials shall be located to avoid interference with visibility per Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Connectivity

Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property.

Vision Clearance Triangle). Landscape materials shall be located to avoid interference with visibility per Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle).

(E) Green Infrastructure

All green infrastructure facilities, including detention basins, bioswales, and raingardens shall be planted with only native seed and/or plugs.

(F) Installation Prior to Occupancy

All landscaping required by the approved site plan shall be installed and inspected prior to issuance of a recommendation for final occupancy, unless an extension is approved by the Planning and Transportation Department for weather-related or unique circumstances.

(E) Distribution

Required landscape shall be reasonably distributed in any areas of a site not covered by a structure, parking lot or required buffer yard. It is suggested that the required plantings be planted in clusters or irregular patterns, and that native grasses and herbaceous perennial species be used for ornamentation in addition to the required plantings.

(2) Plant Material Standards

(A) Live Plantings

All plant material shall be living and healthy. Dead, diseased or artificial plants shall not be recognized as contributing to required landscape treatments.

(B) Species Identification

New plantings shall have species identification tags on the plant or paid purchase identification labels on the plants during the final inspection. A receipt with purchase order for plantings may be submitted prior to inspection in lieu of tags or labels on site.

(C) <u>Prohibited Plant Species Invasive Plants</u>

Species identified as invasive, detrimental, or noxious shall not be planted under any circumstances and will not be counted toward landscape requirements.

(D) Species Diversity

i. On sites that require an aggregate total of 20 or more new trees, any given genus of tree shall be limited to a maximum of <u>2025</u> percent of the total number of newly planted trees on site.

Table 04-15: Permitted Interior Tree Species

Bold text indicates evergreen species

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Canadian or Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga Canadensis	

Southern Catalpa	<u>Catalpa bignoniodes</u>
Downy Hawthorn	<u>Crataegus mollis</u>
Persimmon	<u>Diospyros virginiana</u>
American Holly	<u>Ilex opaca</u>
River Birch	Betula nigra
Sassafras Sassafras	<u>Sassafras albidum </u> Sassafras albidum
American Arborvitae American Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalisThuja occidentalis
Small <u>Interior</u> Trees - Under 25 feet at mature height	
Red BuckeyePawpaw	Asimina triloba <u>Aesulus pavia</u>
Devil's Walking StickPagoda Dogwood	Cornus alternifolia <u>Aralia spinose</u>
Persimmon Pawpaw	Diospyros virginiana <u>Asmini triloba</u>
Silverbell-Pagoda Dogwood	Halesia carolinaCornus alterifolia
Wild PlumDown Hawthorn	<u>Crataegus mollis</u> Prunus Americana
Staghorn SumacSilverbell	<u>Halesia carolina</u> Rhus typhina
American Plum	<u>Prunus americana</u>
<u>Chickasaw Plum</u>	<u>Prunus angustifolia</u>
<u>Hoptree</u>	<u>Ptelia trifoliata</u>
Dwarf Chinquapin Oak	Quercus prinoides
Winged Sumac or Shinig Sumac	Rhus copallina
Shining Sumac or Smooth Sumac	<u>Rhus glabra</u>
Staghorn Sumac	<u>Rhus typhina</u>

Table 04-1516: Permitted Shrubs, Bushes and Hedges Species

Scientific Name
Amorpha fruiticosa
Aronia arbutifolia Aronia melanocarpa
Aronia melanocarpa Ceanothus americanus
Ceanothus americanus Cephalanthus occidentalis
Cephalanthus occidentalis Corylus Americana
Cornus amomumHamamelis virginiana
Cornus drummondiiHydrangia arborescens
Cornus racemosa Llex glabra
<u>Cornus sericeallex verticillata</u>

Table 04-1516: Permitted Shrubs, Bushes and Hedges Species

Common Name	Scientific Name
American Hazelnut Virginia Sweetspire	Corylus americana Itea virginica
Eastern Witchhazel Juniper	<u>Hamamelis virginiana Juniperus communis</u>
Smooth Hydrangea Spicebush	<u>Hydrangea arborescens Lindera benzoin</u>
Golden St. John's wortNinebark	Hypericum frondosum Physocarpus opulifolius
PossumhawShrubby Cinquefoil	<u>Ilex decidua</u> P otentilla
InkberrySand Cherry	<u>Ilex glabra</u> Prunus pumila
<u> Winterberry HollyFragrant Sumac</u>	<u>llex verticillataRhus aromatica</u>
<u>Virginia Sweetspire</u> Winged Sumac	<u>ltea virginica</u> Rhus copallina
Common Juniper Shinning Sumac	<u>Juniperus communis Rhus glabra</u>
<u>Spicebush Virginia Rose</u>	<u>Lindera benzoin Rosa virginiana, Rosa setigera, Rosa</u> palustris
Ninebark Pussy Willow	Physocarpus opulifolius Salix discolor
Sand Cherry Elderberry	Prunus pumila Sambucus canadensis
Fragrant Sumac Bladdernut	Rhus aromatica Stapphylea trifolia
Prickly Gooseberry Coralberry	Ribes cynosbatisymphoricarpos orbiculatus
Swamp RoseCanadian Yew	Rosa palustris <mark>Taxus canadensis</mark>
<u>Climbing Rose</u> Highbush Blueberry	<u>Rosa setigera</u> Vaccinium corymbosum, Vaccinium vacillan
<u>Virginia Rose Mapleleaf Viburnum</u>	<u>Rosa virginiana Viburnum acerifolium</u>
Purple Flowering Raspberry Arrowwood	Rubus odoratus Viburnum dentatum
Pussy Willow Nannyberry	<u>Salix discolor Viburnum lentago</u>
American Black Elderberry Black Haw	<u>Sambucus canadensis Viburnum prunifolium, Viburnum</u> rufidulum
Bladdernut Prickly Ash	<u>Staphylea trifolia Zanthoxylum americanum</u>
<u>Coralberry</u>	<u>Symphoricarpos orbiculatus</u>
<u>Canadian Yew</u>	<u>Taxus canadensis</u>
Highbush Blueberry	<u>Vaccinium corymbosum</u>
Hillside Blueberry	<u>Vaccinium pallidum</u>
Mapleleaf Viburnum	<u>Viburnum acerifolium</u>
Arrowwood Viburnum	<u>Viburnum dentatum</u>
<u>Nannyberry</u>	<u>Viburnum lentago</u>
Blackhaw	<u>Viburnum prunifolium</u>
Rusty Blackhaw	<u>Viburnum rufidulum</u>
Prickly Ash	Zanthoxylum americanum

Common Name	Scientific Name
Flowering Perennials	
Purple giant hyssop	Agastache scrophulariaefolia
Nodding wild onion	Allium cernuum
<u>Lead plant</u>	Amorpha canescens
Bluestar	Amsonia tabernaemontana
<u>Canada Anemone</u>	Anemone canadensis
<u>Thimbleflower</u>	<u>Anemone virginiana</u>
Wild Columbine	<u>Aquilegia canadensis</u>
<u>Pale Indiana Plantain</u>	Arnoglossum atriplicifolium
<u>Goatsbeard</u>	Aruncus dioicus
<u>Poke milkweed</u>	<u>Asclepias exaltata</u>
<u>Tall green milkweed</u>	<u>Asclepias hirtella</u>
Swamp or Marsh Milkweed	<u>Asclepias incarnata</u>
Purple milkweed	Asclepias purpurascens
Showy milkweed	<u>Asclepias speciosa</u>
<u>Prairie milkweed</u>	<u>Asclepias sullivantii</u>
<u>Common Milkweed</u>	<u>Asclepias syriaca</u>
Butterflyweed	Asclepias tuberosa
Whorled milkweed	Asclepias verticillata
<u>Spider milkweed</u>	<u>Asclepias virdis</u>
Lindley's Heart-leaved Aster	Aster ciliolatum (Symphyotrichum ciliolatum)
Blue Wood Aster	<u>Aster cordifolius</u>
<u>Heath Aster</u>	Aster ericoides (Symphyotrichum ericoides)
Smooth Aster	<u>Aster laevis</u>
New England Aster	Aster novae-angliae (Symphyotrichum novae-angliae
<u>Aromatic Aster</u>	Aster oblongifolius (Symphyotrichum oblongifolium)
Sky-blue Aster	Aster oolentangiensis (Symphyotrichum oolentangiensis)
Swamp AsterCanada Anemone	Aster puniceus (Symphyotrichum puniceum)Anemone canadensis
Short's Aster	Aster shortii (Symphyotrichum shortii)
<u>Flat-topped Aster</u>	<u>Aster umbellatus (Doellingeria umbellata)</u>

Common Name	Scientific Name
False White indigo	<u>Baptisia alba</u>
<u>False Blue Indigo</u>	<u>Baptisia australis</u>
<u>False Yellow Indigo</u>	Baptisia tinctoria
Downy wood mint	<u>Blephilia ciliata</u>
<u>Hairy wood mint</u> <u>False chamomile or false aster</u> Columbine	<u>Blephilia hirsuta</u> <u>Boltonia asteroides</u> A quilegia canadensis
<u>Clustered poppy mallow</u>	<u>Callirhoe triangulata</u>
<u>Marsh marigold</u>	<u>Caltha palustris</u>
<u>Tall bellflower</u>	<u>Campanula americana</u>
White turtlehead	<u>Chelone glabra</u>
Pink Turtlehead	<u>Chelone obliqua</u>
Black cohosh	<u>Cimicifuga racemosa</u>
Lance-leaved coreopsis	<u>Coreopsis lanceolata</u>
<u>Prairie coreopsis</u> <u>Tall Coreopsis</u>	<u>Coreopsis palmata</u> <u>Coreopsis tripteris</u>
White prairie clover	<u>Dalea candida</u>
Purple prairie clover	<u>Dalea purpureum</u>
<u>Larkspur</u>	<u>Delphinium tricorne</u>
Pale purple coneflower	<u>Echinacea pallida</u>
Purple coneflower	Echinacea purpurea
Rattlesnake master	Eryngium yuccifolium
<u>Common boneset</u>	Eupatorium perfoliatum
Flowering spurge	<u>Euphorbia corollata</u>
<u>Grass-leaved goldenrod</u>	<u>Euthamia graminifolia</u>
Hollow Joe-Pye weed	Eutrochium fistulosum (syn. Eupatorium fistulosum)
	Eurtochium maculatum (syn. Eupatorium maculatum)
Spotted-Joe-Pyeweed	Eutrochium purpureum (syn. Eupatorium purpureum)
Purple Joe-Pye weed	<u>Filipendula rubra</u>
<u>Queen of the prairie</u> <u>Bottle Gentian</u>	<u>Gentiana andrewsii</u>
Wild Geranium Swamp or Marsh Milkweed	Geranium maculatum Asclepias incarnata

Bold text indicates evergreen species

Common Name	Scientific Name
<u>Autumn Sneezeweed</u>	<u>Helenium autumnale</u>
Woodland Sunflower	<u>Helianthus divaricatus</u>
Downy Sunflower	<u>Helianthus mollis</u>
Western Sunflower	Helianthus occidentalis
Stiff or Prairie Sunflower	Helianthus pauciflorus
False Sunflower	<u>Heliopsis helianthoides</u>
American alumroot	<u>Heuchera americana</u>
Prairie Alumroot	<u>Heuchera richardsonii</u>
Rose Mallow	<u>Hibiscus laevis</u>
Swamp Rose Mallow	Hibiscus moschuetos
Owarf Crested Iris	<u>Iris cristata</u>
Blue Flag Iris	<u>Iris virginica</u>
<u>/iolet Lespedeza Common Milkweed</u>	<u>Lespedeza violacea Asclepias syriaca</u>
Rough Blazingstar	<u>Liatris aspera</u>
Owarf BlazingstarButterflyweed	Liatris microcephala Asclepias tuberosa
Prairie Blazing Star	<u>Liatris pycnostachya</u>
Northern BlazingstarSmooth Aster	<u>Liatris scariosa</u> A ster laevis
Dense Blazingstar, Spiked BlazingstarShort's Aster	<u>Liatris spicata Aster shortii</u>
Cardinal Flower	Lobelia cardinalis
Downy Lobelia False Blue Indigo	<u>Lobelia puberula</u> Baptisia australis
<u> Great Blue Lobelia Tall Coreopsis</u>	Lobelia siphilitica Coreopsis tripteris
<u>/irginia Bluebells </u>	Mertensia virginica Delphinium tricorne
Bergamot or Bee-balm Purple Coneflower	Monarda fistulosa Echinacea purpurea
Purple Prairie Clover Spotted-Joe-Pye-Weed	Petalostemum purpureum Eupatorium maculatum
Blue Phlox, Woodland Phlox Wild Geranium	Phlox divaricata Geranium maculatum
ummer Phlox, Tall Phlox Autumn Sneezeweed	Phlox paniculata Helenium autumnale
Obedient Plant	Physostegia virginiana
acob's Ladder	Polemonium reptans
olomon's Seal	Polygonatum biflorum
Prairie Cinquefoil	Potentilla arguta
Hoary Mountain Mint	Pycnanthemum incanum
Hairy Mountain Mint	Pycnanthemum pilosum
Narrow-leaved Mountain Mint Virginia Mountain MintStiff or Prairie Sunflower	Pycnanthemum tenuifolium Pycnanthemum virginianum Helianthus pauciflorus

Bloomington, Indiana – Unified Development Ordinance Effective Date: April 18, 2020 Last Amended Date: January 30, 2023

Table 04-1516: Permitted Herbaceous (Forb) Flowering Perennial Plant Species

Bold text indicates evergreen species	
Common Name	Scientific Name
Pinnate Prairie ConeflowerFalse Sunflower	Ratibida pinnata Heliopsis helianthoides
Orange Coneflower Violet Lespedeza	Rudbeckia fulgida Lespedeza violacea
Rough Blazing Star	Liatris aspera
Green-Headed Coneflower Prairie Blazing Star	<u>Rudbeckia laciniata</u> Liatris pycnostachya
<u>Sweet Susan Coneflower</u>	<u>Rudbeckia subtomentosa</u>
<u>Wild Petunia</u>	<u>Ruellia humulis</u>
Blue Sage	Salvia azurea
<u>Lyre-leaved Sage</u>	<u>Salvia lyrata</u>
<u>Late-flowering Figwort</u>	Scrophularia marilandica
<u>Downey Skullcap</u>	<u>Scutellaria incana</u>
Heart-leaved Scullcap	<u>Scutellaria ovata</u>
Wild Stonecrop	<u>Sedum ternatum</u>
Wild Senna	Senna hebecarpa
Maryland Senna	Senna manilandica
Royal Catchfly	<u>Silene regia</u>
<u>Fire Pink</u>	<u>Silene virginica</u>
Rosinweed	Silphium integrifolium
Compass Plant	<u>Silphium laciniatum</u>
<u>Cup Plant</u>	<u>Silphium perfoliatum</u>
<u>Cutleaf Prairie Dock</u>	<u>Silphium pinnatifidum</u>
<u>Prairie Dock</u>	Silphium terebinthinaceum
Whorled Rosinweed	Silphium trifoliatum
Blue-eyed Grass	Sisyrinchium angustifolium
Solomon's PlumeDense Blazing Star	<u>Smilacina racemosa</u> Liatrus spicata
Cardinal Flower	Lobelia cardinalis
Blue-stemmed Goldenrod	<u>Solidago caesia</u>
Zig-zag Goldenrod	<u>Solidago flexicaulis</u>
Tall Goldenrod	<u>Solidago gigantean</u>
Early Goldenrod Great Blue Lobelia	<u>Solidago juncea</u> Lobelia siphilitica
Grey Goldenrod	Solidago nemoralis
Swamp Goldenrod	Soldago patula
Stiff Goldenrod	Solidago rigida

Rold	tovt	indicates	evergreen	cnacias
DOIG	lext	mulcales	evergreen	species

Common Name	Scientific Name
Rough-leaved Goldenrod	<u>Solidago rugosa</u>
Showy Goldenrod	<u>Solidago speciosa</u>
Indian PinkVirginia Bluebells	Spigelia marilandicaMertensia virginica
Bergamot or Bee-balm	Monarda fistulosa
Purple Prairie Clover	Petalostemum purpureum
<u>Celandine Poppy Blue Phlox</u>	<u>Stylophorum diphyllum Phlox divaricata</u>
<u>Ohio Spiderwort</u>	<u>Tradescantia ohiensis</u>
<u>Virginia Spiderwort</u>	Tradescantia virginiana
Bellwort or Merrybells	<u>Uvularia grandiflora</u>
Blue Vervain	<u>Verbena hastata</u>
Hoary Vervain	<u>Verbena stricta</u>
Yellow Wingstem	<u>Verbesina alternifolia</u>
Smooth Ironweed	<u>Vernonia fasiculata</u>
Missouri Ironweed	Vernonia missuricaPhlox paniculata
Summer Phlox	
Culver's Root	Veronicastrum virainicum
<u>Culver's Root</u> Golden Alexander Obedient Plant	<u>Veronicastrum virginicum</u> Zizia aurea Physostegia virginiana
Culver's Root Golden AlexanderObedient Plant Yellow Coneflower	<u>Veronicastrum virginicum</u> <u>Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana</u> Ratibida pinnata
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower	<u>Zizia aurea</u> Physostegia virginiana
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower	<u>Zizia aurea</u> Physostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower	<u>Zizia aurea</u> Physostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan	<u>Zizia aurea</u> Physostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa Solidago rigida
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower Sweet Coneflower	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa Solidago rigida
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower Sweet Coneflower Stiff Goldenrod Blue-stemmed Goldenrod	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower Sweet Coneflower Stiff Goldenrod Blue-stemmed Goldenrod Grey Goldenrod	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa Solidago rigida Solidago nemoralis Silene regia
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower Sweet Coneflower Stiff Goldenrod Blue-stemmed Goldenrod Grey Goldenrod Royal Catchfly Fire Pink	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa Solidago rigida Solidago caesia Solidago nemoralis Silene regia
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower Sweet Coneflower Stiff Goldenrod Blue-stemmed Goldenrod Grey Goldenrod Royal Catchfly	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa Solidago rigida Solidago caesia Solidago nemoralis Silene regia Silene virginica Stylophorum diphyllum
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower Sweet Coneflower Stiff Goldenrod Blue-stemmed Goldenrod Grey Goldenrod Royal Catchfly Fire Pink	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa Solidago rigida Solidago caesia Solidago nemoralis Silene regia Silene virginica Stylophorum diphyllum Symphoricarpos orbiculatus
Golden Alexander Obedient Plant Yellow Coneflower Orange Coneflower Black-Eyed-Susan Green-Headed Coneflower Sweet Coneflower Stiff Goldenrod Blue-stemmed Goldenrod Grey Goldenrod Royal Catchfly Fire Pink Celandine Poppy	Zizia aureaPhysostegia virginiana Ratibida pinnata Redbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia hirta Rudbeckia laciniata Rudbeckia subtomentosa Solidago rigida Solidago caesia Solidago nemoralis Silene regia Silene virginica Stylophorum diphyllum

Ground Covers

Bold text indicates evergreen species

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Canada Anemone	Anemone canadensis	
<u>Pussytoes</u>	Antennaria plantaginifolia	
Wild Ginger	<u>Asarum canadense</u>	
Purple poppy malowCanada Anemone	<u>Callirhoe involucrate</u>	
	Anemone canadensis	
Wild Ginger	Asarum canadense	
Common Oak Sedge or Pennsylvania Sedge	<u>Carex pensylvanica</u>	
Palm Sedge	Carex muskingumensis	
Common Oak Sedge	Carex pensylvanica	
Wild Strawberry Running Strawberry Bush	<u>Fragaria virginiana Euonymus obovatus</u>	
<u>Dwarf Crested Iris</u> Wild Strawberry	<u>Iris cristata</u> Fragaria virginiana	
Creeping Juniper	Juniperus horizontalis	
<u>Golden Ragwort</u>	<u>Packera aurea</u>	
Roundleaf Ragwort Dwarf Crested Iris	Packera obovatalris cristata	
Cleft Phlox	Phlox bifida	
<u>Creeping Phlox </u>	<u>Phlox subulata</u> Juniperus horizontalis	
Partridge Berry Creeping Phlox	<u>Mitchella repens Phlox subulata</u>	
<u>Wild Stonecrop Partridge Berry</u>	<u>Sedum ternatum Mitchella repens</u>	
<u>Violet</u> Wild Stonecrop	<u>Viola sororia</u> Sedum ternatum	
Foam Flower	Tiarella cordifolia	
Vines		
Wooly Douchman's Pipe	Aristolochia tomentosa	
Crossvine	Bignonia capreolata	
Trumpet Creeper	Campsis radicans	
Virgin's Bower (native clematis)	Clematis virginiana	
Virginia Creeper	Parthenocissus quinquefolia	
<u>Yellow Passionflower</u>	<u>Passiflora lutea</u>	
Ferns		
Maidenhair Fern	Adiantum pedatum	
Lady Fern	Athyrium filix-femina	
Giant Wood Fern or Goldie's Fern	Dryopteris goldiana	
Evergreen Shield Fern	Dryopteris marginalis	
Ostrich Fern	Matteuccia struthiopteris	
Sensitive Fern	<u>Onoclea sensibilis</u>	
Cinnamon Fern	Osmunda cinnamomea	
Royal Fern	<u>Osunda regalis</u>	
Christmas Fern	Polystichum acrostichoides	

Bloomington, Indiana – Unified Development Ordinance Effective Date: April 18, 2020

Last Amended Date: January 30, 2023

Common Name	Scientific Name	
<u>Graminoids</u> Grasses		
Big Bluestem	Andropogon gerardii	
<u>Broomsedge</u>	Andropogon virginicus	
<u>Side-Oats Gramma</u>	<u>Bouteloua curtipendula</u>	
<u>Oak Sedge</u>	<u>Carex albicans</u>	
<u>Yellow Fox Sedge</u>	<u>Carex annectens</u>	
<u>Appalacian Sedge</u>	<u>Carex appalachia</u>	
<u>Plains Oval Sedge</u>	<u>Carex brevior</u>	
<u>Fringed Sedge</u>	<u>Carex crinita</u>	
<u>Crested Sedge</u>	<u>Carex cristatella</u>	
Blue Wood Sedge	<u>Carex flaccosperma</u>	
<u>Gray's Sedge</u>	<u>Carex grayii</u>	
Hop Sedge	<u>Carex lupulina</u>	
<u>Palm Sedge</u>	<u>Carex muskingumensis</u>	
Pennsylvania Sedge	<u>Carex pensylvanica</u>	
Seersucker Sedge	<u>Carex plantanginea</u>	
Eastern Star Sedge or Straight-Styled Wood Sedge	<u>Carex radiata</u>	
Lanced-fruited, or Broom Sedge	<u>Carex scoparia</u>	
Short's Sedge	<u>Carex shortiana</u>	
Brown Fox SedgeBig Bluestem	<u>Carex vulpinoidea</u> Andropogon gerardii	
ndian Seaoats or River Oats	<u>Chasmanthium latifolium</u>	
Tufted Hair Grass	<u>Deschampsia caespitosa</u>	
Canada Wild RyeSide-Oats Gramma	Elymus canadensis Bouteloua curtipendula	
Bottlebrush Grass	Elymus hystrix Elymus villosus Chasmanthium latifolium	
<u>Silky Wild ryeIndian Seaoats</u> Virginia Wild Rye	Elymus virginicus	
Purple Love Grass	<u>Eragrostis spectabilis</u>	
<u>Soft Rush</u> Torrey's Rush Bottlebrush Grass	<u>Juncus effuses</u> Juncus torreyi <mark>Elymus hystrix</mark>	
Virginia Wild Rye	Elymus virginicus	
<u>Switchgrass</u>	Panicum virgatum	
June Grass	Koeleria macrantha	
Little Bluestem	<u>Schizachyrium scoparium</u>	

Bold text indicates evergreen species

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Dark Green Bulrush	Scirpus atrovirens	
<u>Woolgrass</u>	Scirpus cyperinus	
Georgia Bulrush	<u>Scirpus georgianus</u>	
<u>Indian grass</u>	Sorghastrum nutans, syn. Andropogon nutans	
Prairie CordgrassSwitch Grass	Spartina pectinata Panicum virgatum	
Prairie Dropseed Little Bluestem	Sporobulus heterolepsis Schizachyrium scoparium	
Prairie Dropseed	Sporobulus heterolepsis	

(e) Prohibited Plant Species

Species identified in <u>Table 04-18</u>: <u>Prohibited Plant Species</u> are considered unacceptable and shall not be planted because of invasive characteristics, weak wood, and/or abundant litter.

Table 04-1817: Prohibited Plant Species

 \pm^{\pm} = Indiana State-listed noxious weeds (USDA, INDNR, &/or State Seed Commissioner IC 15-16-7)

@= Indiana multiflora rose and purple loosestrife restrictions (312 IAC 18-3-13)

= Indiana control of kudzu rule (312 IAC 18-3-16)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Prohibited Invasive Trees	
Hedge Maple	<u>Acer campestre</u>
Amur Maple	<u>Acer ginnala</u>
Norway Maple	<u>Acer platanoides</u>
Sycamore MapleAmur Maple	<u>Acer pseudoplatanus</u> A cer ginnala
<u>Tree-of-Heaven</u>	Ailanthus altissima ^
MimosaNorway Maple	Albizia julibrissin Acer platanoides
Black Alder	Alnus glutinosa ^
Kousa Dogwood	<u>Cornus kousa</u>
Cornelian Cherry Dogwood Tree-of-Heaven	Cornus mas Ailanthus altissima
Russian Olive Black Alder	<u>Elaeagnus angustifolia Alnus glutinosa</u>
Autumn Olive	Elaeagnus umbellata ^
Hardy Rubber TreeRussian Olive	Eucommia ulmoideElaeagnus angustifolia
Glossy Buckthorn	Frangula alnus ^
Golden Raintree	Koelreuteria paniculata
Chinaberry Tree Autumn Olive	<u>Melia azedarachElaeagnus umbellata</u>
White Mulberry Glossy Buckthorn	<u>Morus alba ^</u> Frangula alnus

<u>+</u>* = Indiana State-listed noxious weeds (<u>USDA, INDNR, &/or State Seed Commissioner|C 15-16-7</u>) <u>*</u>+ = Indiana detrimental plants (<u>INDNR|C 15-16-8</u>) ^ = <u>Indiana terrestrial plant rule (312 IAC 18-3-25)</u>

@= Indiana multiflora rose and purple loosestrife restrictions (312 IAC 18-3-13) # = Indiana control of kudzu rule (312 IAC 18-3-16)

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Princess Tree White Mulberry	<u>Paulownia tomentosa</u> Morus alba	
Sawtooth Oak Princess Tree	Quercus acutissima Paulownia tomentosa	
Amur Cork Tree Sawtooth Oak	Phellodendron amurense ^Quercus acutissima	
Callery Pear and all cultivars Amur Cork Tree	Pyrus calleryana Phellodendron amurense	
European or Common Buckthorn and all cultivars Callery Pear and all cultivars	Rhamnus cathartica ^Pyrus calleryana	
Glossy or Smooth Buckthorn and all cultivars European or Common Buckthorn and all cultivars	Rhamnus frangula ^Rhamnus cathartica	
Buckthorn Tallhedge and all cultivars including 'Fineline'Glossy or Smooth Buckthorn and all cultivars	Rhamnus frangula columnaris ^Rhamnus frangula	
Black Locust Buckthorn Tallhedge and all cultivars	Robinia pseudoacacia Rhamnus frangula columnaris	
Siberian Elm	<u>Ulmus pumila ^</u>	
<u>Japanese Zelkova</u> Black Locust	Zelkova serrataRobinia pseudoacacia	
Siberian Elm	Ulmus pumila	
Prohibited Plants with Poor or Nuisance Characteristi	cs	
Box Elder	Acer negundo	
Silver maple	Acer saccharinum	
<u>Ragweed</u>	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	
Giant Ragweed	<u>Ambrosia trifida</u>	
<u>Tropical Milkweed</u>	Asclepias curassavica	
European White Birch	Betula pendula	
Poison Hemlock	Conium maculatum L.	
Ash	Fraxinus species	
Gingko (female only)	Gingko biloba	
Giant Hogweed <u>or Giant Cow Parsnip or Wild Parsnip</u>	Heracleum mantegazziznum	
Rice Cutgrass	Leersia oryzoides	
Flowering Crabapple	Malus	
<u>Heavenly Bamboo</u>	Nandina domestica	
Wild Parsnip	Pastinaca sativa	
American Elm	Ulmus Americana	
Poison Ivy	Toxicodendron radicans	
Poison Sumac	Toxicodendron vernix	
Stinging Nettle	<u>Urtica dioica</u>	
Burning Nettle	<u>Urtica urens</u>	
Prohibited Invasive Herbaceous Perennials and Forbs	1	
Japanese Chaff Flower	Achyranthes japonica ^	

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- @= Indiana multiflora rose and purple loosestrife restrictions (312 IAC 18-3-13)
- # = Indiana control of kudzu rule (312 IAC 18-3-16)

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Wild Garlic and Wild Onion Japanese Chaff Flower	<u>Alliums spp.</u> A chyranthes japonica	
Garlic Mustard	Alliaria petiolata ^	
<u>Smooth Pigweed</u>	<u>Amaranthus hybridus +</u>	
Palmer Amaranth or carelessweed	<u>Amaranthus palmeri +</u>	
Powell Amaranth	<u>Amaranthus powellii +</u>	
Rough Pigweed	<u>Amaranthus retroflexus +</u>	
<u>Common Waterhemp</u> <u>Tall Waterhemp</u> Wild Garlic and Wild Onion	<u>Amaranthus rudis +</u> <u>Amaranthus tuberculatus +</u> <u>Alliums spp.</u> *	
<u>Mugwort</u>	Artemisia vulgaris ^	
<u>Italian Arum</u> <u>Narrowleaf Bittercress</u> Garlic Mustard	<u>Arum italicum</u> <u>Cardamine impatiensAlliaria petiolata</u>	
Spiny Plumeless Thistle Mugwert	<u>Carduus acanthoides ^Artemisia vulgaris</u>	
Cornflower or Bachelor's Button Spiny Plumeless Thistle	Centaurea cyanus Carduus acanthoides	
Russian Knapweed Cornflower or Bachelor's Button	Centaurea repens Centaurea cyanus	
Spotted Knapweed Russian Knapweed	Centaurea stoebe ^Centaurea repens *	
<u>Canada Thistle Spotted Knapweed</u>	<u>Cirsium arvense *+ Centaurea stoebe</u>	
Bull Thistle Canada Thistle	<u>Cirsium vulgare ^Cirsium arvense *+</u>	
<u>Poison Hemlock</u>	Conium maculatum +	
Marestail or Horsetail	Conyza canadensis +	
Queen Anne's LaceBull Thistle	<u>Daucus carota</u> Cirsium vulgare	
Grecian Foxglove Poison Hemlock	<u>Digitalis lanata</u> Conium maculatum	
<u>Teasel</u> <u>Grecian Foxglove</u>	<u>Dipsacus fullonum ssp. sylvestris ^Digitalis lanata</u>	
<u>Cutleaf Teasel</u> Teasel	<u>Dipsacus lacinatus ^Dipsacus fullonum ssp. Sylvestris</u>	
<u>Leafy Spurge Cutleaf Teasel</u>	Euphorbia virgata ^Dipsacus lacinatum	
Mulberry weed, Hairy Crabweed Giant HogweedLeafy Spurge	<u>Fatoua villosa</u> Heracleum mantegazzianum Euphorbia virgata	
Dame's Rocket Giant Hogweed	Hesperis matronalis ^ Fallopia japonica	
Meadow Fleabane or British Yellowhead	<u>Inula britannica</u>	
Korean Lespedeza	Kummerowia stipulacea	
Striate Lespedeza Dame's Rocket	<u>Kummerowia striataHesperis matronalis</u>	
Perennial Peppergrass Meadow Fleabane or British Yellowhead	<u>Lepidium draba ^Inula britannica</u>	
Pepperweed Perennial Peppergrass	<u>Lepidium latifolium ^Lepidium draba *</u>	

<u>+</u>* = Indiana State-listed noxious weeds (<u>USDA, INDNR, &/or State Seed CommissionerIC 15-16-7</u>) <u>*</u>+ = Indiana detrimental plants (<u>INDNRIC 15-16-8</u>) ^ = Indiana terrestrial plant rule (312 IAC 18-3-25)

@= Indiana multiflora rose and purple loosestrife restrictions (312 IAC 18-3-13) # = Indiana control of kudzu rule (312 IAC 18-3-16)

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Bicolar Lespedeza Pepperweed	<u>Lespedeza bicolor</u> Lepidium latifolium	
Sericea Lespedeza Bicolar Lespedesza	<u>Lespedeza cuneata ^Lespedesza cuneata</u>	
Purple Loosestrife Sericea Lespedeza	<u>Lythrum salicaria @Lespedeza cuneata</u>	
White Sweet Clover	<u>Melilotus alba</u>	
Yellow Sweet CloverPurple Loosestrife	Melilotus officinalisLythrum salicaria *	
<u>Star of Bethlehem</u> Sweet Clover	<u>Ornithogalum umbellatum Melilotus alba, M. offici</u>	
<u>Lesser Celandine</u>	<u>Ranunculus ficaria</u>	
Beefsteak PlantStar of Bethlehem	Perilla frutescensOrnithogalum umbellatum	
Japanese Knotweed Lesser Celandine	Polygonum cuspidatum, Reynoutria japonica, Fallopio japonica ^Ranunculus ficaria	
Giant Knotweed Japanese Knotweed	Reynoutria sachalinensis ^Polygonum cuspidatum	
Bohemian Knotweed	Reynoutria x bohemica ^	
Bouncing BetGiant Knotweed	Saponaria officinalisReynoutria sachalinensis	
Perennial Sowthistle	Sonchus arvensis	
Spreading Hedge Parsley	Torilis arvensis	
Japanese Hedge ParsleyBohemian Knotweed	Torilis japonicaReynoutria x bohemica	
Black Swallow-Wort Perennial Sowthistle	Vincetoxicum nigrum ^Sonchus arvensis *	
Pale Swallow-Wort Black Swallow-wort	Vincetoxicum rossicum ^Vincetoxicum nigrum	
Pale Swallow-wort	Vincetoxicum rossicum	
Prohibited Invasive Graminoidssses		
<u>Quackgrass</u>	Agropyron repens	
Giant Reed Quackgrass	Arundo donax Agropyron repens *	
Small Carpgrass Giant Reed	<u>Arthraxon hispidus ^Arundo donax</u>	
Smooth Brome Small Carpgrass	Bromus inermis Arthraxon hispidus	
Tall Fescue and all cultivars	Festuca elatior	
Cogon grass, Japanese Blood GrassSmooth Brome	Imperata cylindricaBromus inermis	
Japanese Stiltgrass Tall Fescue and all cultivars	Microstegium vimineum ^ Festuca elatior	
Maiden Grass Japanese Stiltgrass	Miscanthus sinensis Microstegium vimineum	
Reed Canary Grass Maiden Grass	Phalaris arundinacea ^Miscanthus sinensis	
Common Reed Grass	Phragmites australis ^	
Ravenna Grass	Saccharum ravennae	
Tall FescueReed Canary Grass	Schedonorus arundinaceus Phalaris arundinacea	
Columbus Grass Common Reed Grass	Sorghum x almum Parodi *+Phragmites australis	
<u>Shattercane Columbus Grass</u>	<u>Sorghum bicolor *+ Sorghum almun Parodi *</u>	
Johnson Grass or Sorghum Almum Shattercane	Sorghum halepense *+ Sorghum bicolor *+	

Bloomington, Indiana – Unified Development Ordinance Effective Date: April 18, 2020 Last Amended Date: January 30, 2023

20.04.080 Landscaping, Buffering, and Fences

Table 04-1817: Prohibited Plant Species

- <u>+</u>* = Indiana State-listed noxious weeds (<u>USDA, INDNR, &/or State Seed Commissioner|C 15-16-7</u>) <u>*</u>+ = Indiana detrimental plants (<u>INDNR|C 15-16-8</u>) ^ = Indiana terrestrial plant rule (312 IAC 18-3-25)
- @= Indiana multiflora rose and purple loosestrife restrictions (312 IAC 18-3-13)
- # = Indiana control of kudzu rule (312 IAC 18-3-16)

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Yellow Groove Bamboo Johnson Grass or Sorghum	Phyllostachys aureosulcata_Sorghum halepense *+	
Almum Yellow Groove Bamboo	Phyllostachys aureosulcata	
Prohibited Invasive Vines and Groundcovers	, ry tostacrys dureosateut	
Porcelain Berry	Ampelopsis brevipeduculata	
Oriental Bittersweet	Celastrus orbiculatus ^	
Asiatic Bittersweet Oriental Bittersweet	Celastrus scandens Celastrus orbiculatus	
Sweet Autumn Clematis Asiatic Bittersweet	<u>Clematis terniflora Celastrus scandens</u>	
Field Bindweed Sweet Autumn Clematis	Convolvulus arvensis ^Clematis terniflora	
Crown Vetch Field Bindweed	Coronilla varia ^ Convolvulus arvensis *	
Black Swallow-Wort Crown Vetch	Cynanchum nigrum, syn. Vincetoxicum nigrum	
	^Coronilla varia	
Pale Swallow-Wort Black Swallow-Wort	<u>Cynanchum rossicum ^Cynanchum nigrum, syn.</u> Vincetoxicum nigrum	
Potato Vine Pale Swallow-Wort	<u>Dioscorea batatas Cynanchum rossicum</u>	
<u>Chinese Yam Potato Vine</u>	<u>Dioscora oppositifolia ^Dioscorea batatas</u>	
Purple Winter Creeper Chinese Yam	<u>Euonymus fortunei ^Dioscora oppositifolia</u>	
Creeping Charlie Purple Winter Creeper	Glechoma hederacea Euonymus fortunei	
English Ivy Creeping Charlie	<u>Hedera helix Glechoma hederacea</u>	
Japanese Hops	<u>Humulus japonicus ^</u>	
<u>Yellow Archangel</u> E nglish Ivy	<u>Lamium galeobdolom</u> Hedera helix	
<u>Japanese Honeysuckle</u> Japanese Hops	Lonicera japonica ^Humulus japonicus	
<u>Creeping Jenny or Moneywort Japanese Honeysuckle</u>	<u>Lysimachia nummularia </u> Lonicera japonica	
Mile-A-Minute Weed or Mile-A-Minute VineCreeping	Polygonum perfoliatum ^, Persicania perfoliata	
Jenny or Moneywort	<u>^Lysimachia nummularia</u>	
Kudzu Mile-A-Minute Weed	Pueraria montana lobata #Polygonum perfoliatum	
<u>Bur Cucumber</u>	Sicyos angulatus *+	
<u>Vetch</u> Kudzu	<u>Viccia cracca</u> Pueraria montana lobata	
Periwinkle or Myrtle Bur Cucumber	<u>Vinca minor Sicyos angulatus *+</u>	
<u>Wisteria</u> Periwinkle or Myrtle	<u>Wisteria sinensis Vinca minor</u>	
Wisteria	Wisteria sinensis	
Prohibited Invasive Shrubs	Court	
Black Alder	<u>Alnus glutinosa ^</u>	
<u>Japanese Barberry _{Black} Alder</u>	<u>Berberis thunbergii ^Alnus glutinosa</u>	
Butterfly Bush Japanese Barberry Buddleia davidii Berberis thunbergii		
	<u>Euonymus alatus Buddleia davidii</u>	

- ±* = Indiana State-listed noxious weeds (USDA, INDNR, &/or State Seed Commissioner IC 15-16-7)
- <u>*</u>+ = Indiana detrimental plants (INDNRIC 15-16-8) ^ = Indiana terrestrial plant rule (312 IAC 18-3-25)

@= Indiana multiflora rose and purple loosestrife restrictions (312 IAC 18-3-13)

= Indiana control of kudzu rule (312 IAC 18-3-16)

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Blunt-Leaved Privet Burning Bush	<u>Ligustrum obusifolium ^Euonymus alatus</u>	
Common Privet Blunt-leaved Privet	<u>Ligustrum vulgare ^Ligustrum obusifolium</u>	
Bush or Amur Honeysuckle Common Privet	<u>Lonicera maackii ^tigustrum vulgare</u>	
Morrow's Honeysuckle Bush or Amur Honeysuckle	<u>Lonicera morowii ^Lonicera maackii</u>	
<u>Tatarian Honeysuckle</u>	<u>Lonicera tatarica ^</u> Lonicera morowii	
Bell's Honeysuckle	Lonicera x bella ^	
<u>Heavenly Bamboo, Sacred bamboo</u> Tatarian Honeysuckle	Nandina domesticaLonicera tatarica	
<u>Jetbead</u>	Rhodotypos scandens ^	
Bristly LocustBell's Honeysuckle	Robinia hispida Lonicera x bella	
<u>Multiflora Rose</u> Jetbead	Rosa multiflora @ Rhodotypos scandens	
<u>Wineberry</u> Multiflora Rose	Rubus phoenicolasius Rosa multiflora *	
Japanese Spirea or Japanese MeadowsweetWinberry	<u>Spiraea japonica Rubus phoenicolasius</u>	
Atlantic Poison Oak Japanese Spirea	<u>Toxicodendron pubescens, syn. Rhus pubescens Spiraea</u> japonica	
<u>European Highbush Cranberry Atlantic Poison Oak</u>	Viburnum opulus var. opulus Toxicodendron pubescens, syn. Rhus pubescens	
Poison Sumac	Toxicodendron vernix, syn Rhus vernix	
European Highbush Cranberry	Viburnum opulus v. opulus	

Street Trees

(1) Number

The minimum number of required street trees to be planted shall be one large canopy tree for every 30 feet of property that abuts a public right-of-way. If medium or small trees are allowed, two medium or small trees can be substituted for each large canopy tree. A minimum of one canopy tree shall be planted per 40 feet of property that abuts a public right-of-way or 20 feet for small trees under overhead utility lines.

(2) Type

Street tree species shall be subject to approval by the City's Urban Forester based on hardiness, seasonal appearance, and contribution to shading and cooling.

(3) Location

(A) Freeway/Expressway

Street trees along a limited-access highway shall be planted within 15 feet of the property line that abuts the limited-access highway. No trees shall be planted in the right-of-way.

(B) Arterial, Collector, Local or Private Street

Street trees along an arterial, collector, local, or private street shall be planted in a minimum five-foot wide tree plot between the sidewalk and the curb. If a tree plot is not available, then the street trees shall be planted within the front yard immediately adjacent to the street. Street trees planted within the front yard shall not count towards other landscaping requirements.

(C) Proximity of Adjacent Street TreesSeparation

The spacing between adjacent street trees shall be no less than 10 feet from the center of one tree to the next and no more than 40 feet. Street trees shall be planted no more than 30 feet apart, from the center of one tree to the next, except that street trees with separation exceeding 30 feet may be approved by the Planning and Transportation Department because of site constraints, such as utility or driveway location.

(D) Tree Grates

Street trees may be planted in a minimum five foot by five-foot tree pit covered with an ADA compliant cast iron grate to maintain a flush grade with adjacent sidewalks.

(E) Planting

All street trees shall be planted, stabilized, and mulched according to this UDO and the Administrative Manual.

(E)(F)____Vision Clearance

- i. Street trees shall be planted outside the vision clearance triangle as defined in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Connectivity
- ii. Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property.
- iii.i. <u>Vision Clearance Triangle</u>), <u>Street trees shall be planted outside the vision clearance triangle</u>, <u>as defined in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle)</u>, or within that portion of the vision clearance triangle behind the sidewalk.
- iv.ii. Low-branching species shall not be allowed within 50 feet of an intersection.
- <u>₩.iii.</u> Locations for street trees within 50 feet of an intersection shall be approved by the City Engineering Department.
- Street trees shall be located a minimum of 10 feet from a driveway cut, traffic control sign, or streetlight, and a minimum of three feet from a fire hydrant.

(4) MD District

(A) Generally

Street trees shall be planted in a minimum five foot by five-foot tree pit covered with an ADA compliant cast iron grate to maintain a flush grade with adjacent sidewalks, subject to approval by the Transportation and Traffic Engineer.

(B) Alternatives

The following street tree planting methods may be used in lieu of the five foot by five-foot grate, subject to approval by the Transportation and Traffic Engineer.

- i. Street trees may be planted in a minimum five-foot-wide grassed tree plot area; or
- ii. Street trees may be planted in a large curbed planting area.

(3) Buffer Yard Types

Required buffer yards shall be installed according to the following standards:

Buffer Yard	Buffer Type		
Treatment	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3
Minimum <u>width</u> setback [1]	10 feet	15 feet	20 feet
Deciduous trees	1 tree every 30 linear feet	1 tree every 25 linear feet	1 tree every 20 linear feet
Evergreen trees	No requirement	2 trees every 25 linear feet	(see below)
Other	No requirement	No requirement	Any one of the following: 1 evergreen tree every 10 linear feet; or A 6-foot opaque fence; or A stone/brick wall; or A 5-foot tall undulating bern

Notes:

[1] The buffer yard setback is measured from the property line along the boundary between the subject and adjoining properties, and shall be provided in addition to the required building and parking setbacks required by this UDO.

(4) Buffer Yard Requirements

Buffer yards shall be required by the developing use pursuant to Table 04-19: Required Buffer Yards.

Table 04-20: Required Buffer Yards									
Developing Site	Adjacent Zoning District								
	R1/R2/R3/R4	<u>RMH</u>	RM/RH	MS	MN	MD	MM/MC	ME/MI/MH/EM	
<u>RMH</u>	2								
RM/RH	1	1							
<u>MS</u>	2	2							
MN	1	1							
MD	1	1							
MM/MC	<u>2</u>	2	<u>2</u>	2	2	1			
ME/MI/MH/EM	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	2	2	2	1	1	_	

Notes:

The uses Dwelling, single-family (attached); Dwelling, single-family (detached); Dwelling, duplex; Dwelling, triplex; and Dwelling, fourplex do not have to provide a buffer yard, even if on the 'Developing Site'.

Table 04-19: Required Buffer Yards

	Adjacent-Use Type or Category							
	Single-family detached, duplex, triplex, or fourplex	Multifamily or single-family attached	Mixed-use, commercial, or institutional	Employment				
Single-family detached, duplex, triplex, and fourplex		1	3	3				
Multifamily and single-family attached	1		2	3				

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(j) MD District Landscaping

(1) Interior Plantings

Any areas of a site not covered by a structure, parking lot, or required buffer yard shall be planted with the following:

- (A) A minimum of one canopy tree per 500 square feet. Open areas less than 10 feet in width may substitute ornamental trees for required canopy trees.
- (B) A minimum of eight shrubs per 500 square feet. One ornamental tree may be substituted for every four shrubs; however, substitution shall not exceed 50 percent of the required shrubs.
- (C) Shrubs and ornamental trees along foundation walls of structures shall be planted no closer than two feet and eight feet respectively from the foundation wall.

(2) Parking Lot Perimeter Plantings

See Section 20.04.080(h)(1).

(3) Parking Lot Landscape Bumpouts, Islands, and Endcaps

See Section 20.04.080(h)(2).

(k) Mixed-Use and Nonresidential Landscaping

(1) Interior Plantings

The minimum landscape area on a site, as established in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards) or areas not covered by an impervious surface or required buffer yard shall be planted with the following:

- (A) A minimum of nine large canopy trees, three evergreen trees, and three medium or small canopy trees per acre. A minimum of 75 percent of the required trees shall be canopy trees.
- (B) A minimum of 27 shrubs per acre. One ornamental tree may be substituted for every four shrubs; however, substitution shall not exceed 50 percent of the required shrubs.
- (C) Shrubs and ornamental trees along foundation walls of structures shall be planted no closer than two feet and eight feet respectively from the foundation wall.

(2) Parking Lot Perimeter Plantings

See Section 20.04.080(h)(1).

(I) Vacant Lot Landscaping

(1) Applicability

Except for lots where the primary land use is urban agriculture, vacant lots with frontage on a public street shall be subject to the requirements of this Section 20.04.080(l).

(2) Timing

Landscaping or ground cover shall be installed as required in Section 20.04.080(I)(3) on the lot where demolition activity has occurred within 180 days after the issuance of a demolition permit, unless:

(A) The City Planning and Transportation Department has granted an extension of time due to the need for more time to complete demolition activities or due to the presence of seasonal or inclement weather; or

(C) Through Lots

On through lots where the structure has two front building walls, one frontage shall be considered a secondary front building wall.

- i. Fences and walls along the front setback of the front building wall shall comply with Section 20.04.080(n)(3)(A).
- ii. Fences and walls greater than four feet in height, along the lot frontage of the secondary front building wall, when adjacent to a local street or secondary collector street, shall meet the building setback.
- iii. Fences and walls greater than four feet in height, along the lot frontage of the secondary front building wall, when adjacent to a primary collector street or arterial street, shall be set back at least 10 feet from the property line.
- iv. The portion of fences up to and between the build to line/building setback line and the secondary front building wall that exceed five feet in height, shall, by use of voids and solids via latticework or other similar techniques, be of open construction. This portion of the fence shall be constructed of materials widely accepted in the fence industry for permanent open-topped fencing.
- v. Where no primary structure exists on the parcel, fences and walls shall not exceed four feet in height, except as provided in Subsection (1)(G) above.

(4) Fence and Wall Design

(A) Prohibitions

Except in the EM zoning district, the following shall be prohibited from use as a component of a fence or wall:

- i. Barbed wire;
- ii. Security wire;
- iii. Sharpened top spikes;
- iv. Electrified wires; and
- v. Other similar elements or materials.

(B) Orientation

Fences and walls shall present the nonstructural face outward towards adjacent parcels and any adjacent public right-of-way.

(C) Vision Clearance

i. Fences and walls shall meet all vision clearance standards in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Connectivity

Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property.

Vision Clearance Triangle). Fences and walls shall meet all vision clearance standards in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle).

(3) Roofs

On the roof of a structure, or extending above the eave, roof line or parapet of a building, except that signs may be located on the vertical portion of a mansard roof if no vertical wall space is available on the wall space associated with that tenancy or occupancy below.

(4) Vision Clearance Triangle

Within a vision clearance triangle as specified in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle). Within a vision clearance triangle as specified in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Connectivity

Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property.

Vision Clearance Triangle).

(4)(5) Miscellaneous

On any traffic control signs, highway construction signs, fences, utility poles, street signs, trees or other natural objects.

(g) General Design Standards

Unless otherwise stated in this UDO, the following standards apply to all signs.

(1) Freestanding Signs

All freestanding signs shall comply with the following standards:

(A) Setback

All freestanding signs shall be set back a minimum of two feet from the proposed right-of-way line or outside of the required clear zone of a public sidewalk, whichever is greater, unless specifically approved by the City's Transportation and Traffic Engineer.

(B) Mounting

All freestanding signs shall be permanently affixed to the ground.

(C) Base

Sign bases shall conform to the following standards:

- i. Sign bases shall have an aggregate width of at least 40 percent of the total horizontal width of the sign; or have supports that are less than 25 percent of the vertical height of the sign.
- ii. The base and exposed foundation of all freestanding signs shall be covered with a finished material such as brick, stone, metal, or wood.

(D) Cap

A decorative cap may extend up to 18 inches above the height limit specified in this Section 20.04.100. The decorative cap shall have no identifying text, images, or identifying traits.

(E) Landscaping

- i. For any new freestanding sign, a landscaped area located around the entire base of a freestanding sign is required.
- ii. The landscaped area shall contain materials consisting of shrubs, spread no greater than three feet on center, and densely planted perennial ground cover.
- iii. The landscaped area shall be greater than or equal to the freestanding sign face area.

- (D) Temporary signs shall not exceed 16 square feet in area per side;
- (E) Freestanding temporary signs shall not exceed six feet in height; and
- (F) External illumination of temporary signs is prohibited.
- (G) Display of temporary signs shall be permitted for a maximum of three periods of up to 30 days per period, per calendar year. These permitted periods may be combined into one or two periods per year provided that the total display period does not exceed 90 days.

(j) MS, MM, MC, ME, MI, MH, EM, and PO District Sign Standards

(1) Applicability

This sign standards section applies to the MS, MM, MC, ME, MI, MH, EM, and PO zoning districts.

(2) Wall Signs

The following standards shall apply to wall signs for individual uses or tenants within a multi-tenant center:

(A) Allowance

i. Individual Nonresidential Uses

The cumulative square footage of all wall signs shall not exceed one and one-half square feet per lineal foot of primary facade facing a public or private street.

ii. Multi-tenant Nonresidential Center

The cumulative square footage of all wall signs for any individual tenant shall not exceed one and one-half square feet per lineal foot of the tenant's facade width facing either a public or private street or facing a parking area if no street frontage is adjacent. For purposes of this Section 20.04.100(j), only one facade of the building may be used to measure the sign allowance, with the exception of corner locations in multi-tenant buildings, which shall be permitted to use the side facade as additional facade width.

iii. Size Limits

No use shall be limited to less than 30 square feet of wall signage. Uses with less than 200,000 square feet of building area shall not be permitted to exceed 300 square feet of wall signage. Uses with 200,000 square feet or more of building area shall not be permitted to exceed 400 square feet of wall signage.

(B) Maximum Projection

Except an awning sign, no part of a wall sign shall project more than 12 inches from the wall or face of the building to which it is attached.

(C) Location

Wall signs for individual tenants within a multi-tenant nonresidential center shall be located on a wall of the tenant's lease space.

(D) Multi-tenant Nonresidential Centers

In addition to other wall signs permitted in this Section 20.04.100(j)(2), multi-tenant nonresidential centers shall be permitted a single wall sign not exceeding 20 square feet in area.

vii. Signs shall not be placed within the right-of-way of the B-Line Trail. Sandwich board signs for properties with frontage along the trail shall be placed within the setback between the building and the trail right-of-way.

20.04.110 Incentives

(a) Applicability

These affordable housing and sustainable development incentives are available to all development, except for Student Housing or Dormitory projects located in the MD zoning district.

(b) General Standards

The following standards apply to all projects seeking the affordable housing or sustainable development incentives in this Section 20.04.110.

(1) Neighborhood Transition Standards

- (A) All projects abutting a property in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning district shall comply with the neighborhood transition standards established in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards Neighborhood Transition Standards).
- (B) Where a primary structure's maximum height incentive is in conflict with the neighborhood transition standards established in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards Neighborhood Transition Standards), the neighborhood transition standards shall govern. The petitioner may request relief from the neighborhood transition standards in accordance with the development standards variance procedure pursuant to Section 20.06.080(b) (Variance).

(2) Waiver of Fees

- (A) When a petition qualifies for one or more of the incentives in this Section 20.04.110, filing fees for the Plan Commission and/or Board of Zoning Appeals shall be waived.
- (B) When a petition that qualifies for one or more of the incentives in this Section 20.04.110 has been approved by the decision-making body:
 - i. Fees associated with right-of-way excavation permits for the project shall be waived; and
 - ii. Sewer hook-on fees for the project may be waived or reduced by the utilities service board.

(3) Administration

- (A) A petition for these development incentives shall be included with a petition for development approval.
- (B) Projects that qualify for the affordable housing incentive and/or the sustainable development incentive established in Section 20.04.110: (Incentives), shall have the site plan portion of the petition processed as a minor (rather than major) site plan, except when the project is adjacent to a lot in the R1, R2, R3, or R4 zoning districts or contains more than 50 dwelling units.
- (C) Staff shall determine if the project is eligible to receive incentives and if it satisfies the criteria established in this Section 20.04.110.

ii. Tier 1 Projects

Projects that meet the Tier 1 affordability standards may increase the primary structure height by one floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet, beyond the maximum primary structure height established for the zoning district where the project is located, as identified in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards).

iii. Tier 2 Projects

Projects that meet the Tier 2 affordability standards may increase the primary structure height by two floors of building height, not to exceed 24 feet, beyond the maximum primary structure height established for the zoning district where the project is located, as identified in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards).

iv. Sustainable Development Bonus

- 1. Tier 1 Projects: Projects that are eligible for increased primary structure height for affordable housing and sustainable development shall be eligible for one additional floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet.
- 2. Tier 2 Projects: Projects that are eligible for increased primary structure height for affordable housing and sustainable development shall be eligible for one additional floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet. The additional floor of building height granted under this subsection (iv)(2) shall be limited to 50 percent of the building footprint area of primary structure, and that additional floor shall be set back at least 10 feet further thanthat the lower floors of the building.

(6) Other Standards

The following standards shall apply to all affordable housing projects seeking incentives under this section 20.04.110(c).

(A) Agreement Required

Petitioners shall enter into an affordable housing program or agreement administered by the federal, state, or local governments, or an organization approved by those governments to ensure that no person shall sell, rent, purchase, or lease an affordable housing unit created pursuant to this Section 20.04.110(c)(5) except to income-eligible households and in compliance with the provisions of this section.

(B) Advertising Requirement

Proof that the income eligible units will be marketed and leased similar to the market-rate units is required before occupancy can be issued.

(C) Location

i. All affordable units constructed or rehabilitated under this Section 20.04.110(c)(5) shall be located either on site or within 1,320 feet of the project site. Required affordable dwelling units shall not be located in less desirable locations than market-rate units and shall not, on average, be less accessible to public amenities, such as open space, than the market rate units.

Table 04-2120: Minimum Solar Reflectance Index (SRI)

	Slope	Initial SRI	Aged SRI
Low-sloped roof	≤ 2:12	82	64
Steep-sloped roof	> 2:12	39	32

3. Vegetated Roof

Install a vegetated roof on at least 70 percent of the total roof surface using native or adapted plant species. Vegetated roofing shall comply with ASTM E2400-06: Standard Guide for Selection, Installation, and Maintenance of Plants for Green Roof Systems.

4. Combination Roof

Install a combination solar energy, cool roof and vegetated roof, with each portion meeting the applicable standards in subsections 1, 2, and 3 above, and together covering at least 70 percent of the roof surface.

v. Building Efficiency

Design the project to achieve improved building energy performance beyond the minimum required building code standards by:

- 1. Demonstrating that the project qualifies for a minimum of 17 points from the LEED v4.1 BD+C Optimize Energy Performance credit; or
- 2. Demonstrating that the project qualifies for a minimum of 100 points from the Assessing Energy Performance standards, as provided in Section 3.3.1.1 of the Green Globes for New Construction v1.5 Technical Reference Manual.

(B) Option 2

1

Projects seeking the sustainable development incentives established in Section 20.04.110(d)(3) shall submit proof that the project is being reviewed and expects to receive certification by the following verified third-party sustainability programs:

- i. Silver Certification by the U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) rating system;
- ii. Silver Certification by the Home Innovation National Green Building Standard (NGBS) Green Certified rating system;
- iii. Petal Certification by the International Living Future Institute Living Building Challenge (LBC) rating system; or
- iv. Three Green Globes Certification by the Green Building Initiative (GBI) Green Globes Certification rating system;
- v. Another verified third-party sustainability program producing equal or greater sustainability benefits to at least one of the programs listed in subsections (i.) through (iv.) above, as determined by the Planning and Transportation Director.

- (F) The Plan Commission may approve alternative setback standards in order to create a zero-lot line development plat, subject to the following standards:
 - i. The petitioner shall request a zero-lot line development designation with the primary plat;
 - ii. All individual units shall be placed on an individual lot; and
 - iii. All units shall have individual utility service.

(f) Monuments and Markers

(1) Installation of Monuments and Markers

All monument and marker improvements shall be installed per 865 IAC 1-12-18.

(2) Centerline Monuments

Monuments conforming to 865 IAC 1-12-18(a)(2) shall be set on street centerlines at the beginning and end of curves and at the intersection of centerlines. When it is not practical to set a centerline monument in accordance with 865 IAC 1-12-18(a)(2), a centerline monument conforming to 865 IAC 1-12-18(a)(3) shall be set.

(3) Reporting

Upon completion of the development, as-built drawings shall be submitted showing where monuments and markers were placed. This shall be accompanied by an affidavit from the surveyor certifying that the monuments and markers are still accurately in place, and were not removed, moved, or buried such that they do not accurately denote surveyed lines or cannot be easily located.

(g) Open Space

(1) Generally

- (A) All residential developments shall have a percentage of the land set aside for open space.
- (B) Subdivisions shall provide the minimum required open space per Table 05-5: Subdivision Development Standards.

(2) Common Areas

In addition to easements required by Subsection-20.05.04020.07.080(b): Easements, the following environmental features shall be placed within Common Areas on the plat:

- (A) Karst Features: All karst features and their required buffer zones that have a total area of one-half (0.5) acre or greater.
- (B) Riparian Buffers: All riparian buffers defined as Streamside or Intermediate Zones.
- (C) Floodways: All areas within regulatory floodways.
- (D) Wetlands: All delineated wetlands and required wetland buffer areas.
- (E) Forested Areas: All contiguous areas of tree cover totaling one (1) acre or greater that are required to be preserved.

(3) Site Features that Qualify as Open Space

The following features count toward the minimum open space requirements as described:

(A) Conservation Areas

Any required preservation/conservation area shall count toward open space requirements.

(B) Man-made Water Features

Any man-made water feature (including retention facilities) shall count toward minimum open space if it supports aquatic life and provides native habitat as follows:

i. Surface Area

A surface area at normal pool elevation of at least 32,670 square feet (0.75 acres); and

ii. Perimeter Access

- 1. A buffer area around the full circumference of the water feature of at least 50 feet from the top of bank shall be available as open space.
- 2. This open space shall be planted and maintained as wildlife habitat. This includes use of native (no more than 20 percent lawn grass) species including prairie grasses and/or tree planting.

(C) Dry Detention Facilities

Man-made stormwater detention facilities (dry) shall count toward the minimum open space if they meet the following standards:

i. Area

The facility shall have at least 10,890 square feet of flat bottom (0.25 acres).

ii. Depth

The man-made depth of the detention facility shall not exceed four feet from top of bank.

iii. Slope

The man-made slopes within the detention facility shall not exceed a four to one ratio.

iv. Perimeter Access

- 1. A buffer area around the full circumference of the facility of at least 25 feet from the top of bank shall be available as open space.
- 2. This open space (facility and buffer area) shall be planted and maintained as usable area. This includes use of prairie grasses, native species, native ground cover, or lawn grass. Tree planting shall not be within the basin area or on the slopes of the bank.

(D) Regulated Floodplain

The regulated floodplain of any stream, regulated drain, or river shall count toward the open space requirements.

(E) Other

Other common areas set aside to meet open space requirements.

(h) Storm Water

(1) Applicability

All proposed subdivisions submitted for approval, under the provisions of this UDO, shall provide for the collection and management of all surface water drainage.

(7) Arterial Frontages

(A) Residential

All residential subdivisions shall be designed so that no residential lot directly borders an arterial level street unless those lots use alley access, an access street, or obtain access from a street other than an arterial and provide a buffer to screen the visual impacts of homes along arterial level streets.

i. Alley Access

Individual single-family (attached and detached), duplex, triplex, or fourplex residential lots may directly front arterial streets if rear alleys are used are used for all lots fronting the arterial street.

- 1. Front setbacks for these lots shall be increased to a minimum of 40 feet from the proposed right-of-way indicated on the Transportation Plan.
- 2. Alleys shall be constructed to standards of Section 20.05.050(j)(6).

ii. Access Street

Individual single-family (attached and detached), duplex, triplex, or fourplex residential lots may front arterial level streets if an access street is used.

- 1. This access street must be separated from the proposed right-of-way indicated on the Transportation Plan by a grass strip of at least 20 feet in width.
- 2. (An access street shall be designed to accommodate two-way traffic.
- 3. An access street shall be designed to generally run parallel to the arterial level street.
- 4. Access streets shall be placed within additional right-of-way or an access easement.
- 5. Access streets shall be paved to a minimum width established in the most recent Transportation Plan for that street type.
- 6. In addition to the required pedestrian facility along the arterial level street, a sidewalk five feet in width shall be installed adjacent to the residential lots on the access street.
- 7. Access streets must provide two points of ingress/egress to the arterial street if they give access to 10 or more residential lots or if they exceed 500 feet in length.
- 8. No more than two ingress/egress points are permitted for an access street.

iii. Buffer

Through lots may be used with the rear of the lots facing the arterial level street if a buffer is established between the residential lots and the arterial level street and such buffer is maintained as common area through a recorded easement.

- 1. The buffer shall be a minimum of 30 feet in width measured from the proposed right-of-way indicated on the Transportation Plan.
- 2. The buffer shall include one of the following features:
 - [a] A solid wall or combination of walls a minimum of three feet in height, combined with landscaping sufficient to achieve a nonlineal, dense buffer of evergreen and deciduous trees, that together equal to at least 75 percent of the subdivision's lineal frontage along an arterial street.

20.06.040 Common Review Procedures



(b) Pre-Submittal Activities

(1) Pre-Submittal Meeting

(A) Purpose

The pre-submittal meeting is intended to provide an opportunity for the petitioner to meet with city staff to review the zoning classification of the site, the regulatory ordinances and materials, the procedures, and examine the proposed use and development of the property. The staff shall aid and advise the petitioner in preparing the petition and supporting documents as necessary. This meeting shall take place on or prior to the presubmittal meeting deadline as listed on the schedule of meeting dates.

(B) Applicability

A pre-submittal meeting shall be required as indicated in Table 06-1: Summary Table of Review Procedures.

(C) Procedure

The petitioner shall submit a request for a pre-submittal meeting to Planning and Transportation Department staff.

(D) Effect

Any information or discussions held at the pre-submittal meeting shall not be binding on the city or the petitioner. Discussions of potential conditions or commitments to mitigate impacts do not reflect actions by the decision-making body until and unless a decision-making body takes formal action to attach that condition or commitment to an approval.

(2) Development Review Committee (DRC) Meeting

(A) Purpose

The Development Review Committee (DRC) meeting is intended to provide an opportunity for city staff from several departments to discuss details and potential impacts of the proposed project, and to establish points of contact. The staff shall advise the petitioner in preparing the petition and supporting documents as necessary. The petitioner or petitioner's representative is required to attend the DRC meeting.

20.06.040 Common Review Procedures

(9) Authorization of Site Inspection

By submitting a petition, the petitioner is authorizing city staff to inspect the subject property being considered for development at any reasonable time to obtain the information required for review of compliance with this UDO.

(10) Examination of Petition and Other Documents

Upon reasonable request, and during normal business hours, any person may examine a petition and materials submitted in support of, or in opposition to, a petition in the Planning and Transportation Department office.

(d) Staff Review and Action

(1) Referral to Staff and Review Agencies

The Planning and Transportation Director shall distribute the complete petition to appropriate staff and appropriate review agencies, per the Administrative Manual.

(2) Petition Routing

(A) Referral to Plan Commission

- i. If Table 06-1: Summary Table of Review Procedures authorizes staff or the Plat Committee to make a decision, and the Planning and Transportation Director determines that the application is unusually complex or raises potentially unique or serious impacts on the city or the surrounding neighborhoods, the Planning and Transportation Director may, refer the petition to the Plan Commission for decision pursuant to the same criteria that the staff or the Plat Committee would have been required to apply to that petition.
- ii. In cases where the Planning and Transportation Director refers the decision to the Plan Commission, all applicable noticing requirements per Section 20.06.040(e) (<u>Scheduling and Notice of Public Hearings Scheduling and Notice of Public Hearings</u>) shall apply.

(B) Referral to Board of Zoning Appeals

- i. If Table 06-1: Summary Table of Review Procedures authorizes the Hearing Officer to make a decision, and the Hearing Officer determines that the application is unusually complex or raises potentially unique or serious impacts on the city or the surrounding neighborhoods, the Hearing Officer may refer the decision to the Board of Zoning Appeals for a decision pursuant to the same criteria that the Hearing Officer would have been required to apply to that decision.
- ii. In cases where the Hearing Officer refers the decision to the Board of Zoning Appeals, all applicable noticing requirements per Section 20.06.040(e) (<u>Scheduling and Notice of Public Hearings Scheduling and Notice of Public Hearings</u>) shall apply.

20.06.050 Development Permits and Procedures

iv. Creation or expansion of any vehicular parking area.

(B) Activities Exempt from Site Plan Review

Site plan review is not required for the following activities, but such activities shall be subject to the standards of this UDO and building permit review:

- i. Construction of a single-family detached, duplex, triplex, or fourplex dwelling on a single lot, additions to such dwellings, an accessory dwelling unit, and structures accessory to such dwellings; and
- ii. Construction or erection of accessory buildings, fences, hedges, or walls; and
- iii. Interior tenant alterations or improvements that do not increase parking requirements or alter exterior building appearances.
- iv. Projects that fall below the thresholds for minor site plan review in Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)i20.06.050(a)(2)(C)i.

(C) Thresholds for Minor and Major Site Plan Review

Site plan review is conducted by the Planning and Transportation Director or the Plan Commission, based on the thresholds below:

i. Minor Site Plan Review

Minor site plan review is required for any of the following activities unless that activity is exempt from the site plan process under Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(B), or the project meets or exceeds the thresholds requiring major site plan review under Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)ii:

- 1. A change in use that involves or requires site improvements;
- Any expansion, alteration, or modification of a lawful nonconforming site feature or building that meets or exceeds the thresholds established in Section 20.06.090(f)(2) (Limited Compliance), and falls below the thresholds for major site plan review in Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)(ii). Error! Reference source not found.;
- 3. Development that contains 20,000 square feet or less of new non-residential gross floor area;
- 4. Development that contains 50 dwelling units or less;
- 5. Expansions, alterations, or modifications that increase the gross floor area of an existing structure by 10 to 25 percent;
- 6. The alteration of any vehicular parking area;
- 7. Petitions for a permit and/or certificate of zoning compliance for grading permit where site improvements are required; or
- 8. Projects that qualify for affordable housing incentives and/or sustainable development incentives established in Section 20.04.110 (Incentives), provided that, if located adjacent to one or more lots in an R1, R2, R3, or R4 district or such project does not contain more than 75 dwelling units.

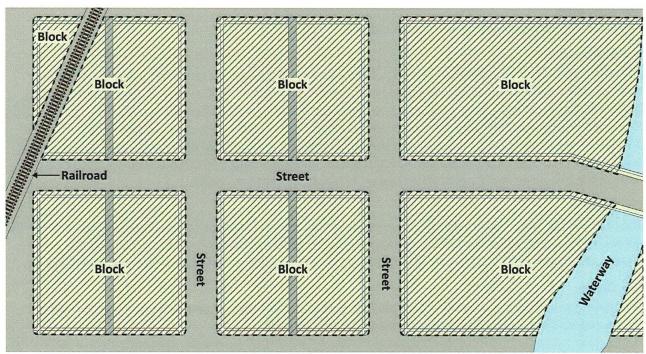


Figure 5: Block Definition

Block face

That portion of a block adjacent and parallel to the abutting public street and normally extending from one intersecting street to another.

Board of Zoning Appeals (BZA)

The City of Bloomington advisory Board of Zoning Appeals or any division or designee thereof.

Book Buyback

A use or business that purchases used higher education books.

Bottled Gas Storage or Distribution

A facility that engages in the holding and transportation of bottled gas products.

Brewpub, Distillery, or Winery

A commercial use that brews ales, beers, meads, distilled drinks, wines, and/or similar beverages on site and serves those beverages on site. Off-site sales are permitted as an accessory use.

Buffer Yard

An area adjacent to side and rear property lines, measured perpendicularly from adjacent property lines, intended to reduce the impacts of proposed uses on adjacent property or natural features and to screen incompatible uses from each other. Buffer yards also help to maintain existing vegetation, to block or reduce noise, glare or other emissions and to maintain privacy. Buffer yards are in addition to (separate from) rear or side setbacks.

Building (Generally)

Bloomington, Indiana – Unified Development Ordinance Effective Date: April 18, 2020 Last Amended Date: January 30, 2023

Lot Line, Side

Any lot line that is not a front lot line or a rear lot line.

Lot of Record

A lot that was created by subdivision, the plat of which has been approved as required by applicable city and state law and recorded in the Office of the Monroe County Recorder; or a parcel of land, the bounds of which have been legally established by a separate deed and duly recorded in the Office of the Monroe County Recorder. "Legally established" means not in violation of any city or state subdivision regulations existing at the time the lot was established by deed. Also, a parcel described by a single deed containing more than one metes and bounds description shall be one lot of record unless the parcels described by such separate descriptions have, in the past, been lawfully established parcels of record with separate deeds.

Lot Width

The horizontal distance between side lines measured along a line that is parallel to the front lot line. For lots with existing buildings, the lot width shall be measured at the front building wall of the primary building. For newly created lots, the lot width shall be measured at the minimum required setback distance from the front lot line.

Lot, Corner

A lot having at least two adjacent sides that abut for their full length along streets. Both such lot lines shall be considered front lot lines for the purposes of determining setbacks.

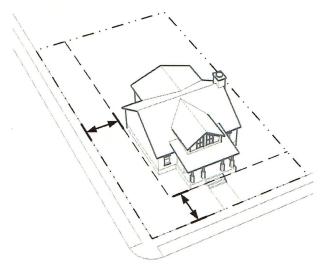


Figure 7: Corner Lot Definition

Lot, Interior

Any lot, the side property line of which abuts the rear property line of one or more lots, and that is not separated by an alley or any other public right-of-way.

[insert lot graphic here]

Lot, Lawful Nonconforming

Any lot of record that does not conform with one or more provisions of this UDO, but that lawfully existed upon the effective date of the provisions of this UDO with which the lot does not conform.

Mixed Tenant Center

A structure that contains more than one use or more than one tenant.

Mobile Home Park

See "Manufactured Home Park."

Monopole

A single, self-supporting vertical pole used to support telecommunications equipment, with no guy wire anchors or lattice, usually consisting of a galvanized or other unpainted metal or a wooden pole with below grade foundations.

Mortuary

An establishment where the deceased are physically prepared for final interment.

Mosque

See "Place of Worship."

Motel

See "Hotel or Motel."

Motor Vehicle

Any self-propelled vehicle that requires state license plate registration to be used on public roads and highways, including any non-motorized attachments, such as, but not limited to, trailers or other conveyances that are connected to or propelled by the actual motorized portion of the vehicle.

Multi-tenant Center

A group of separate buildings with multiple tenants, operating under a common name or management; a single building containing multiple uses where there are specific exterior entrance ways for individual uses; or a group of uses on separate but adjoining properties that request treatment as a multiuse complex.

Multi-tenant Nonresidential Center, Large-scale

A group of two or more retail establishments, managed as a unit, sharing a common site, parking area and entrances, and having a gross floor area of one hundred thousand square feet or greater.

Multiuse Path

A hard-surface pathway physically separated from the street by a tree plot, located within the public right-of-way, and designed for bicyclists, pedestrians, and other non-motorized traffic.

Multi-use Trail

A hard-surface, off-road pathway used by bicyclists, pedestrians, and other nonmotorized traffic typically located within or along a greenway.

Mural

A painting on the side of a building, wall, or structure; or a painting on the ground or the ceiling of a building or structure. A mural that does not function as a sign is not regulated by the Unified Development Ordinance. Murals that function as a sign are regulated in the Unified Development Ordinance as a wall sign.

MUTCD

The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Bloomington, Indiana – Unified Development Ordinance Effective Date: April 18, 2020 Last Amended Date: January 30, 2023 A facility designed for and occupied by nine or more residents living together.

Orchard or Tree Farm, Commercial

A group of trees grown for either home or commercial use where products are sold on site or transported to market.

Outdoor Retail and Display

The outdoor sale and display area of retail goods, produce, plants, handcrafts, and the like conducted on the same lot or parcel as the principal business with which such activities are associated.

Outline Plan

The name for PUD district ordinance text and PUD preliminary plans under the Bloomington Zoning Ordinance effective 1973-1995. See "Preliminary Plan, PUD" or "PUD district ordinance."

Outlot

A lot of record in a subdivision, nonresidential center or Planned Unit Development that is adjacent to a (public or private) street, roadway or frontage road, and is intended for an additional and separate building or buildings within the development.

Owner

Any person, group of persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations, or any other legal entity having legal title to or sufficient proprietary interest in the land sought to be developed under these regulations, or their legal representative.

Parapet

That portion of a wall that extends above the roof line.

Parcel

See "Lot."

Park

A parcel of land available to the public for passive and/or active recreation and is maintained and governed by the Bloomington parks board.

Parking Garage/Structure

A structure or portion thereof composed of one or more levels or floors used exclusively for the parking or storage of motor vehicles. A parking structure may be totally below grade (as in an underground parking garage) or either partially or totally above grade, with those levels being either open or enclosed.

Parking Space

Space within a public or private parking area for the storage of one passenger automobile or commercial vehicle under a one and one-half ton capacity.

Partial Demolition

The complete or substantial removal or destruction of any exterior portion of a structure, which shall include but not be limited to:

1) Complete or substantial removal or destruction of a porch, wing, cupola, addition, or similar feature; or

Sign, Awning

A <u>wall</u> sign that is a part of or attached to an awning, canopy, or other fabric, plastic, or structural protective cover over a door, entrance, window, or outdoor service area.

Sign, Freestanding

A sign anchored directly to the ground or supported by one or more posts, columns, or other vertical structures or supports; and not attached to or dependent for support from any building.

Sign, Lawful Nonconforming

Any sign lawfully existing at the time of the enactment of any provision of this UDO, or any amendment thereto, with which the sign does not comply.

Sign, Multi-tenant

An identification sign for a commercial site with multiple tenants, displaying the names of each tenant on the site.

Sign, Permanent

A sign attached to a building or structure and that is made of materials intended for long-term use.

Sign, Portable

Any sign not permanently attached to the ground or other permanent structure, or a sign designed to be transported including, but not limited to, signs designed to be transported by means of wheels.

Sign, Projecting

A sign attached to and projecting out from a building face or wall, generally at right angles to the building. Projecting signs include signs that are totally in the right-of-way, partially in the right-of-way, or fully on private property.

Sign, Public

A sign erected by or on the order of a public officer in the performance of a public duty, such as signs to promote safety, no trespassing, or traffic signs; signs to indicate transit stops; memorial plaques; or signs of historic interest.

Sign, Sandwich Board

A movable sign not secured or attached to the ground or surface upon which it is located and constructed in such a manner as to form an "A" or a tent-like shape, hinged or not hinged at the top; each angular face held at an appropriate distance by a supporting member.

Sign, Temporary

Any sign that is not permanently anchored or secured to a building and not having supports or braces permanently secured to the ground, including but not limited to: banners, pennants, or advertising displays including portable signs that are intended to be displayed for a limited period of time.

Sign, Tenant Panel

Individual panels on a multi-tenant sign advertising one specific business within the center.

Sign, Wall

A sign attached to and/or integral with the exterior wall of a building or structure with the exposed face of the sign in a plane parallel to the plane of the exterior wall and that does not project more than 12 inches from the exterior wall surface.

Unified Development Ordinance (UDO)

This entire document as approved and with any subsequent amendments. The Unified Development Ordinance includes both the zoning ordinance, authorized by the Indiana Code 36-7-4-600 Series and the subdivision control ordinance, authorized by the Indiana Code 36-7-4-700 Series.

University

See "School, College or University."

Urban Agriculture, Noncommercial

The cultivation of food and/or horticultural crops, composting, aquaponics, aquaculture and/or hydroponics. Such use may include the production and sale of food products from food grown on the premises. Noncommercial urban agriculture may be divided into separate plots for cultivation by one or more individuals or may be farmed collectively by members of the group and may include common areas maintained and used by group members. This definition includes gardens, container gardens, edible landscapes, residential greenhouses, herb gardens, rooftop gardens, berry patches, vegetable gardens and other similar activities. Urban agriculture uses shall not include the raising of animals, except as permitted elsewhere in the Bloomington Municipal Code.

Use

The purposes for which land, a building, or structure thereon is designed, arranged, or intended, or for which it is occupied, maintained, let, or leased.

Use, Abandonment of

The relinquishment of property or a cessation of the use of property for a continuous period of twelve months by the owner.

Use, Accessory

An activity that is conducted or located on the same zoning lot as the primary building or use served, except as may be specifically provided elsewhere in this UDO; is clearly and customarily incidental to, subordinate in purpose to, and serving the primary use; and is either in the same ownership as the primary use or is clearly operated and maintained solely for the comfort, convenience, necessity, or benefit of the occupants, employees, customers, or visitors of the primary use.

Use, Change In

Includes, for any portion of a building <u>(excluding individual tenant space in a single building multi-tenant center)</u>, structure, or lot:

- 1) Any change from a residential use to a nonresidential use;
- 2) Any change from a nonresidential use to multifamily use;
- 3) Any change from one residential land use to another;
- 4) Any increase in the number of dwelling units;
- 5) Any establishment of a use on a previously unused site, or the inclusion of a new use in addition to an existing use;
- 6) Any use which requires a conditional use approval;
- 7) Any change from a single-tenant to a multi-tenant centersite or building;

Chapter	Citation	Current Language	Proposed Language	Synopsis	Difficulty	Chang
hole ocument		Multiple Spell Check or Grammar Corrections	Removed extra periods, added parentheses, removed spaces, etc.		easy	typo
	2 20.02.010(a) Table 02-1		Remove first DCO - Downtown Character Overlay label that is next to CSO district in the District Name column	Minor formatting fix	easy	Revision
	3 20.03.030(g)(6)(G)(i)	i. For Home Occupations located within a primary structure no more than 50 perfect of the total interior floor area of the dwelling unit may be used in connection with the Home Occupation.	i. For Home Occupations located within a primary structure no more than 50 perfect percent of the total interior floor area of the dwelling unit may be used in connection with the Home Occupation.	Fixes typo of "perfect" that should say "percent".	easy	typo
	4 Table Names	Chapter 4 Table Labels	Correcting Tables 04-15 through 04-20	There are two tables with the same title in the current UDO. Updating table numbers and references throughout the code.	easy	typo
	4 20.04.020(e)(1)(D)	For lots of record with no street frontage, a minimum building setback of 10 feet is required from the property line where access is gained. The minimum front building façade at the build-to range percentage shall be determined by calculating the width of the principal building that is within the build-to range divided by the total width of the lot at the street frontage.	(D) For lots of record with no street frontage, a minimum building setback of 10 feet is required from the property line where access is gained. (E) The minimum front building façade at the build-to range percentage shall be determined by calculating the width of the principal building that is within the build-to range divided by the total width of the lot at the street frontage.	This should be two separate sections	easy	clarifica
	4 20.04.070(f)(1)	(1) In multifamily residential buildings and student housing and dormitory buildings constructed afte0r 4/18/2020 that contain more than 25 dwelling units, at least 20 percent of the dwelling units shall incorporate at least one entrance at grade level and not requiring any steps up or down or a ramp for entry.	(1) In multifamily residential buildings and student housing and dormitory buildings constructed afteer 4/18/2020 that contain more than 25 dwelling units, at least 20 percent of the dwelling units shall incorporate at least one entrance at grade level and not requiring any steps up or down or a ramp for entry.	Typo in spelling of "after"	easy	typo
	4 20.04.080(c)(1)(D)	Landscape materials shall be located to avoid interference with visibility per Section 20.04.050(c)(4) Connectivity Where properties have adjacent street or drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property. Vision Clearance Triangle).	(D) Vision Clearance: Landscape material shall be located to avoid interference with visibility per Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle).	Formatting error and misplaced text	easy	typo
	4 20.04.080(f)(3)(E)(i) and (ii) and (iii) and (iv)	i. Street trees shall be planted outside the vision clearance triangle as defined in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Connectivity ii. Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property, iii. Vision Clearance Triangle), or within that portion of the vision clearance triangle behind the sidewalk.	Sections (i), (ii), (iii) have misplaced text. Should read as follows- i. Street trees shall be placed outside the vision clearance triangle as defined in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle), or within that portion of the vision clearance triangle behind the sidewalk.	Formatting error and misplaced text	easy	typo
	4 20.04.090(n)(4)(C)	Fences and walls shall meet all vision clearance standards in Section 20.04,050(c)(4) (Connectivity	Section marked as #5 has several formatting issues and misplaced text. Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing	Formatting error and misplaced text	ousy	3 po
		Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property. (Vision Clearance Triangle).	property. (Vision Clearance Triangle). (C) Vision Clearance: Fences and walls shall meet all vision clearance standards in Section 20.04,050(c)(4) (Vision Clearance Triangle).		easy	typo
	4 20.04.100(f)(4)	(4) Vision Clearance Triangle (5) Within a vision clearance triangle as specified in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Connectivity Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing property. Vision	(4) Vision Clearance Triangle (5) Within a vision clearance triangle as specified in Section 20.04.050(c)(4) (Gonnectivity Where properties have adjacent street or access drive stubs intended for connection, these stubs shall be extended and connected on the developing	Formatting error and misplaced text		
		Clearance Triangle).	property: Vision Clearance Triangle).		easy	typo

4 20.04.110(c)(5)(B)(iv)(2)	1. Tier 2 Projects: Projects that are eligible for increased primary structure height for affordable housing and sustainable development shall be eligible for one additional floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet. The additional floor of building height granted under this subsection (iv)(2) shall be limited to 50 percent of the building footprint area of primary structure, and that additional floor shall be set back at least 10 feet further that the lower floors of the building.	1. Tier 2 Projects: Projects that are eligible for increased primary structure height for affordable housing and sustainable development shall be eligible for one additional floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet. The additional floor of building height granted under this subsection (iv)(2) shall be limited to 50 percent of the building footprint area of primary structure, and that additional floor shall be set back at least 10 feet further that than the lower floors of the building.	Typographical error	easy	typo
5 20.05.050(g)(2)	In addition to easements required by Subsection 20.07.080(b): Easements,	In addition to easements required by Section 20.07.080(b) 20.05.040 (Easements),	Corrects citation left over from old UDO	easy	typo
6 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)(i)(2)	2. Any expansion, alteration, or modification of a lawful nonconforming site feature or building that meets or exceeds the thresholds established in Section 20.06.090(f)(2) (Limited Compliance), and falls below the thresholds for major site plan review in Section Error! Reference source not found.;	Formatting error is causing citation not to show. Citation should be Section 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)(ii)	Formatting error	easy	typo
7 20,07.010	Buffer Yard- An area adjacent to side and rear property lines, measured perpendicularly from adjacent property lines, intended to reduce the impacts of proposed uses on adjacent property or natural features and to screen incompatible uses from each other. Buffer yards also help to maintain existing vegetation, to block or reduce noise, glare or other emissions and to maintain privacy. Buffer yards are in addition to (separate from) rear or side	Buffer Yard- An area adjacent to side and rear property lines, measured perpendicularly from adjacent property lines, intended to reduce the impacts of proposed uses on adjacent property or natural features and to screen incompatible uses from each other. Buffer yards also help to maintain existing vegetation, to block or reduce noise, glare or other emissions and to maintain privacy. Buffer yards are in addition to (separate from) rear or side setbacks.	Goes along with other amendment to language within Table 04-18 to remove the stacked setback requirement.		
	setbacks.			medium	revision
7 20.07.010	Parking garage/structure- A structure or portion thereof composed of one or more levels or floors used exclusively for the parking or storage of motor vehicles. A parking structure may be totally below grade (as in an underground parking garage) or either partially or totally above grade, with those levels being either open or enclosed.	Parking garage/structure- A structure or portion thereof composed of one or more levels or floors used exclusively for the parking or storage of motor vehicles. A parking structure may be totally below grade (as in an underground parking garage) or either partially or totally above grade, with those levels being either open or enclosed:	Duplicate of definition of 'vehicle parking garage'.	easy	revision
7 20.07.010	Sign, Awning: A sign that is a part of or attached to an awning, canopy, or other fabric, plastic, or structural protective cover over a door, entrance, window, or outdoor service area.	Sign, Awning: A wall sign that is a part of or attached to an awning, canopy, or other fabric, plastic, or structural protective cover over a door, entrance, window, or outdoor service area.	Adds language identifying awning signs as a type of wall sign so that they are included in the amount of wall signage allowed.	easy	clarification
7 20.07.010	Use, Change In	7) Any change from a single-tenant to a multi-tenant site center or building;	Changes word "site" to "center" to match the defined term of "multi-tenant center"	easy	Clarification
7 20.07.010	"Mixed Tenant Center"	Delete from definition section.	This term is not used in the UDO.	easy	Clarification