

ORDINANCE 23-09

**TO AMEND TITLE 2 OF THE BLOOMINGTON MUNICIPAL CODE ENTITLED
“ADMINISTRATION AND PERSONNEL”**

Re: the Creation of a Joint City-County Human Rights Commission

- WHEREAS, the City of Bloomington (“City”) created the Bloomington Human Rights Commission in 1970 through adoption of Ordinance 70-37; and
- WHEREAS, Monroe County created the Monroe County Human Rights Commission in 2010 through adoption of Ordinance 2010-44; and
- WHEREAS, the provisions found in the City and County Human Rights Ordinances, except jurisdiction, are virtually identical; and
- WHEREAS, the duties of each Human Rights Commission include public education and dispute resolution of Human Rights complaints for specified geographic locations, which do not overlap; and
- WHEREAS, staff of both the City and the County routinely field calls for public education and potential complaints that have to be redirected to the other entity; and
- WHEREAS, the City and County believe that a single point of contact for both public education and dispute resolution provides a more effective and efficient service to the community; and
- WHEREAS, the City and County are empowered pursuant to Indiana Code § 36-1-7 to contract together on the basis of mutual advantage to provide services and facilities in a manner and pursuant to forms of governmental organization that will accord best with geographic, economic, population and other factors influencing the needs and development of local government; and
- WHEREAS, the City and County agree that creating a combined Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission (“Commission”) to conduct public education and resolve complaints will be an efficient and effective way to provide excellent service on human rights matters to residents of both the City and the County; and
- WHEREAS, the City and County have entered into an Interlocal Agreement duly authorized by City and County authorities and setting out their mutual obligations to support and fund the Commission’s functions; and
- WHEREAS, the City and County wish to amend their respective codes to create and empower the Commission; and
- WHEREAS, Appendix 1 to this Ordinance contains the amendments required in Chapter 2.23 of the Bloomington Municipal Code to achieve this goal, plus certain stylistic edits for consistency;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MONROE COUNTY, INDIANA THAT:

SECTION 1: To create and empower a joint Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission to better serve residents of the City of Bloomington and Monroe County, Title 2, Chapter 2.23 of the Bloomington Municipal Code is hereby amended as provided in Appendix 1 to this Ordinance.

SECTION 2: Each of the Mayor and the Controller is hereby authorized and directed, for and on behalf of the City, to execute and deliver any agreement, certificate or other instrument or take any other action which such officer determines to be necessary or desirable to carry out the intent of this Ordinance.

PASSED by the Common Council of the City of Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana, upon this 03 day of May, 2023.



SUE SGAMBELLURI, President
Bloomington Common Council

ATTEST:



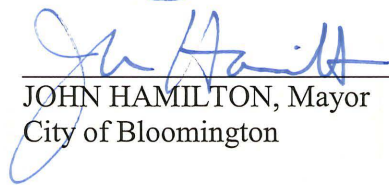
NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk
City of Bloomington

PRESENTED by me to the Mayor of the City of Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana, upon this 04 day of May, 2023.



NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk
City of Bloomington

SIGNED and APPROVED by me upon this 8th day of May, 2023.



JOHN HAMILTON, Mayor
City of Bloomington

SYNOPSIS

This ordinance approves of changes to Title 2 (“Administration and Personnel”) of the Bloomington Municipal Code in order to create and empower a joint Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission, which will replace the City and County individual Human Rights Commissions.

Note: At the May 3, 2023 Regular Session, the Council adopted Amendment 01, which added language to specify the initial staggered terms for the seven members of the Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission, and Amendment 02, which clarified that one of the powers and duties of the Commission is to determine whether probable cause exists to believe that discrimination in violation of the Bloomington Municipal Code or in violation of the Monroe County Code has occurred.

Distributed to: Clerk, Council Attorney, Legal, Mayor, and Monroe County Commissioners.

APPENDIX 1:
CHAPTER 2.23 AS MODIFIED BY THE PROPOSED ORDINANCE 23-09 (Redline)

red underlined text = proposed additions
red strikethrough = proposed deletions

Chapter 2.23 – COMMUNITY AND FAMILY RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

Sections:

**2.23.100 Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights ~~Commission~~Commission —
Establishment.**

There is hereby established within the City's Community and Family Resources Department ~~a~~
the Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission ~~pursuant to Section 2.23.110.~~

2.23.110 Public policy and purpose.

(1) It is the policy of the City, and of the County upon appropriate county authority, that it does not discriminate in the provision or implementation of its programs and services on the basis of race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, housing status, or status as a veteran. It is the public policy of the City, and of the County upon appropriate county authority, to provide all citizens equal opportunity for education, employment, access to public accommodations and acquisition through purchase or rental of real property, including, but not limited to: housing, and to eliminate segregation or separation based on race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, housing status, or status as a veteran, since such segregation is an impediment to equal opportunity. Equal education and employment opportunities and equal access to and use of public accommodations and equal opportunity for acquisition of real property are hereby declared to be civil rights.

It is also against the public policy of the City, and of the County upon appropriate county authority, and a discriminatory practice for an employer to discriminate against a prospective employee on the basis of status as a veteran by:

- (1A) Refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis that the applicant is a veteran of the armed forces of the United States; or
- (2B) Refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis that the applicant is a member of the Indiana National Guard or member of a reserve component.

The practice of denying these rights to persons because of race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, housing status or status as a veteran is contrary to the principles of freedom and equality of opportunity and is a burden to the objectives of the public policy of the City, and of the County upon appropriate county authority, and shall be considered as discriminatory practices. The promotion of equal opportunity without regard to race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, housing status or status as a veteran is the purpose of this section.

(2) It is also the public policy of the City, and of the County upon appropriate county authority, to protect employers, labor organizations, employment agencies, property owners, real estate brokers, builders and lending institutions from unfounded charges of discrimination.

(3) It is hereby declared to be contrary to the public policy of the City, and of the County upon appropriate county authority, and an unlawful practice to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry into the neighborhood

of a person or persons of a particular race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, housing status, status as a veteran, or familial status.

(4) It is also the public policy of the City of Bloomington to prohibit discrimination against or harassment of individuals, including employees, independent contractors, volunteers, interns, and any others doing sanctioned work for the City. Any such individual who believes she, he, or they have been discriminated against or harassed by a City employee has a right to bring a complaint to the attention of City officials, who will investigate the complaint promptly and take appropriate action. All contracts with the City shall include a clause explaining this right.

2.23.120 Definitions.

As used in this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Acquisition of real property" means the sale, rental, lease, sublease, construction or financing, including negotiations and other activities or procedures incident thereto, of:

(A) Any building, structure, apartment, single room or suite of rooms or other portion of a building, occupied as or designed or intended for occupancy as living quarters;

(B) Any building, structure, or portion thereof, or any improved or unimproved land utilized, or designed or intended for utilization, for business, commercial, or industrial or agricultural purposes; or

(C) Any vacant or unimproved land offered for sale or lease for any purpose whatsoever.

(2) "Affirmative action" means those acts which the ~~commission~~Commission deems necessary to assure compliance with the City and County, upon appropriate county authority, human rights ordinance.

(3) "Ancestry" refers to both the country from which a person's ancestors came and the citizenship of a person's ancestors.

(4) "Commission" means the Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission hereinafter created.

(5) "Commission attorney" means the City attorney, or such assistants of the City attorney as may be assigned to the ~~commission~~Commission, or such other attorney as may be engaged by the ~~commission~~Commission or voluntarily lend their services to the ~~commission~~Commission.

(6) "Compensation" or "compensatory damages" means actual damages, except that damages to be paid as a result of discriminatory practices relating to employment shall be limited to lost wages, salaries, commissions, or fringe benefits.

(7) "Complainant" means any individual charging on their own behalf to have been personally aggrieved by a discriminatory practice or the ~~commission~~Commission attorney, a member of the ~~Human Rights~~ Commission, or the ~~commission~~Commission director charging that a discriminatory practice was committed against a person, other than themselves, or a class of people in order to vindicate the public policy of the State as defined in Indiana Code 22-9-1-2, and the public policy of the City and the County upon appropriate county authority, as defined in Section 2.23.110.

(8) "Complaint" means any written grievance filed by a complainant with the ~~commission~~Commission director. The original shall be signed and verified before a notary public or another person duly authorized by law to administer oaths and take acknowledgments. Notarial service shall be furnished by the City without charge.

(9) "Consent agreement" means a formal agreement entered into in lieu of adjudication.

(10) "Disability" means with respect to a person: (i) a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the person's major life activities; (ii) a record of having an impairment described in subdivision (i) above; or (iii) being regarded as having an impairment described in subdivision (i) above. "Disability" shall not include circumstances exempted from the definition of "disability" or "disabled" under federal and state law.

(11) "Discriminatory practice" means the exclusion of a person by another person from equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, housing status or status as a veteran; or a system which excludes persons from equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, housing status or status as a veteran or the promotion or assistance of segregation or separation in any manner on the basis of the above categories; provided, it shall not be a discriminatory practice for an employment agency to refer for employment any individual, or a joint labor-management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit or employ any individual in such program on the basis of their religion, sex, or national origin in those particular instances where religion, sex, or national origin is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise; further provided, that it shall not be a discriminatory practice for a person to refuse to rent for occupancy as living quarters any space in owner occupied multiple dwelling structure on the basis of sex.

(12) "Educational institution" includes all public and private schools and training centers, except that the term does not include any state agency as defined in subsection (27) of this section.

(13) "Employee" includes any person employed by another for wages or salary; provided, that it shall not include any individual employed by their parents, spouse, or child.

(14) "Employer" includes any person employing six or more employees within the City or within the unincorporated areas of Monroe County, except that the term does not include a not-for-profit corporation or association organized exclusively for fraternal or religious purposes; nor any school, educational or charitable religious institution owned or conducted by, or affiliated with, a church or religious institution; nor any exclusively social club, corporation, or association that is not organized for profit; nor the City or County or any department thereof; nor any State agency as defined in subsection (27) of this section.

(15) "Employment agency" includes any person undertaking with or without compensation to procure, recruit, refer, or place employees.

(16) "Gender identity" means a person's actual or perceived gender-related attributes, self-image, appearance, expression, or behavior, whether or not such characteristics differ from those traditionally associated with the person's assigned sex at birth.

(17) "Housing status" means the type of housing in which an individual resides, whether publicly or privately owned, or the status of not having a fixed residence, whether actual or perceived.

(18) "Labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of employment, or for mutual aid or protection in relation to employment.

(19) "Lending institution" means any bank, building or loan association, insurance company, or other corporation, association, firm, or enterprise whose business consists in whole or in part in making or guaranteeing loans secured by real estate or an interest therein.

(20) "National origin" refers to both the country from which a person came and the citizenship of the person.

(21) "Owner-occupied multiple-dwelling structure" includes only structures in which the owner of the premises actually resides, containing not more than three separate dwelling units, apartments, rooms, or portions of the building designed or intended for occupancy as living quarters.

(22) "Person" includes one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, labor organizations, corporations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees in bankruptcy, trustees, receivers, any subdivisions of the state, and other organized groups of persons.

(23) "Public accommodation" means any establishment which offers its services, facilities, or goods to the general public.

(24) "Respondent" means one or more persons against whom a complaint is filed under this chapter, and whom the complainant alleges has committed or is committing a discriminatory practice.

(25) "Sex," as it is applied to segregation or separation in this chapter, shall apply to all types of employment, education, public accommodations, and housing; provided, that it shall not be a discriminatory practice to maintain separate restrooms or dressing rooms; and that it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment agency to classify or refer for employment any individual, for a labor organization to classify its members or to classify or refer for employment any individual, or for any employer, labor organization, or joint labor management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit or employ any other individual in any such program on the basis of sex in those certain instances where sex is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise; and that it shall not be a discriminatory practice for a private or religious educational institution to continue to maintain and enforce a policy of admitting students of one sex only.

(26) "Sexual orientation" means an individual's identity or practice as a lesbian woman, gay male, bisexual person, or heterosexual person, whether actual or perceived.

(27) "State agency" means every office, officer, board, ~~commission~~Commission, council, department, division, bureau, committee, fund, agency, and without limitation by reason of any enumeration herein, every other instrumentality of the state of Indiana, every hospital, every penal institution, and every other institutional enterprise and activity of the state of Indiana, wherever located; the universities supported in whole or in part by state funds; and the judicial department of the state of Indiana. "State agency" does not mean counties, county departments of public welfare, cities, towns, townships, school cities, school towns, school townships, school districts or other municipal corporations, political subdivisions, or units of local government.

(28) "Veteran" means:

- (A) A veteran of the armed forces of the United States;
- (B) A member of the Indiana National Guard; or
- (C) A member of a reserve component.

2.23.130 Appointments.

The seven members of the ~~Human Rights~~- Commission shall be appointed ~~four-three~~ by the Mayor, ~~three-two~~ by the Common Council, and two by the Monroe County Commissioners, pursuant to the appropriate county authority. Per Section 2.08.020(2) of the Code, initial Commission terms shall be staggered as follows: one (1) mayoral appointee shall serve an initial term of one (1) year, and two (2) mayoral appointees shall serve an initial term of two (2) years; and one (1) each of Common Council and County Commissioner appointees shall serve an initial term of one (1) year, and one (1) each shall serve an initial term of two (2) years. Thereafter, all Commission terms shall be for two (2) years.

2.23.140 Qualifications.

Members of the ~~Human Rights~~ Commission shall be representative of the community and shall be City or, in the case of the Monroe County Commissioner appointees, City or County residents.

2.23.150 Rules and regulations.

(1) The Commission may adopt rules and regulations, both procedural and substantive, to effectuate the purpose of this chapter and to make more specific the procedures deemed necessary for orderly and equitable compliance with this section.

(2) ~~The Commission may adopt n~~New rules, regulations, and guidelines ~~may be adopted by majority vote the Commission~~ after a public hearing ~~by a majority vote of the Commission~~.

(3) The rules, regulations, and guidelines of the Commission shall be available to the public at the office of the Community and Family Resources Department.

2.23.160 Powers and duties.

The ~~commission~~Commission shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To create subcommittees and advisory committees as in its judgment will aid in effectuating the purpose of this section.

(2) To issue such publications and such results of investigation and research as in its judgment will tend to minimize or eliminate discrimination because of race, religion, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, veteran status, or familial status.

(3) To investigate complaints filed with the ~~commission~~Commission.

(A) Complaints of discrimination shall be received and investigated by the ~~commission~~Human Rights director.

(B) A complaint shall be sufficiently complete so as to reflect properly the name and address and/or other contact information of the complainant; the name and address of respondent against whom the complaint is made; the alleged discriminatory practice and a statement of particulars thereof; the date or dates and places of the alleged discriminatory practice; if it is of a continuing nature, the dates between which said continuing acts of discrimination are alleged to have occurred; and a statement as to any other action, civil or criminal, instituted in any other form based upon the same grievance as is alleged in the complaint, together with a statement as to the status or disposition of such other action.

(C) No complaint shall be valid unless filed within one-hundred-eighty (180) days from the occurrence of the alleged discriminatory practice, or from the date of the termination of a published and meaningful grievance procedure provided by a respondent employer or labor union; provided, that complaints filed only with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission shall be deemed to have been filed simultaneously with the Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission for purposes of measuring the one-hundred-eighty (180) day limitation, as long as the complaint is otherwise within the ~~commission's~~Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission's jurisdiction; provided, further, that any person who files a complaint with the Indiana Civil Rights Commission shall have no recourse to the Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission concerning any of the matters alleged in such complaint; provided, further, that the Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission~~commission~~ shall have no jurisdiction over the State or any of its agencies, or over the City or any of its departments.

(D) After a complaint is scheduled for a public hearing, the ~~commission~~Commission shall make reasonable efforts to conciliate all issues raised during the investigation of the case.

(4) To determine jointly with an attorney from the legal department whether probable cause exists to believe that discrimination in violation of the Bloomington Municipal Code Section 2.23.100 et seq. or relevant portions of Monroe County Code occurred. A probable cause commissioner shall be assigned to each complaint filed on the date it is filed and shall participate jointly with the director and assist in the investigation of the complaint. The director, after consultation with the attorney from the legal department, shall make a written recommendation of cause or no cause setting forth relevant facts and applicable legal authority to submit it to the designated probable cause commissioner. The commissioner shall review the director and legal department's joint recommended finding, and shall make a written determination of cause or no cause setting forth the relevant facts and applicable law. The probable cause commissioner shall follow applicable legal standards set forth by the director and attorney in making the determination.

(5) To schedule complaints for public hearings upon a determination of probable cause. When the recommendation after the investigation is no probable cause, the complainant shall be furnished a copy of the findings of no probable cause and recommendation and shall be given ten days to make a written request, with the reasons therefore, to the chairperson of the ~~commission~~Commission for review of the finding. Upon the receipt of the request for review, the chairperson or designee shall review the request and the decision of the reviewing commissioner regarding probable cause shall be final. Whenever a commissioner reviews a decision at the request of a complainant, such commissioner shall be disqualified from any further participating in that case, except as a witness at a public hearing on the complaint.

(6) To prevent any person from discharging, expelling, or otherwise discriminating against any other person because they filed a complaint or testified in any hearing before the ~~commission~~Commission or in any way assisted in any matter under investigation.

(7) To issue a temporary emergency order against any person requiring such person to do an act preserving the possibility of a remedy for a complaint or to refrain from doing an act damaging the possibility of a remedy during the investigation of the complaint; provided, however:

(A) That no emergency order shall be issued unless a time and place for hearing on the temporary order is designated in the order;

(B) That the hearing on the temporary emergency order shall be held within ten days following the issuance of the temporary order, unless contained by the ~~commission~~Commission at the request of the respondent. At such hearing, the complainant shall show that a failure to continue the temporary order would damage their remedy. The ~~commission~~Commission shall thereupon weigh the comparative hardship to the complainant and respondent and issue a decision continuing or terminating the temporary emergency order, pending final disposition of the complaint. The respondent may waive said hearing without prejudice to the defense of the matters charged in the complaint, in which case the temporary order shall remain in effect pending final disposition of the complaint;

(C) The ~~commission~~Commission may by rule provide for issuance of its temporary order by a majority of the ~~commission~~Commission, and it may compel compliance with any such temporary order by bringing in Monroe Circuit Court or other appropriate court for prohibitory or mandatory injunction upon showing that such person is subject to the court's jurisdiction, resides or transacts business within the county in which the proceeding is brought, and that such injunction is necessary to protect the complainant's rights under this chapter until their complaint is resolved through conciliation or public hearing.

(8) To reduce the terms of conciliation agreed to by the parties in writing, to be called a consent agreement, which the parties and a majority of the commissioners shall sign. When so signed, the consent agreement shall have the same effect as a cease and desist order pursuant to

subsection (10) of this section. If the ~~commission~~Commission determines that a party to the consent agreement is not complying with it, the ~~commission~~Commission may obtain enforcement of the consent agreement in Monroe Circuit Court or other appropriate court upon showing that the party is not complying with the consent agreement, and the party is subject to the ~~commission~~Commission's jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for enforcement is brought.

(9) To hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, administer oaths, take testimony of any person under oath and require the production for examination of all books and papers relating to any matter under investigation or in question before the ~~commission~~Commission. The ~~commission~~Commission may make rules governing the issuance of subpoenas by individual commissioners. Contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena or temporary emergency order issued pursuant to this section shall be a breach of this chapter and such person shall be liable to a penalty therefore, if adjudged by the Monroe Circuit Court or other appropriate court, of the payment of a penalty not to exceed three hundred dollars. Each penalty shall be deposited in the general fund of the City; provided, however, that the payment of such penalty by a party shall not impair the ~~commission~~Commission's ability to grant affirmative relief and compensatory damages to the complainant, should justice so require.

(10) To state its findings of fact after hearing which statement shall be made in a written opinion containing both the findings of fact and the principles of law applied. All written opinions shall be compiled and maintained as public record and, in making decisions, the ~~commission~~Commission shall give due consideration to its prior decisions which may be applicable. If a majority of the commissioners who hear the case finds that a person has engaged in unlawful discriminatory practice, the ~~commission~~Commission shall cause to be served on the person an order requiring the person to cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory practice and requiring such person to take further affirmative action necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

2.23.170 Duties upon a finding of discrimination.

(1) If unlawful discrimination is found in the area of employment, an order shall be issued requiring the respondent to take such affirmative action the ~~commission~~Commission may deem necessary to assure justice, including but not limited to hiring, reinstatement, and upgrading of employees or people deprived of employment, with or without compensatory damages to which the complainants would have been entitled had they not been deprived of equal opportunity, meaning wages, salary, or commissions. When an employer has been found to have committed a discriminatory practice in employment by failure to employ an applicant on the basis that the applicant is a veteran, the order to restore the veteran's losses may include placing the veteran in the employment position with the employer for which the veteran applied.

(2) If unlawful discrimination is found in the area of housing or acquisition of real property, an order may be issued requiring a respondent to take affirmative action, including but not limited to renting, selling, or leasing to a person deprived of equal opportunity. Compensation for the denial of equal opportunity shall be allowed within the discretion of the ~~commission~~Commission.

(3) If unlawful discrimination is found in the area of public accommodation, an order shall be issued requiring respondent to take affirmative action, including but not limited to providing services, goods, or access to property, reinstatement of membership, reinstatement of membership, posting of notice that a facility is a public accommodation, with or without compensatory damages for a complainant's being denied equal opportunity.

(4) If unlawful discrimination is found in the area of education, an order may be issued requiring a respondent to take affirmative action, including, but not limited to, a review and revision of school boundaries, revision of teaching aids and materials, human relations training for personnel recruitment of minority people for professional staff, with or without compensatory damages to which the complainant would have been entitled except for the denial of equal opportunity.

(5) If upon all the evidence, the ~~e~~ommissionCommission finds that a person has not engaged in any such unlawful practice or violation of this section, the ~~e~~ommissionCommission shall state its findings of fact and shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the complaint as to such person.

(6) Judicial review of such cease and desist order, or other final order, or other affirmative action or damages as referred to in this chapter may be obtained by filing in the Monroe Circuit Court or other appropriate court. The scope of review shall be in accordance with the provisions set out in Indiana Code 4-21.5-1 et seq. If no proceeding to obtain judicial review is instituted within thirty calendar days from the receipt of notice by a person that such order has been made by the ~~e~~ommissionCommission, the ~~e~~ommissionCommission, if it determines that the person upon whom the cease and desist order has been served is not complying or is making no effort to comply, may obtain a decree of a court for the enforcement of such order in the Monroe Circuit Court or other appropriate court upon showing that such person is subject to the ~~e~~ommissionCommission's jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for enforcement is brought, or may request the ~~e~~ommissionCommission attorney or attorney representing the complainant to seek enforcement.

2.23.180 Affirmative Action by City Contractors.

(1) This section only applies to contractors doing business with the City of Bloomington.

(2) All contractors doing business with the City, except those specifically exempted by regulations promulgated by the City-appointed members of the human rights ~~e~~ommissionCommission and approved by the ~~e~~ommon-Common ~~e~~ouncilCouncil, shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment in a manner which provides equal employment opportunity and tends to eliminate inequality based upon religion, race, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, or status as a veteran. Affirmative action shall include but not be limited to the issuance of a statement of policy regarding equal employment and its communication to all personnel involved in recruitment, hiring, training, assignment, and promotion; notification of all employment sources of company policy and active efforts to review the qualifications of all applicants regardless of religion, race, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, or status as a veteran; recruiting in the minority group community for employees; and establishing an internal system of reporting concerning equal employment, recruiting, hiring, training, upgrading and the like.

(3) Each such contractor shall submit to the Human Rights ~~e~~ommissionCommission a written proposal concerning the affirmative action it proposes to take, which proposal must be approved prior to its entering a contract with the City. Said proposal shall be limited to measures similar to those which the City is required to take in its affirmative action with regard to its own employees, as established by the ~~m~~Mayor's office and as specified by resolution of the ~~C~~ommon ~~C~~ouncil.

(4) Each such contractor shall also submit to the hHuman Rights ~~e~~ommissionCommission its policy prohibiting harassment in the workplace. The policy must include a definition of harassment, the name or title of the individual(s) designated to receive and investigate complaints, and a statement that the contractor will not retaliate against an employee for complaining about harassment.

(5) All contracting agencies of the City or any department thereof shall include in all contracts hereafter negotiated or renegotiated by them a provision obligating the contractor to take affirmative action to ensure that the applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment in a manner which provides equal employment opportunity and tends to eliminate inequality based upon religion, race, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, or status as a veteran.

(6) Such contracts shall provide further that breach of the obligation to take affirmative action shall be a material breach of the contract for which the City shall be entitled, at its option:

- (A) To cancel, terminate, or suspend the contract in whole or in part;
- (B) To declare the contractor or vendor ineligible for further City contracts;
- (C) To recover liquidated damages of a specified sum.

2.23.190 Educational programs.

In order to eliminate prejudice ~~among the various groups in the City~~ and to further goodwill among ~~such groups residents~~, the ~~commission-Commission~~ may prepare educational programs designed to emphasize and remedy the denial of equal opportunity because of a person's religion, race, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, or status as a veteran, its harmful effects, and its incompatibility with the principles of equality.

2.23.200 Relationship with Civil Rights Commission.

The ~~commission-Commission~~ may enter into a working relationship with the Indiana Civil Rights Commission to perpetuate the mutual objectives set forth in this chapter and the Indiana Civil Rights Law.

2.23.210 Housing discrimination.

This section applies only to cases alleging housing discrimination.

(a1) Definitions:

(1A) "Familial status" means one or more individuals (who have not obtained the age of eighteen years) being domiciled with a parent or another person having legal custody of such individual(s) or the written permission of such parent or other person. The protections against discrimination on the basis of familial status shall apply to any person who is pregnant or in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years.

(2B) "Dwelling" means any building, structure, or part of a building or structure, that is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more families; or any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location of a building structure or part of a building or structure that is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy by one or more families.

(3C) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let or otherwise to grant for consideration the right to occupy the premises not owned by the occupant.

(4D) "Discriminatory housing practice" includes: (Ai) practices prohibited by 2.23.120(11) of this code, (Bii) refusing to rent to an individual or family on the basis of familial status, (Ciii) refusing to allow a tenant with a disability, as defined by Section 2.23.120(10), to make reasonable modifications of the rented premises at the tenant's expense if such modifications are necessary to afford the tenant full enjoyment of the premises. The landlord may, where it is reasonable to do so, condition permission for the modification(s) on the tenant's agreeing to restore the interior of the premises to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted. The landlord may require the tenant to acquire any necessary permits and to perform the modifications in a workmanlike standard. (Diy) Refusing to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices or services, when such accommodations may be necessary to afford a tenant with a disability, as that term is defined by Section 2.23.120(10), equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling.

(b2) Exemptions.

(1A) Nothing in this section requires that a dwelling be made available to an individual whose tenancy would constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals or whose tenancy would result in substantial physical damage to the property of others.

(2B) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a religious organization, association, or society, or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons. Nor shall anything in this section prohibit a private club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodgings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members.

(3C) Nothing in this section limits the applicability of any reasonable local, state, or federal restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling.

(4D) Nothing in this section regarding familial status applies with respect to housing for older persons, as defined below. As used in this section, "housing for older persons" means housing:

(Ai) Provided under any state or federal program that the Secretary of the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development designed and operated to assist elderly persons (as defined in the state or federal program); or

(Bii) Intended for, and solely occupied by, persons sixty-two years of age or older; or

(Ciii) Intended and operated for occupancy by at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit if the following requirements are met: (ia) the existence of significant facilities and services specifically designed to meet the physical or social needs of older persons, or if the provision of such facilities and services is not practicable, that such housing is necessary to provide important housing opportunities for older persons; and (iib) that at least eighty percent of the units are occupied by at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit; and (iiic) the publication of, and adherence to, policies and procedures which demonstrate an intent by the owner or manager to provide housing for persons fifty-five years of age or older.

(5E) Nothing in this section applies to the following:

(Ai) The sale or rental of a single-family house sold or rented by an owner if: (ia) The owner does not own more than three single-family houses at any one time or own any interest in, nor is there owned or reserved on the owner's behalf, under any express or voluntary agreement, title to, or any right to any part of the proceeds from the sale or rental of, more than three single-family houses at any one time; and (iib) The house was sold or rented without the use of the sales or rental facilities or services of a real estate broker, agent, or salesperson licensed under state law.

(Bii) The sale or rental of rooms or units in a dwelling containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other if the owner maintains and occupies one of the living quarters as the owner's residence.

2.23.220 Hate crime statistics.

The Bloomington/Monroe County Human Rights Commission may collect data and issue reports on the incidence of hate crimes in ~~the City~~its jurisdiction. Hate crimes include verbal or physical abuse directed at individuals or groups because of their religion, race, color, sex, national origin, ancestry, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, or status as a veteran.

2.23.230 Complaints of housing status discrimination.

In complaints of discrimination on the basis of housing status discrimination, the ~~commission's~~ Commission's authority shall typically be limited to voluntary investigations and voluntary mediation.

