CITY OF BLOOMINGTON



October 10, 2022 5:30 p.m. Council Chambers, Room #115 Hybrid Zoom Link:

 $\frac{https://bloomington.zoom.us/j/86964380257?pwd=bzQ0R3BDVWVSamRCQkJJZWFNY1FQdz09}{}$

 CITY OF BLOOMINGTON

October 10, 2022 at 5:30 p.m.

❖Virtual Link:

https://bloomington.zoom.us/j/86964380257?pwd=bzQ0R3BDVWVSamRCQkJJZWFNY 1FQdz09

Meeting ID: 869 6438 0257 Passcode: 293274

Petition Map: https://arcg.is/1yKSam1

ROLL CALL

MINUTES TO BE APPROVED: March 14, 2022 (re-approve) and September 12, 2022

REPORTS, RESOLUTIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS:

PETITIONS CONTINUED TO: November 14, 2022

PUD/DP-24-21 Robert V Shaw

N Prow Road: 3500 block of N Hackberry Street

Request: Petitioner requests Final Plan and Preliminary Plat amendment for

Ridgefield PUD and Subdivision Section V.

Case Manager: Jackie Scanlan

SP-24-22 **Cutters Kirkwood 123 LLC**

115 E Kirkwood Ave

Request: Major site plan approval to construct a 4-story building with 3 floors of residential units over a ground floor parking garage and retail space in the MD-CS zoning district. The upper floors will consist of 15 dwelling units for a

total of 38 beds.

Case Manager: Karina Pazos

PETITIONS:

SP-27-21 Michael Cordaro (Johnson Creamery)

335 W 8th Street

Reguest: Petitioner is requesting an extension of the site plan approval granted under

case #SP-27-21 on October 18, 2021.

Case Manager: Eric Greulich

SP-06-22 Strauser Construction Co., Inc.

3000 & 3070 S Walnut St.

Request: Major site plan approval to construct a 9 building self service

Storage facility with 10 new vehicle parking spaces.

Case Manager: Karina Pazos

Next Meeting November 14, 2022 **Last Updated: 10/7/2022

Auxiliary aids for people with disabilities are available upon request with adequate notice.

Please call 812-349-3429 or e-mail human.rights@bloomington.in.gov.

ZO-40-22 Monroe County Government

Northeast Corner of I-69 and Fullerton Pike

Request: Map amendment (rezone) of one roughly 87.12 acre parcel from Mixed-Use Employment (ME) to Mixed-Use Institutional (MI).

Case Manager: Jackie Scanlan

BLOOMINGTON PLAN COMMISSION

STAFF REPORT DATE: October 10, 2022

CASE #: SP-27-21

Location: 335 W. 8th Street

PETITIONER: Michael Cordaro (Johnson Creamery)

400 W. 7th Street, Bloomington

CONSULTANTS: Ratio Architects, LLC.

101 S. Pennsylvania St., Indianapolis

Smith Design Group

2755 E Canada Drive, Bloomington

REQUEST: The petitioner is requesting an extension of the site plan approval granted under case #SP-27-21 on October 18, 2021.

BACKGROUND:

Area: 1.3 acres

Current Zoning: Mixed Use Downtown (MD) – Downtown Core Overlay

Comp Plan Designation: Downtown Existing Land Use: Surface parking

Proposed Land Use: Multi-family Residential Building

Surrounding Uses: North – Office

West – Office

East - Showers Building/B-Line Trail

South - Office

REPORT: The property is located on the north side of 7th Street and extends north to 8th Street and is within the Downtown Core Downtown Character Overlay of the Mixed-Use Downtown (MD) zoning district. Surrounding land uses include offices to the north, west, and south with the Showers office building and B-Line Trail to the east. The property currently contains a surface parking area that is used by tenants of the Johnson Creamery office building that fronts on 7th Street.

The Plan Commission approved a site plan (SP-27-21) for this site on October 18, 2021, to allow for the construction of a new residential building with 60 dwelling units, 74 bedrooms, and an interior parking area with 18 spaces. One of the conditions of approval with that approval involved the vacation of an alley that runs through a portion of the site. The petitioner has petitioned the Common Council for the alley vacation and is still working through the alley vacation process. Since that process has taken longer than anticipated, it has delayed initiating the permitting process for the project.

The UDO states that the approval of a major site plan shall be effective for a maximum period of one year unless, upon petition by the developer, the Plan Commission grants an extension pursuant to Section 20.06.040(h)(1). That section allow for the decision making body to grant an extension of up to one year, following a written request that explains reasonable cause for such

extension, prior to the expiration date. The final approval authority shall determine whether or not there is reasonable cause for the requested extension.

CONCLUSION: The petitioner is continuing to work through the alley vacation request and this has delayed the initiation of the project and permit approval process. The Department believes this is a reasonable cause for the extension of the approval.

RECOMMENDATION: The Department recommends the Plan Commission approve the request for extension of the site plan approval with the following condition:

1. The approval granted on October 18, 2021 shall be effective through October 18, 2023.

T 630.712.2400 peerlesscap.com



September 2, 2022

Joseph Patrick
Director of Development
Peerless Development

Petitioner's Statement – Request for Extension to the Plan Commission Site Plan Approval for 335 West 8th Street, Bloomington, Indiana

The intent of this Petitioners Statement is to provide a brief summary of the circumstances surrounding this proposed development after the Plan Commission approval which unavoidably created a delay in the start of construction. Based on these events, we are requesting a 1-year extension to the Plan Commission approval, allowing us to begin construction before October 18, 2023.

The proposed development at 335 W Eighth Street previously approved by the Plan Commission on October 18, 2021. As part of the Recommendation for approval of this project, a Condition was noted that we provide "Verification of the east/west alley vacation must be submitted prior to issuance of a grading permit".

Subsequent to this meeting, and after significant research at the City and County level by multiple parties involved, we were unable to find evidence of the formal vacation of the east/west alley. At that point, we were informed by the Plan Commission that in order for the project to proceed as approved, we would be required to submit a new request for the vacation of the east/west alley in question. This new alley vacation request would need to be reviewed by the Department of Public Works first and then formally approved by the City Council.

In parallel to this approval process with the DPW and City Council, we were also in negotiations with the City of Bloomington Historic Preservation Commission (HPC) and the Housing and Neighborhood Development Department (HAND) regarding the repair and refurbishment of the Johnson Creamery Smokestack, which was partially located within the east/west alley in question. While the smokestack refurbishment work was not formally part of the proposed development at 335 W. 8th St., it was inevitably linked to the property and on the minds of all parties involved at the City. We were informed by the City Council that a decision on the requested alley vacation could not be made until the discussions regarding the final scope of refurbishment work on the smokestack were agreed upon by the HPC, HAND, and the Developer. This process required the commissioning of a new Engineering Study to evaluate the condition of the smokestack and its compliance with current



building codes. This also initiated the process of the HPC requesting to designate the existing Johnson Creamery Building and Smokestack as a local Historic District. The approved scope of refurbishment work was finally resolved on April 1, 2022 with the issuance of a COA for the smokestack partial demolition and refurbishment.

Once the COA was received, we began the alley vacation process in earnest, starting with the DPW and City Council. Initially, there was a quite a bit of confusion about the extent of the east/west alley in question by all parties (considering that it no longer continues eastward beyond the B-Line trail and terminated at the formerly vacated Madison St.), which required a number of revisions to the legal description provided in the application. Once the application was finalized, we were scheduled for initial reading on the City County agenda in May. It was at this point that a request from the City Staff for concessions / donations from the Developer in exchange for the vacation of the alley was introduced. Negotiations on this topic took a considerable amount of time and ultimately delayed the review and consideration of the alley vacation request by the DPW and the City Council. As part of these negotiations, in mid-July, it was suggested that the Developer dedicate ROW to the City in exchange for the vacation of the existing east/west alley; effectively shifting the alley ROW south approximately 16'. This ROW dedication/vacation exchange request is still in progress at this time, with the hope of getting back in front of the City Council yet in the fall of 2022. At this time, this would appear to be the last major entitlement hurdle required before the proposed development can continue the review and approval process, in anticipation of beginning construction in late 2022 or early 2023.

Based on the overall duration of the surrounding circumstances summarized in the statement above, we believe it is apparent that this is a unique development, requiring unique solutions to the hurdles encountered along the way. With this understanding, we are requesting what might be noted as a unique consideration from the Plan Commission, in the form of a 1-year extension to the Plan Commission approval, allowing us to begin construction before October 18, 2023.

We appreciate the opportunity to work in the Bloomington community and would like to thank the Commission for its consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Joseph Patrick
Director of Development
Peerless Development

BLOOMINGTON PLAN COMMISSION

STAFF REPORT DATE: October 18, 2021

CASE #: SP-27-21

Location: 335 W. 8th Street

PETITIONER: Michael Cordaro (Johnson Creamery)

400 W. 7th Street, Bloomington

CONSULTANTS: Ratio Architects, LLC.

101 S. Pennsylvania St., Indianapolis

Smith Design Group

2755 E Canada Drive, Bloomington

REQUEST: The petitioner is requesting major site plan approval to allow for the construction of a 5-story building with 51 dwelling units in the Mixed-Use Downtown (MD) zoning district.

BACKGROUND:

Area: 1.3 acres

Current Zoning: Mixed Use Downtown (MD) – Downtown Core Overlay

Comp Plan Designation: Downtown **Existing Land Use:** Surface parking

Proposed Land Use: Multi-family Residential Building

Surrounding Uses: North – Office

West – Office

East - Showers Building/B-Line Trail

South - Office

REPORT: The property is located on the north side of 7th Street and extends north to 8th Street and is within the Downtown Core Downtown Character Overlay of the Mixed-Use Downtown (MD) zoning district. Surrounding land uses include offices to the north, west, and south with the Showers office building and B-Line Trail to the east. The property currently contains a surface parking area that is used by tenants of the Johnson Creamery office building that fronts on 7th Street. There is a 12' wide platted alley along the west side of this property that runs north/south and connects 7th Street to 8th Street. There is an underground culvert and 15' wide easement that runs through the northeast corner of this property that contains a 48" storm water pipe that serves the overall storm water drainage system for the portions of the City upstream of this area.

The Plan Commission recently approved a site plan (SP-11-20) for this site in 2020, however due to difficulties encountered regarding the relocation of the existing box culvert and concerns about the stability of the historic smokestack, the petitioner has had to redesign the proposed project.

The petitioner is requesting major site plan approval to allow for the construction of a new residential building with 60 dwelling units, 74 bedrooms, and an interior parking area with 18 spaces. There will be 44 studio units, 6 one-bedroom units, 6 two-bedroom units, and 4 3-bedroom units. The interior parking garage would be accessed from a drive cut on the alley on the west side and by an entrance on the south side of the building. The petitioner is proposing a 1,000 square foot fitness area along the ground floor of the 8th Street frontage and a large outdoor

plaza area, two dwelling units, and lobby along the ground floor facing the B-Line.

This petition is proposing to utilize two sections of the UDO. The first is Section 20.04.110 (d)(2)(A) Sustainable Development Incentives that allows for an additional floor of building height, not to exceed 12'. The second is to utilize Section 20.04.060(g) Adjustments to Minimum Parking Requirements to allow for a reduced on-site parking requirement. More information is discussed on those two aspects later in the report.

This petition is considered a Major Site Plan since it contains more than 50 dwelling units and is required to be reviewed by the Plan Commission.

SITE PLAN REVIEW:

Non-Residential Uses on the First Floor: This site is not required to have ground floor non-residential uses. They have proposed a 1,000 square foot fitness area along the ground floor of the 8th Street frontage and a large outdoor plaza area, two dwelling units, and lobby along the ground floor facing the B-Line.

Dimensional Standards: The build-to-range is 0 to 5 feet and a minimum of 70% of the building must be at the build-to-range. As a result of the underground culvert and easement which prohibits any portion of the building to be constructed in that area and difficulties encountered with relocating the culvert, the petitioner has requested a variance (V-16-21) from the minimum 70% of the building required to be at the build-to-line. There is a 10' minimum building setback required along the B-Line Trail and the building meets that requirement with the approximately 40' setback shown.

The maximum height in the DCO is 4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet. The proposed building is 5 stories and 60 feet tall. The petitioner is proposing to utilize the Sustainable Development Incentives in Section 20.04.110(d) that allow for an additional story, but not to exceed 12'. The UDO states that projects seeking to utilize the incentives shall demonstrate compliance with at least four of the six qualifying criteria. The petitioner has stated that they intend to meet sections (ii) Light Colored Hardscaping, (iii) Covered Parking, (iv) Cool or Vegetated Roof, and (v) Solar Energy. More information on the specific details related to compliance with each of those requirements is contained in their petitioner statement and supporting exhibits. The Department finds that this petition has demonstrated compliance with the four sections of the Sustainable Development Incentives listed and is eligible for the additional height as outlined.

Parking: Based on the bedroom and unit count, the site is required to have 45 on-site parking spaces. The site plan shows 26 parking spaces, 18 spaces will be created under this building and there will be 8 surface parking spaces. The petitioner is proposing to utilize Section 20.04.060(g) of the UDO that allows for adjustments to the minimum number of parking spaces required based on five different factors. The petitioner is proposing to utilize Section #2 (Proximity to Transit) and Section #5 (Modification of Minimum Parking Requirement Based on Parking Study) of that provision to allow for a reduction of required on-site parking spaces.

Section #2 allows for a 15% reduction if there is a fixed transit station within ¼ mile. There is a fixed transit stop at 7th and Morton which is within a ¼ mile of this site. This 15% reduction allows for a reduction of 7 parking spaces from the 45 required spaces, which would reduce the

number of required spaces to 38.

Section #5 allows for a further modification to the minimum number of spaces based on the submittal of a parking demand study. The petitioner has prepared a parking demand study and that is included in the packet. The study discusses the use of shared cars within units as well as an expected decrease in cars for residents of the studio and one-bedroom units, and the use of specific car sharing programs. It should also be noted that the City recently finished construction of a new public parking garage immediately adjacent to this project at the Trades District Garage. The Public Works Department has indicated that there are spaces available for long term lease and the petitioner has initiated communication with the City to secure long term leases for residents. Given the information presented in the Parking Demand Study and the location and availability of on-street parking spaces, and spaces available within a public parking garage immediately adjacent to this property, the Department finds a further reduction of 12 parking spaces appropriate and that the proposed 26 parking spaces should be approved at this location for this project.

Since the petitioner is partially relying on a car sharing program to justify the request for a reduction in the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required, the Department recommends that a minimum number of parking spaces within the on-site garage be set aside for vehicles in the ride sharing program. The petitioner has agreed to set aside 3 spaces within the garage for vehicles in the program and a condition of approval has been proposed to that effect.

Access: There are two proposed vehicular accesses to the parking garage, one off of the alley on the west and one on the south side of the garage. There will not be any drive cuts on 8th Street for this project. There are no setback standards for driveways along an alley and each driveway width does not exceed the maximum 24' in width that is allowed.

The property is required to have one pedestrian entrance for any primary building façade along a public street and one pedestrian entrance per 100 feet of building frontage along the B-Line Trail. There will be pedestrian access to the building from an entrance on the north side of the building from 8th Street and a large plaza area and additional entrance from the east side of the building along the B-Line trail. The site has approximately 150' of frontage along the Trail and is required 2 pedestrian entrances. There are two pedestrian entrances shown along the B-Line Trail façade and this requirement has been met. The UDO outlines specific design features for the pedestrian entrances and compliance with this section has been fulfilled with the proposed entrances.

Bicycle Parking: The UDO requires bicycle parking be provided at a minimum of 20% per number of vehicular spaces provided or one space per 5 bedrooms, whichever is more. Based on the 74 bedrooms, there would be 15 bicycle parking spaces required. Since there are more than 25 dwelling units, a minimum of one-half of the bicycle parking spaces must be covered and one-quarter of the spaces must be long-term Class I facilities. The petitioner has shown several areas for bicycle parking around the north side of the building. Bicycle parking should also be provided along the B-Line trail façade as well. Compliance with this section will be reviewed prior to issuance of a grading permit. A condition of approval has been proposed to that effect.

Architecture/Materials: The building will be finished in primarily brick with masonry accents and cast stone or stone elements. These are all permitted materials in the DCO. The overall building features a base element that is separated from the upper floors by a masonry accent

band. There is also a masonry cap along the top of the building to define that area as well. Additional architectural review comments are provided in a memo from Schmidt & Associates that is included in the packet. This petition meets the Architectural standards outlined in the UDO.

Façade Articulation: The UDO requires that building facades shall incorporate exterior horizontal belt course design elements for the building base, middle, and cap. In addition, exterior vertical banding is required to visually define walls and modules. The proposed building meets these requirements with varied design elements and differences in building materials to define the base, middle, and cap of the building. Vertical modules have been shown along the building and include the use of different materials for the recessed modules. The maximum allowed length of the façade modules is 65' and a minimum 20'. The 8th Street side is only 55' wide and therefore meets the maximum façade modulation length standards.

Upper Floor Façade Stepback: BMC 20.02.060(a)(5) requires that the first three stories of building façade in the DCO character area must comply with the build-to-range and that the portions of the building façade facing the street above three stories shall step back from the lower story vertical façade/wall plane a minimum of 15 feet. The submitted elevations and site plan show compliance with this requirement.

Void-to-Solid Percentage: The DCO sets a minimum first floor void-to-solid requirement of 60%, consisting of transparent glass or façade openings, for facades facing a street or the B-Line. The proposed building facades along both of these frontages meet this requirement with 85% void-to-solid shown along the 8th Street frontage and 60% shown along the B-Line Trail frontage.

Streetscape: Street trees and pedestrian-scaled lighting are required along the 8th Street frontage. One street light is required along the 8th Street frontage and has been included as a condition of approval.

Pedestrian Facilities/Alternative Transportation: A new sidewalk and tree plot will be installed along the 8th Street frontage and has been shown to be designed to meet the light hardscaping requirements discussed previously. The retail space on the ground floor features an open plaza area that merges with the B-Line trail to create a seamless interaction area. Any work to the B-Line trail area must be coordinated with the Parks Department and City prior to construction.

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: The Comprehensive Plan designates this property as Downtown. The Downtown designation "is a mixed use, high intensity activity center serving regional, community-wide, and neighborhood markets. Bloomington must strive to improve downtown as a compact, walkable, and architecturally distinctive area in the traditional block pattern that serves as the heart of Bloomington while providing land use choices to accommodate visitors, business, shoppers and residents.' Land use policies for this area state that:

Goal 4.1 Maintain Historic Character. Encourage redevelopment that complements and does not detract from the Downtown's historic, main street character. The building has been designed to complement and mirror the design of the historic Showers Building and Johnson Creamery Building.

Goal 2.3 Resilent Public Spaces: Ensure public spaces are of high quality, engaging, and active. The design of this building and plaza space along the B-Line Trail actively engages with the trail and creates a quasi-public space. The design of the building also complements the B-Line Trail with the stepbacks and extended awning along the Trail.

Goal 3.2 Built Environment and Green Space: Drive increased efficiency and reduced environmental impacts in the built environment. The incorporation of the four elements of the Sustainable Development Incentives will reduce the heat island effect of the petition as well as provide solar energy to reduce the building's energy demands. These items directly further some of the stated goals of the Comprehensive Plan to improve the site design of buildings in the built environment.

SITE PLAN REVIEW: The Plan Commission shall review the major site plan petition and approve, approve with conditions, or deny the petition in accordance with Section 20.06.040(g) (Review and Decision), based on the general approval criteria in Section 20.06.040(d)(6)(B) (General Compliance Criteria).

20.06.040(d)(6)(B) General Compliance Criteria

- i. Compliance with this UDO
- ii. Compliance with Other Applicable Regulations
- iii. Compliance with Utility, Service, and Improvement Standards
- iv. Compliance with Prior Approvals
- v. Consistency with Comprehensive Plans and Other Applicable Plans
- vi. Consistent with Intergovernmental Agreements
- vii. Minimization or Mitigation of Adverse Impacts
- viii. Adequacy of Road Systems
- ix. Provides Adequate Public Services and Facilities
- x. Rational Phasing Plan

PROPOSED FINDING: The petition meets all of the UDO requirements with the exception of the percentage of the building required to be at the build-to-line. If a variance from that standard is not approved, then the proposed elevations and site plans must be revised and approved. No problems have been identified with meeting all stormwater and utility connections. No adverse impacts on adjacent properties has been identified. The site is adjacent to existing public roads and alleys and will be easily accessed, with Bloomington Transit service immediately nearby also. The petition is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan which encourages infill development and reuse of underutilized properties. No phasing is planned.

CONCLUSION: This petition meets all of the UDO requirements for the Downtown Core Downtown Character Overlay. This project provides a high quality building along the B-Line Trail and the placement of the plaza space along the B-Line Trail facade allows for the visitors to the building to actively engage between the Trail and building. The development provides housing immediately adjacent to the developing Trades District employment area. The incorporation of the Sustainable Development Incentives provides several environmentally friendly design features for this project as well.

RECOMMENDATION: The Department recommends approval of SP-27-21 with the following conditions of approval:

- 1. A total of 15 bicycle parking spaces are required and will need to be shown on the site plan before issuance of a grading permit.
- 2. One street light and street trees not more than 40' from center are required along the 8th Street frontage and will need to be shown on the site plan before issuance of a grading permit.

Phone: 812.349.3423

MEMORANDUM

Date: October 18, 2021

To: Bloomington Plan Commission

From: Bloomington Environmental Commission

Subject: SP-27-21: Johnson Creamery Apartments

335 W. 8th Street

The purpose of this memo is to convey the environmental concerns and subsequent recommendations for conditions of approval for this development petition. The Environmental Commission's (EC) objective is that the results of our review and suggestions will lead to enhancement of the ecosystem services provided, and the climate-change mitigation attributes of the site.

The EC commends the Petitioner for incorporating green building features in the structure and for eliminating the parking lot adjacent to 8th St and the B-Line Trail. To become a greener and more walkable community, these sorts of actions ought to be applauded for their positive impact on our environment. We hope to see future projects follow the example set.

Comments

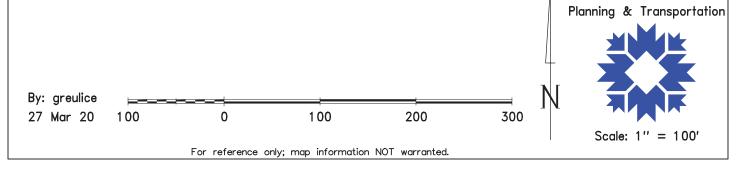
1.) LANDSCAPE PLAN

The Landscape Plan needs to be finalized with the grading permit. Some plant species will need to be changed (example is Ulmus x 'Frontier'), and the amount of pervious surface needs to be calculated to determine the quantity of interior plants.

Recommended Conditions of Approval

1.) Revise the Landscape Plan prior to the Grading Permit issuance.





Peerless Development 105 South York Street Suite 450 Elmhurst, IL 60126



October 4, 2021

Petitioner's Statement – 335 West 8th Street, Bloomington, Indiana

The proposed development at 335 W Eighth Street is approximately 45,000 square feet, five story apartment building. The site is part of the larger Johnson Creamery property and will be located on the northern end of the site where a parking lot currently exists. It is bound by 8*street to the north, the B-Line to the east and an alley to the west. The existing Johnson Creamery building, and associated smokestack will not be altered as part of this project. The first level of the building will consist of approximately (18) covered parking spaces for residents along with the main entrance lobby for residents and service / mechanical areas, an amenity space and 2 residential units. Floors 2-5 will consist of all residential units. The total unit count is approximately 60 units – 44 studios, 6 one-bedroom units, 6 two-bedroom units, and 4 three-bedroom units.

The architecture of the building is meant to reference the character of the surrounding area and the properties' industrial historical character. The exterior will contain masonry accents, and other façade materials that appear industrial in nature, color, and design. Due to an existing city-owned box culvert that begins on the Northwest part of the site and continues to run diagonally South and East, the property façade facing 8th street will mirror the movement of the culvert to avoid it altogether. Our previous design of this property anticipated relocation of this box culvert, however, the complex logistics, its proximity to the existing smokestack, and the final costs associated with this relocation work proved to be practically unfeasible. The exterior of the building will be a mix of masonry with stone accents, metal siding and fiber cement panels. The north 8th street façade features the main building entry and will present to the street a primarily elevation of storefront glazing at the ground floor level with fiber cement and metal panel accents above. Starting at the fourth level, the building façade steps back to scale down the building along the street that is within 15' of the 8th street property line. For the upper two levels, the exterior materials switch to a fiber cement panel system to further scale the building back. The east façade faces the B-Line and is slightly stepped in response to the angle of the B-Line fronting the site. The façade closest to the historical smokestack is clad in masonry to create a visual connection with the existing building and a harmonious backdrop for the smokestack. The stepping of the façade, along with variation in material and residential balconies create depth and interest along this primary façade to architecturally engage B-Line. Here, the façade is a combination metal siding and a wood grained panel that to provide a mix of industrial and natural materials. The south and west facades front the rest of Johnson Creamery property and the alley, respectively. These elevations are a bit quieter, but with the same mix of materials to create a cohesive property.

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Standard Variances

Dimensional Standards: The standard Build-to-Range in the MD-DC is that a minimum of 70% of the Building Façade should fall at a maximum distance of 0-5' from the lot line. Peerless is asking for a variance to allow the building to be set back diagonally from 8th Street on account of trying to avoid the box culvert. This wouldn't conform to the standard in the MD-DC code. This variance is being requested on account of a development hardship.

The maximum height in the DCO is 4 stories, not to exceed 50 feet. The proposed building is 5 stories and approximately 60 feet tall. We are proposing to utilize the Sustainable Development Incentives in Section 20.04.110(d) in order to allow for a taller structure.

To meet the requirements of the sustainable development incentives and allow for increased height, the project will include the following sustainable elements into the design:

- 1. Light Colored Hardscaping through the use of concrete work and pavers, more than 80% of the horizontal hardscaping will have an SRI of greater than 29.
- 2. Covered Parking On site parking will provide at least 75% under roof cover with a combination of photovoltaic solar panels, vegetation, and membrane surfaces with an SRI higher than 32.
- 3. Cool or Vegetated Roof The roof of the proposed project will be a combination of photovoltaic solar panels, vegetation, and low slope roofing materials with an initial SRI of greater than 82. This will constitute more than 70% of the total roof area of the project.
- 4. Solar Energy A solar photovoltaic system will cover more than 35% of the roof area of the proposed project.

Parking: The residential units we are proposing would require approximately 45 on-site parking spaces. We are proposing to utilize Section 20.04.060(g) of the UDO that allows for adjustments to the minimum number of parking spaces required based on five different factors. We are proposing to utilize Section #2 (Proximity to Transit) and Section #5 (Modification of Minimum Parking Requirement Based on Parking Study) of that provision to allow for a reduction of required on-site parking.

Section #5 allows for Modification of Minimum Parking Requirements based on a Parking Study. To understand the parking needs for the building, we contracted the firm Desman to perform a parking analysis. In the study, it was recommended based on the projected auto ownership for rental unit analysis they performed to utilize the following ratios of parking spaces per Dwelling Unit Type (the difference being the number of bedrooms) found on page 3. Desman recommended utilizing the following ratios: studio use .5, 1 BR use .90, 2-BR use 1.35, 3-BR

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use 1.35. Based on this, the recommended number of required parking spaces is reduced by 4.10 parking spaces to 40.90 on-site parking spaces.

Section #2 allows for a 15% reduction if there is a fixed transit station within ¼ mile. There is a fixed transit stop at 7th and Morton which is within a ¼ mile of this site. This 15% reduction allows for a reduction of 6 parking spaces from the reduced amount of 40.90 spaces to 35 (34.77) on-site parking spaces.

The second part of the study Desman provided allowed for a further modification to the minimum number of spaces (Section #5). In their study, they have provided evidence on ways to reduce the required parking amount by implementing a car sharing program. The program requires a partnership with a car sharing company like Zip Car, and by implementing such program, the evidence suggests that we can eliminate between 16 to 20 spaces. Peerless would like to utilize a car sharing program for one space in our garage and thereby eliminate 16-20 spaces based on the research by Desman. This reduction would reduce the number of required on-site spaces to 15-19 spaces.

We look forward to partnering with the City of Bloomington on this project.

Sincerely,

Michael Cordaro Founder + Principal



Page 1 of 3

MEMORANDUM

DATE: September 23, 2021

TO: Joseph Patrick

Peerless Development

FROM: Gerald Salzman

RE: Parking Study - 335 W. 8th Street Development - Bloomington, IN

The purpose of this memorandum is to summarize the findings of a parking study conducted by DESMAN for the multi-family residential development known as the 335 W. 8th Street in downtown Bloomington. The project site is adjacent to the City Hall and less than 1000 feet from the County Courthouse Square. There is a public parking garage within easy walking distance and a transit stop adjacent to the site. The project will consist of approximately, 60 apartment units and 18 on-site parking spaces which are designed to appeal to University students.

A parking analysis was conducted to determine the potential parking demand for the development based on the Bloomington Indiana Unified Development Ordinance. The site is located within the MD Zoning District.

Assumptions

The projected land use for the development is shown in **Table 1**.

Table 1 - Land Use

Land Use	Number	Units
Studio	44	Dwelling Units
1 Bedroom	6	Dwelling Units
2 Bedrooms	6	Dwelling Units
3 Bedrooms	<u>4</u>	Dwelling Units
Total	60	

Source: Peerless

The minimum parking requirements for the given land uses shown in **Table 1** were derived from the City of Bloomington's Unified Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 20.10, Table 04-9 which specifies the minimum number of permitted parking spaces by land use. An allowance for proximity to transit per Chapter 20.04.060 (B) was applied. The summary of minimum parking requirements for the uses listed in **Table 1** can be found in **Table 2**.



Page 2 of 3

Table 2 – Minimum Number of Permitted Parking Spaces by Land Use According to UDO

			Parking	Parking
Land Use	Number	Units	Ratio	Spaces
Studio	44	Dwelling Units	0.50	22
1 Bedroom	6	Dwelling Units	1.00	6
2 Bedrooms	6	Dwelling Units	1.50	9
3 Bedrooms	<u>4</u>	Dwelling Units	2.00	<u>8</u>
Subtotal	60			45
Transit Proximity Reduction			0.15	<u>-9</u>
Total	60			<u>-9</u> 36

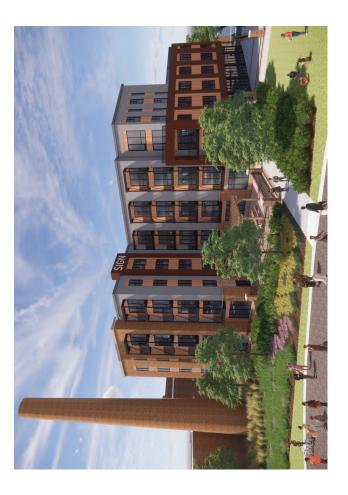
Source: Bloomington, Indiana - Code of Ordinances- Title 20 - UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE- Chapter 20.04.110.

Conclusion

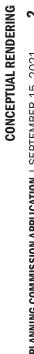
Based on the above analysis and the City's Unified Development Ordinance, the 335 W. 8th Street Development would require 36 spaces. Based on discussions with the development team, we believe that the location of the site in downtown and the specific orientation of the project within the market, it is likely that the actual demand will be substantially lower. Given the location of the site in proximity to the available public parking garage we believe that the actual demand will be substantially lower. Any demand from tenants exceeding the 18 spaces provided as well as any visitor demand can be accommodated in the City garage. Given the low auto ownership anticipated, we recommend that at least one car share space be provided in the City garage. If auto use by tenants remains low, additional car share spaces may be desirable. Auto use characteristics should be reviewed after move in to determine the number of spaces needed for similar projects going forward.

335 W 8th Street - Planning Commission application | September 15, 2021

335 W 8th STREET PLANNING COMMISSION APPLICATION

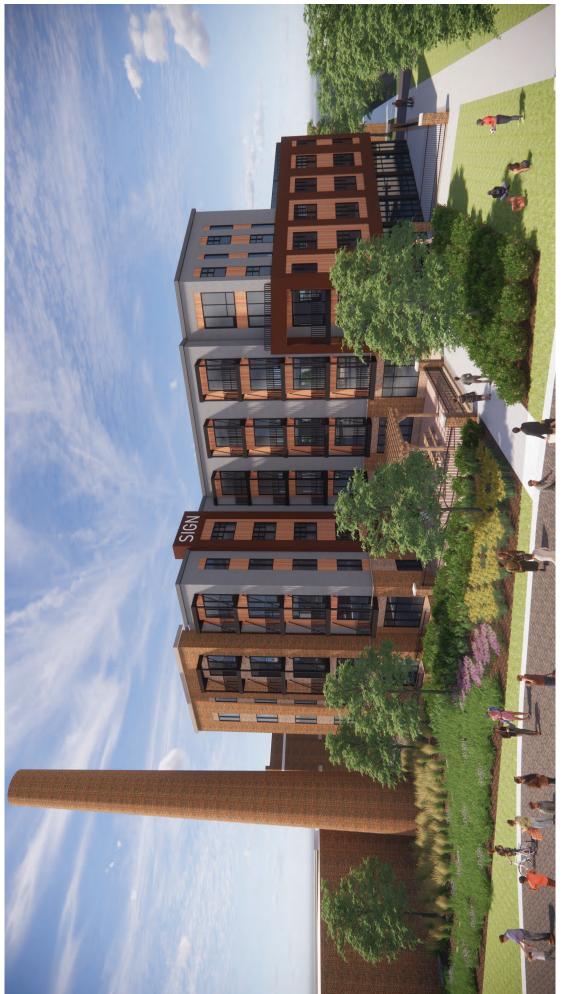




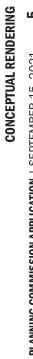






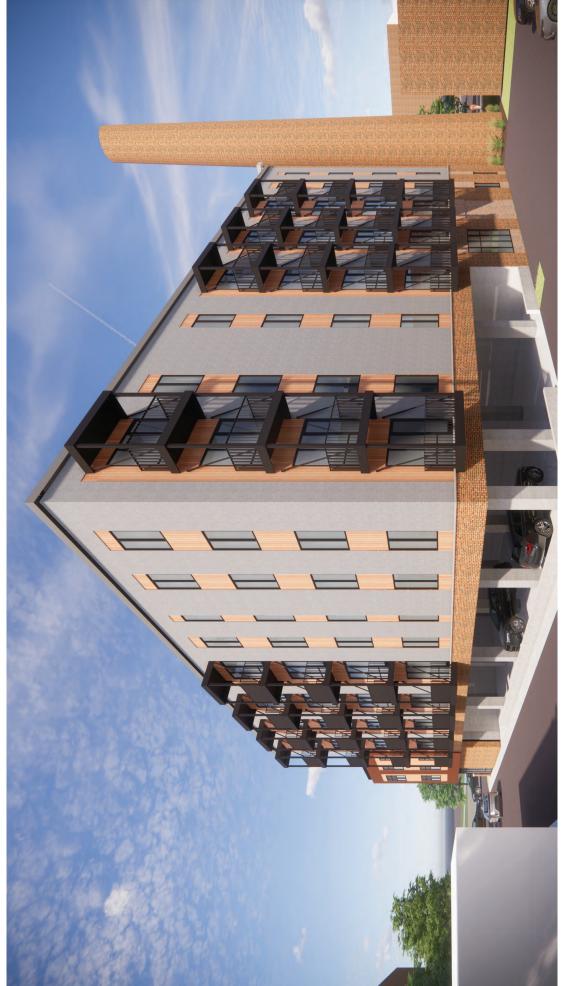


CONCEPTUAL RENDERING ${\bf 335 \, W \, 8th \, STREET \cdot PLANNING \, COMMISSION \, APPLICATION \, \mid \, SEPTEMBER \, 15, \, 2021}$

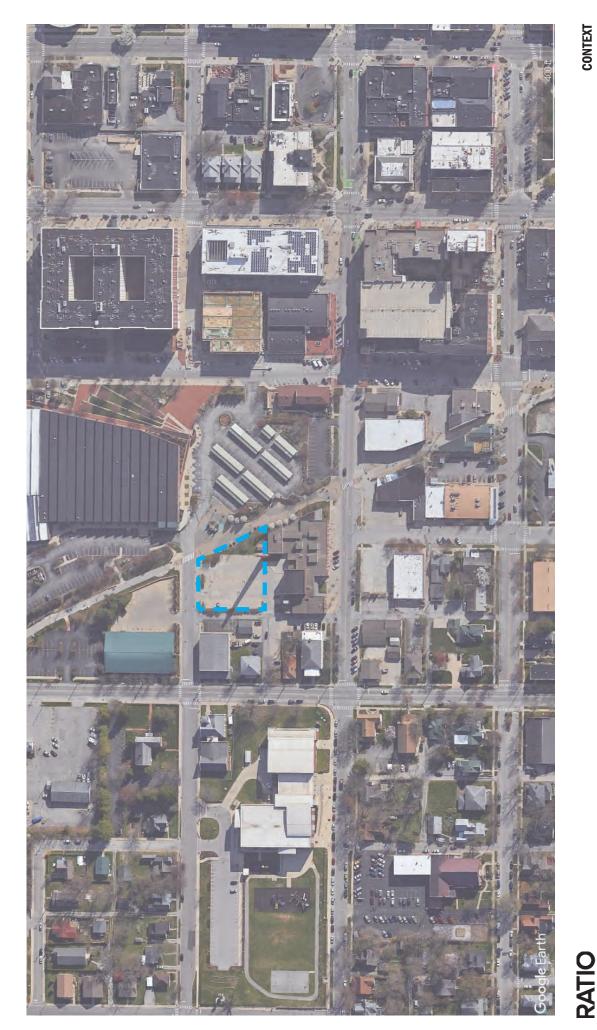
















LANDSCAPE PLAN



LEGEND

- 1 RESIDENT ENTRY + BIKE PARKING
- (2) FENCED RESIDENT AMENITY PATIO
- 3 PARKING
- (4) NEW 8TH STREET SIDEWALK AND VEGETATED BUFFER
- (5) ORNAMENTAL AND TREE PLANTINGS
- (6) OUTDOOR FITNESS



9	7
UNITS	BEDS
TOTAL	TOTAL

0 4

37,138	45,672	
NRSF	GSF	

^{*}Studio Total SF accounts for one studio that is a non-standard size (532 SF)



^{**}Includes stairs and elevators

^{***}Includes fitness and lobby space



BUILDING PROGRAM

PARKING SPACES
RES. LOBBY
RES. FITNESS
STUDIO UNITS
1 BR UNITS
2 BR UNITS
3 BR UNITS
TOTAL UNITS

1000 SF 44 @ 512 SF 6 @ 752 SF 6 @ 810 SF 4 @ 1320 SF 60 18 600 SF





BUILDING PROGRAM

PARKING SPACES
RES. LOBBY
RES. FITNESS
STUDIO UNITS
1 BR UNITS
2 BR UNITS
3 BR UNITS
TOTAL UNITS

1000 SF 18 600 SF



CONCEPT PLAN - LEVEL 4 & 5



1000 SF 44 @ 512 SF 6 @ 752 SF 6 @ 810 SF 4 @ 1320 SF 60 18 600 SF

BUILDING PROGRAM

PARKING SPACES
RES. LOBBY
RES. FITNESS
STUDIO UNITS
1 BR UNITS
2 BR UNITS
3 BR UNITS
TOTAL UNITS



35

14





WEST ELEVATION

GROUND FLOOR 0'-0"

SECOND FLOOR 14'-0"



ARCHITECTURAL CEMENT BOARD PANEL

WOOD GRAIN

R00F 58'-6"

FOURTH FLOOR 34'-0"

THIRD FLOOR 24'-0"

FIFTH FLOOR 44'-0"







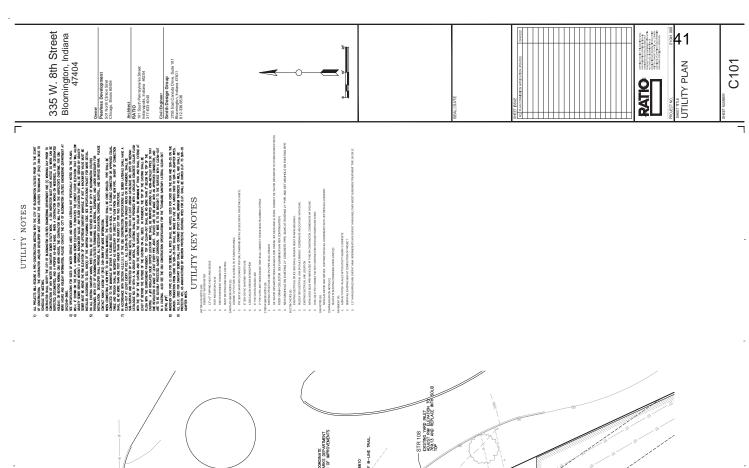


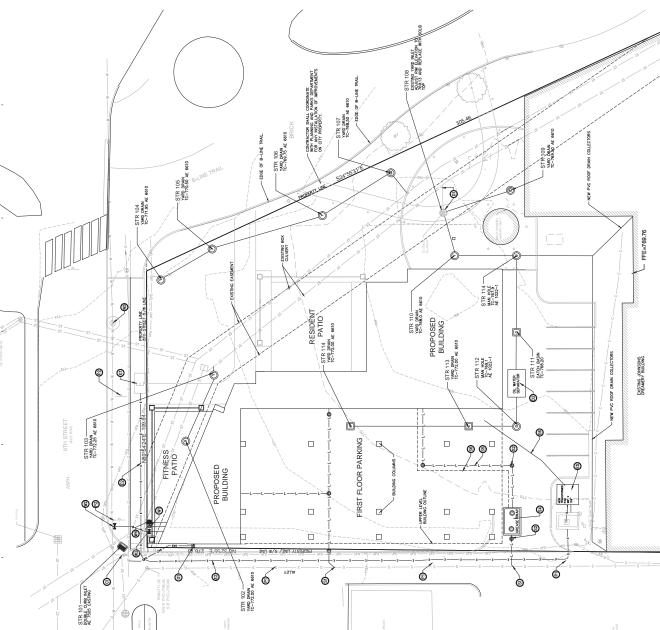


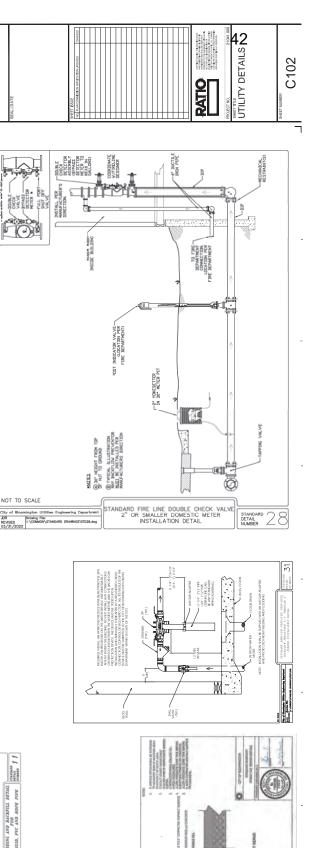


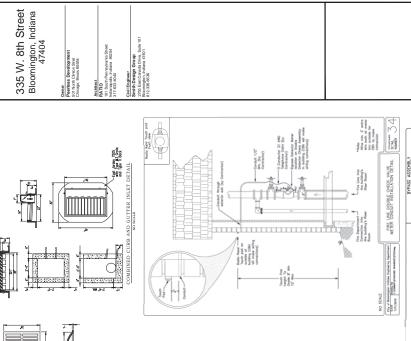
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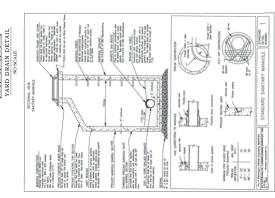
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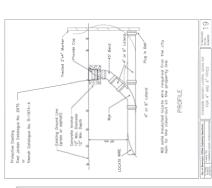


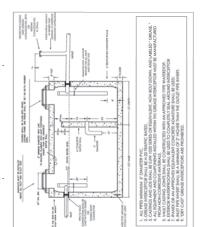




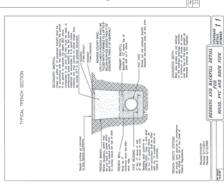


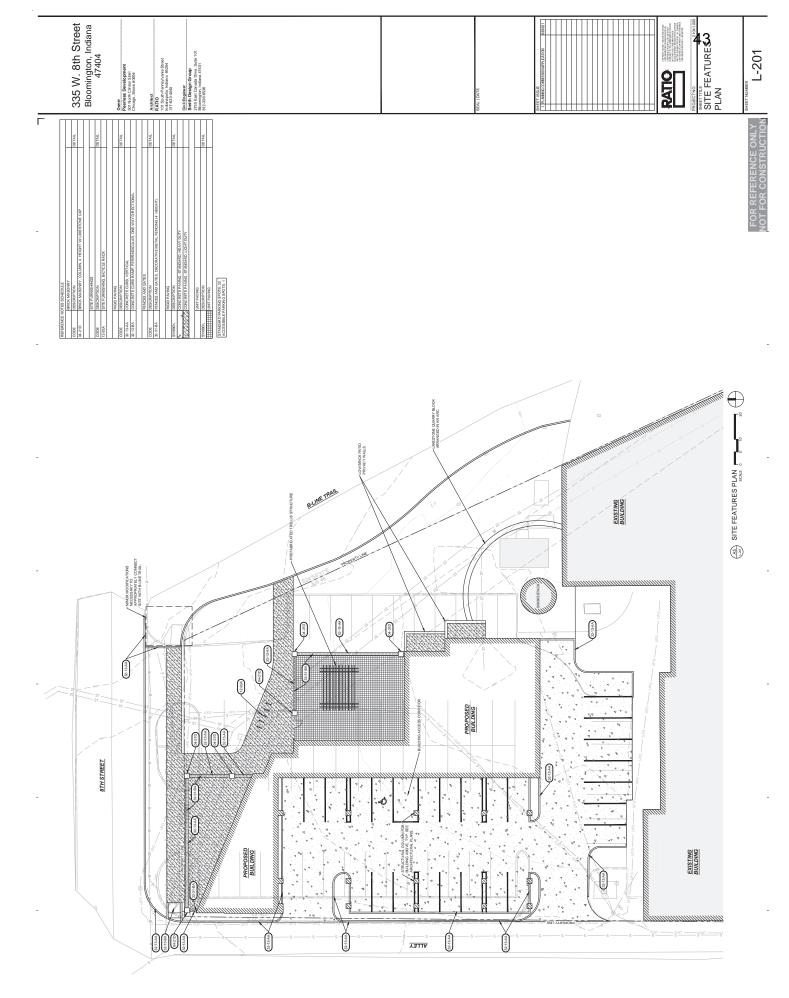


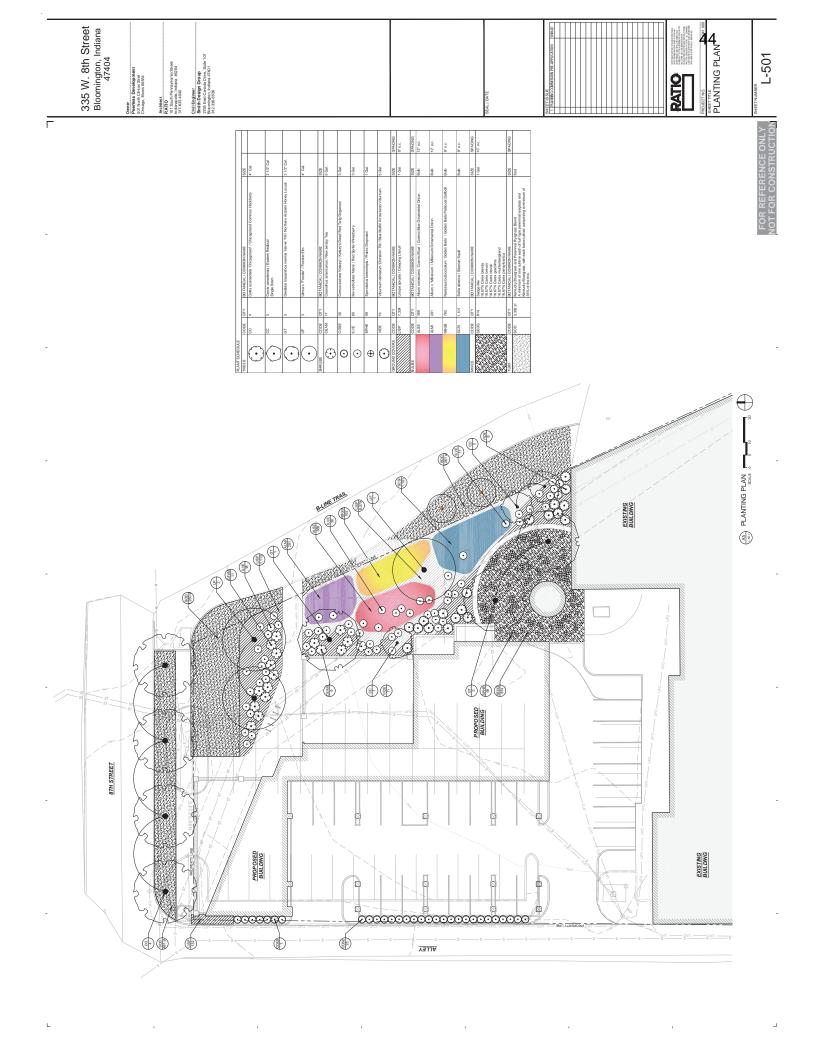


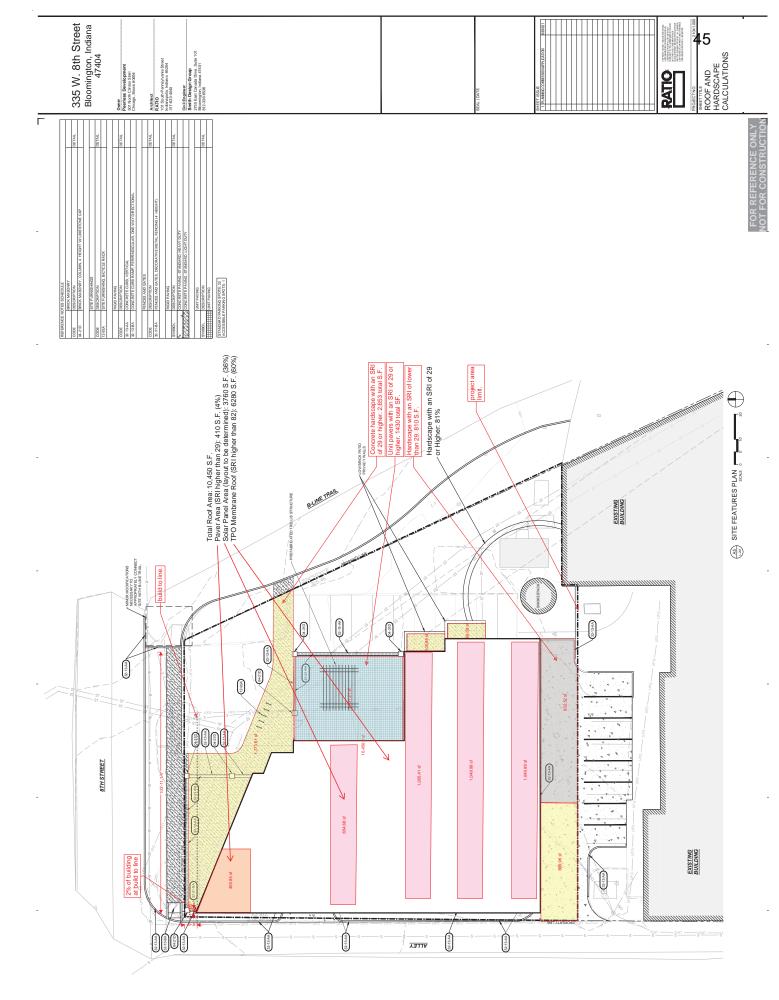


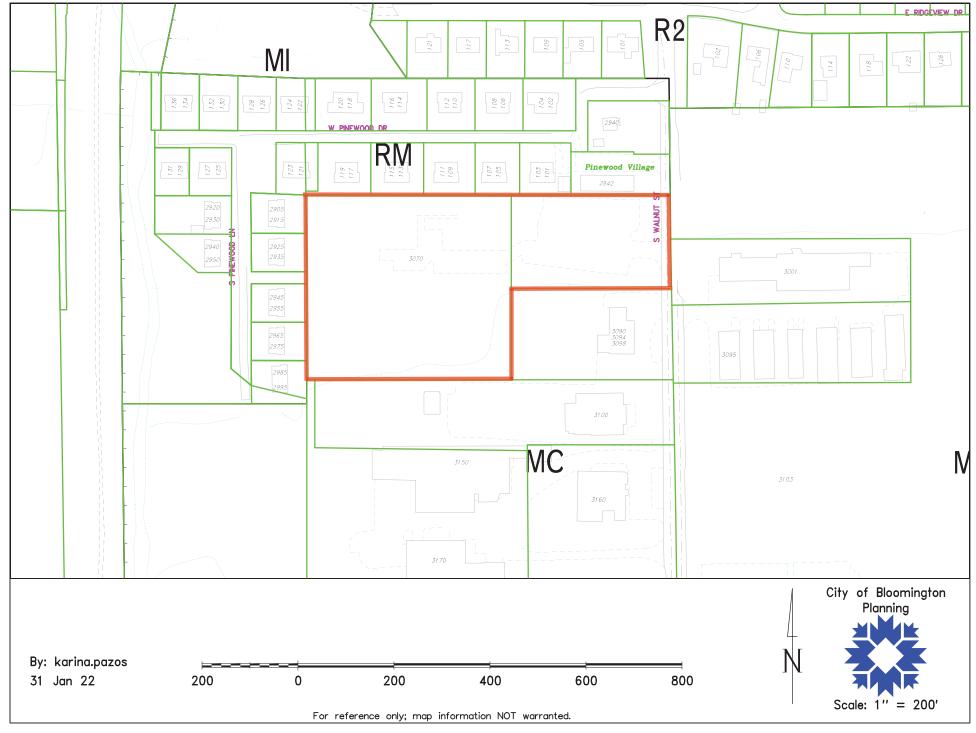
STANDARD GREASE INTERCEPTOR STANDARD 21















For reference only; map information NOT warranted.



Scale: 1'' = 150'

BLOOMINGTON PLAN COMMISSION STAFF REPORT

Location: 3000 & 3070 S Walnut St

PETITIONER: Strauser Construction Co.

453 S. Clarizz Blvd. Bloomington, IN 47401

CONSULTANT: Smith Design Group c/o Don Kocarek

2755 E. Canada Dr., Suite 101 Bloomington, IN 47401

REQUEST: The petitioner is requesting a major site plan approval to construct a 3-building self-service storage facility with six bicycle parking spaces and 15 new vehicle parking spaces.

CASE #: SP-06-22

DATE: October 10, 2022

BACKGROUND:

Area: 5.13 acres

Current Zoning: MC (Mixed-Use Corridor)

Comprehensive Plan

Designation: Neighborhood Residential

Existing Land Use: Vacant and Commercial – Fitness center, large

Proposed Land Use: Storage, self-service

Surrounding Uses: North – Dwelling, multifamily and single-family (attached)

South - Contractor's yard and Club or Lodge

East - Storage, self-service

West – Dwelling, single-family (attached)

REPORT: The property is currently zoned Mixed-Use Corridor (MC), is located on the west side of South Walnut Street, and contains two parcels located at 3000 and 3070 South Walnut Street. The properties to the east and south are also zoned MC. The properties to the north and west are zoned Residential Multifamily (RM). Currently, the westernmost parcel, located at 3070 South Walnut Street, contains Force Fitness, a 10,000 square-foot fitness center. The other parcel contains a driveway and sidewalk that connects to the Force Fitness parking lot.

The petitioner is requesting major site plan approval for three new self-service storage buildings that will be located on both parcels in this property. All three buildings will contain storage units accessed from interior hallways and each building will provide a loading area for trucks to drive inside and load or unload storage items via garage doors facing the interior of the property.

In the MC zoning district, a Self-Service Storage use is permitted with use-specific standards. Under the use-specific standards, the UDO states that if a site is adjacent to a Residential zoning district, loading docks cannot be installed on the side of the facility facing the residentially zoned land, a permanent screen shall be required along all property boundaries and shall conform to landscaping and screening requirements in Section 20.04.080(m) (Screening), and public access shall only be permitted between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. Furthermore, Section 20.04.080(m) (Screening) requires screening for sites if the loading areas are visible from a public street. The petitioner is proposing the three loading areas to be located where they are not visible from public open space, public trails, public streets, or from adjacent properties, to the maximum extent practicable.

MAJOR SITE PLAN REVIEW 20.06.050(a)(2)(C)(ii): Major site plan approval is required for developments that contain more than 15,000 square feet of gross floor area. This proposed site plan will create 38,107 square feet of gross floor area.

DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS & INCENTIVES 20.04: The following UDO standards are required to be reviewed for all activities that require New Development approval.

Dimensional Standards:

- **Setbacks:** The MC zoning district requires a minimum of 15 feet of front building setback, minimum of seven feet for side and rear building setbacks, and a front parking setback minimum of 20 feet behind the primary structure's front building wall. The proposed site plan demonstrates compliance with setbacks.
- **Height:** The maximum height in the MC zoning district is four stories not to exceed 50 feet. All the proposed buildings will be 1-story in height. Each proposed building complies with the maximum height requirement.
- **Impervious Surface Coverage:** The maximum impervious surface coverage in the MC zoning district is 60% and the minimum landscape area is 40%. The petitioner has stated the proposal to have 40% impervious surface coverage and 60% landscape area. The proposal meets the impervious surface coverage and landscape requirements.

Environmental: The parcel on the west side of the property has a 75' riparian buffer along the southern portion of the lot, and the parcel on the east side of the property has a 35' riparian buffer along the southern portion of the lot. The 35' riparian buffer was designed after variance SP-UV-40-12 was granted.

There is a floodplain that runs along the southwest corner of the site. An existing detention basin was designed east of the floodplain to accommodate stormwater drainage for the entire site.

Parking: The maximum vehicle parking requirement for a large fitness center use is 2.5 spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area. The maximum vehicle parking requirement for a self-service storage use is 2.85 spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area of indoor sales/leasing/office space. The fitness center has 10,000 square feet of gross floor area so the maximum vehicle parking requirement for that use is 25 spaces. The self-service storage facility is proposed to have 38,107 square feet of gross floor area but only has minimal hallway space for rental kiosks, so the maximum vehicle parking requirement for that use is 2.85 spaces. The cumulative maximum for the property is 27 vehicle parking spaces. The site currently has 35 parking spaces, including two ADA accessible parking spaces, and the petitioner is proposing 15 new parking spaces, for a total of 50 parking spaces on the site. Eight of those parking spaces are proposed to be added onto the southern end of the existing parking lot. The remaining 7 proposed parking spaces would be in a parking lot between the two proposed buildings north of the drive. The proposal does not meet the maximum vehicle parking requirement but the petitioner has received a variance, V-39-22, from the parking maximum for the proposed parking design.

Bicycle Parking/Alternative Transportation: Each development subject to Section 20.04.03(l) of the UDO shall provide a minimum of six bicycle parking spaces or the number of bicycle parking spaces required in Table 04-13: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements, whichever is more. In the MC zoning district, bicycle parking spaces are required at two percent of the provided vehicle parking for employment uses, and at five percent of the provided vehicle parking for

commercial uses. The self-service storage is an employment use and the existing fitness center is a commercial use. In this case, six bicycle spaces are required because calculations based on Table 04-13 only total three bicycle spaces for the entire site. The proposal includes six bicycle parking spaces.

This development will also improve the pedestrian facilities along South Walnut Street. Proposed right-of-way is 90 feet for South Walnut Street, which has a General Urban street typology. No new right-of-way will be dedicated with this project, but facilities will be improved. The Transportation Plan calls for a 10-foot wide sidewalk and 8-foot wide treeplot. The sidewalk and treeplot will need to be improved along the parcel that abuts South Walnut Street to meet those requirements. The proposal includes a 10-foot wide sidewalk and a treeplot ranging from nine feet to 12.31 feet. The petitioner is proposing to remove 1.25 feet of the existing asphalt south of the driveway to allow for the treeplot width to be nine feet. The proposal meets the treeplot and sidewalk requirements.

Landscaping:

Street Trees – A minimum of one canopy tree shall be planted per 40 feet of property that abuts a public right-of-way. The proposal consists of five canopy trees which meets the requirement. The City's Urban Forester will need to be consulted about the species of street trees from the UDO which can be utilized with this development.

Buffer Yards – Type 2 and Type 3 buffer yards are required along part of the north and west sides of the property because the adjacent uses are multifamily and single-family (attached). The proposal includes a buffer Type 3 along the west side and along part of the north side, and the eastern portion of the north side of the property that faces a multifamily apartment complex is shown to have a buffer Type 2. The proposal meets the buffer yard requirements.

Parking Lot Landscaping – The UDO requires parking lot perimeter areas to contain a minimum of one tree per four parking spaces, with at least 75 percent of the required trees to be large canopy trees from the permitted plant species list, and must be planted within 10 feet of the parking lot edge. The proposal meets the parking lot perimeter tree requirements.

The UDO requires parking lot perimeter areas to contain a minimum of three shrubs per one parking space with shrubs from the permitted plant species list that grow to a minimum height of 4 feet, and must be planted within 5 feet of the parking lot edge. The proposal meets the parking lot perimeter shrub requirements.

The UDO requires parking lots with 12 or more parking spaces to provide one landscape bumpout, island, or endcap per every 10 parking spaces, and the width and length of each must be equal to the width and length of the adjacent parking space. In addition, each landscape bumpout, island, or endcap must contain at least one large canopy tree, or two large canopy trees if the area is equal to the width and length of two parking spaces. These areas must be installed lower than the parking surface and any parking areas with curbing must incorporate gaps to allow stormwater run-off to enter for natural treatment and filtration. These areas must be installed to control vehicular circulation and define major drives, and shall be placed at intervals of no more than 10 consecutive spaces. The proposal meets the landscape bumpout requirements.

Mixed-Use and Nonresidential Landscaping – The minimum landscape area on site or areas not covered by impervious surfaces, excluding the buffer yard areas, shall be planted with the

following interior plantings:

- 1. A minimum of nine large canopy trees, three evergreen trees, and three medium or small canopy trees per acre. A minimum of 75 percent of the required trees shall be canopy trees;
- 2. A minimum of 27 shrubs per acre. One ornamental tree may be substituted for every four shrubs; however, substitution shall not exceed 50 percent of the required shrubs;
- 3. And, shrubs and ornamental trees along foundation walls of structures shall be planted no closer than two feet and eight feet respectively from the foundation wall.

The proposal meets the interior landscaping requirements.

Existing vegetation may be permitted and count towards required landscaping requirements based on the values listed in the UDO if the existing vegetation is in good health and can be found on the permitted species list. A compliant landscape plan has been included.

Access: This proposed development will derive access from the existing driveway access point along South Walnut Street. The driveway will be shared between the existing fitness center and the proposed self-service storage facility. South Walnut Street has a road classification of Primary Arterial, which requires that no entrance or drive is installed within 150 feet of any intersecting street nor within 100 feet of another driveway entrance. The existing driveway does not meet the required separation distance from the driveway south of this property and a variance was previously granted for the drive cut to remain. The petitioner is proposing to maintain the driveway and internal sidewalk as is. The petitioner is proposing to install a new internal sidewalk for the south self-service storage building.

There is an existing public transportation route in front of the parcel adjacent to South Walnut Street. The UDO requires that transit facilities include benches, shelters, or other similar transit stop amenities, and that such facilities be built to meet the requirements of the Bloomington Public Transportation Corporation. The petitioner is proposing to install a bench, and will work out desired details with Bloomington Transit. A condition has been added.

Architecture: The three new buildings will be finished with a mix of split-faced block, cement board siding with reveals, steel canopies, and metal awnings and trim to match the materials of the fitness center. Cementitious siding and split-faced block are permitted primary finish materials. The UDO requires that a primary exterior finish material cover at least 20 percent of a façade. Metal is a permitted secondary finish material and must cover up to 20 percent of a façade. All 12 facades meet these standards.

The UDO requires that all facades incorporate at least three design elements every 40 feet to break up monotony. The proposal includes metal awnings, change in building façade heights by at least five feet, and wall elevation projections by at least three percent of façade widths.

The UDO requires that all facades visible from any roadway shall consist of at least one primary and one secondary color, shall repeat either texture or color horizontally, and shall repeat variations in texture and color at least every 30 feet vertically. The proposal meets these design standards.

The UDO requires sloped roofs (those greater than 3:12 pitch) visible from any roadway to have overhanging eaves, extending no less than two feet past the supporting walls, or flat roofs (those less than 3:12 pitch) to include a parapet on supporting walls. The proposal includes parapets on supporting walls.

The UDO requires the sides of a building that are not visible from a street to incorporate similar material finishes and architectural detail to the facades that are visible. The proposal meets this design standard.

The UDO requires a primary pedestrian entrance for every façade facing a street. The pedestrian entry shall contain at least three architectural details. The intent for the primary pedestrian entry is that there is a prominent indication of where to enter the building. The proposal includes a primary pedestrian entrance for every façade facing a street. Building 1 incorporates pilasters, building address and name, and a variation of a buttress entryway through use of a metal canopy. Buildings 2 and 3 include the same design elements, however these elements are placed on different projecting walls. Moving the pedestrian entry for building 3 would require grading because the grade change on that building corner is significant, and grading along that corner could negatively impact the riparian buffer. Additionally, the proposed design for the location of the entryways are close to the accessible vehicle parking space and the internal sidewalk. Efforts to meet the intent of the standard have been made to the maximum extent possible.

The UDO requires all first-story windows on the primary façade of a primary structure to be transparent and not make use of dark tinting or reflective glass. The proposal meets this standard, and will be verified at the time of review for the issuance of a certificate of zoning compliance for the building permits.

The UDO requires street address displays to consist of Arabic numerals (e.g., 1, 2, 3...) no less than eight inches in height, shall be placed above all exterior entrances visible from a public street, private drive, or parking lot, and shall contrast with the color of the surface on which they are mounted, consisting of reflective materials to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street. The proposal meets this standard for building 1 but must incorporate the address display for buildings 2 and 3 as they have facades visible from a public street and/or private drive. A condition has been added.

Lighting: Mixed-use and nonresidential uses bordered by any R1, R2, R3, R4, or RHM zoning district shall be allowed a total light output of not more than 40,000 lumens per acre. Provided, regardless of parcel size, the allowance shall be sufficient to provide a maximum of 2,500 lumens per entryway with motion detector activated lighting counted as one-half lumens. The parking lot shall be designed to achieve no greater than the minimal illuminance levels for the given land use as recommended by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA RP-33: Lighting for Exterior Environments). However, a parking lot shall also be designed to achieve a minimum illuminance level of one lux. The proposal does not include exterior lighting on the proposed three new buildings or the parking lots. The self-service storage use allows for public access between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. The petitioner may need to incorporate adequate lighting depending on the proposed hours of business and the current lighting on the site. A condition to include specs for lighting on the site has been added.

SITE PLAN REVIEW: The Plan Commission shall review the major site plan petition and approve, approve with conditions, or deny the petition in accordance with Section 20.06.040(g) (Review and Decision), based on the general approval criteria in Section 20.06.040(d)(6)(B) (General Compliance Criteria).

- i. Compliance with this UDO
- ii. Compliance with Other Applicable Regulations
- iii. Compliance with Utility, Service, and Improvement Standards
- iv. Compliance with Prior Approvals

PROPOSED FINDINGS:

This development will meet all applicable standards in the UDO, except for those with previous variances. This development is in compliance with city regulations including utility, service, and improvement standards. This development is in compliance with other applicable regulations. This development is in compliance with prior approvals.

CONCLUSION: This petition meets all requirements of the UDO except those mentioned in the conditions and those that have received variances. The petition will add interior self-service storage units within three new buildings. Although, the City Comprehensive Plan designation of Neighborhood Residential does not align with this use, this development will be providing a storage facility with architectural variations to break up the monotony in the design, as well as improve the pedestrian facilities along South Walnut Street with an amenity near residential that is often used for residential storage. The scale of this development is appropriate for the neighborhood.

RECOMMENDATION: The Planning and Transportation Department recommends that the Plan Commission adopt the proposed findings and approve SP-06-22 with the following conditions:

- 1. The petitioner must receive a grading permit before earth moving.
- 2. The petitioner must incorporate street address displays for buildings 2 and 3 before a building permit will be issued.
- 3. The petitioner must clarify what the hours of business will be and present lighting specs of existing and proposed lighting on the site that meet the standards before a grading permit will be issued.
- 4. The petitioner shall work with Bloomington Transit on BT's desired upgrades to the existing adjacent transit facility and an agreement must be met before a recommendation for final occupancy will be issued.
- 5. This site plan review does not approve signage. A sign permit will need to be applied for.



Todd M. Borgman, P.L.S. Katherine E. Stein, P.E. Don J. Kocarek, R.L.A. Stephen L. Smith, Founder

May 27, 2022

City of Bloomington Plan Commission
City of Bloomington Planning & Transportation Department
Showers Building Suite 130
401 N Morton St
Bloomington, Indiana 47404

Dear Karina and Members of the Plan Commission,

For your consideration Strauser Construction Co., Inc. is submitting to you this petition for Major Site Plan Approval for 2 parcels containing 5.13-acre property located at 3000 and 3070 S. Walnut Street. The site is zoned Mixed-Use Corridor (MC).

The surrounding properties consist of a mix of attached single-family houses, multi-family residential apartment to the north and west, and a contractor facility with an outdoor storage area to the south. The site includes the 10,000-sf building occupied by Force Fitness gym facility which will remain. The property has a 75' riparian buffer on the south side. The site is accessed from Walnut Street to the west.

The proposed project consists of 3 new self-storage buildings with access to the storage units from interior hallways. The buildings range in size from 8,500 sf to 16,500 sf. All 3 buildings have restroom facilities and are climate controlled.

Per the city's 2019 Transportation Plan guidance the street frontage along Walnut Street will have a new 10' wide sidewalk and a tree plot between the new sidewalk and existing road pavement edge. The project as designed has 60% landscape area and 40% impervious area. Total site is 5.11 AC and impervious area is 2.06 AC

Drainage from the site will flow via storm sewer system to the existing drainage basin on the west side of the property that was built in the previous project. The basin was designed to accommodate the entire property when developed.

There is an existing sanitary main on site that will remain in place, and another sanitary main that will be relocated as part of the project. The design will be coordinated with CBU. The existing watermain under the drive will remain in place.



Katherine E. Stein, P.E.
Don J. Kocarek, R.L.A.
Stephen L. Smith, Founder

The architectural design on the project will be an aesthetic to match the existing fitness building on the west side of the site while utilizing primary façade materials allowed in the current UDO. The buildings will be a mix of split-face CMU masonry, cement board siding with reveals, steel canopies and metal awnings/trims. The building façade will utilize set-backs, differing parapet heights, steel canopies and metal awnings to bring depth to the façade and variation on each elevation.

Construction is anticipated to begin in September of 2022, and to be complete during the summer of 2023.

Thank you for your consideration of this petition. Please feel free to reach out to me with any questions.

Thanks,

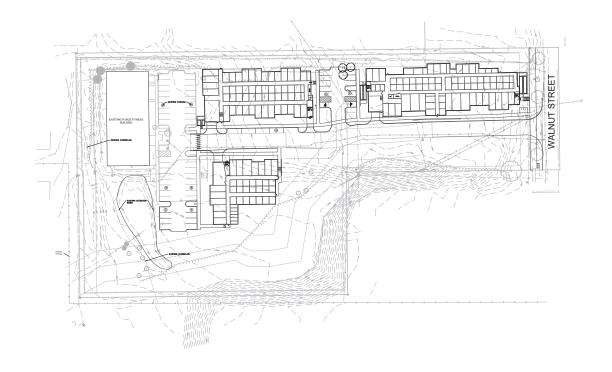
Don Kocarek

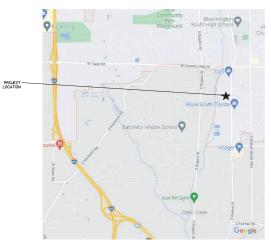
Smith Design Group, Inc.

812-336-6536 Ext. 7

dkocarek@smithdginc.com

WALNUT STREET SELF STORAGE 3000 SOUTH WALNUT STREET BLOOMINGTON, INDIANA 47401





LOCATION MAP

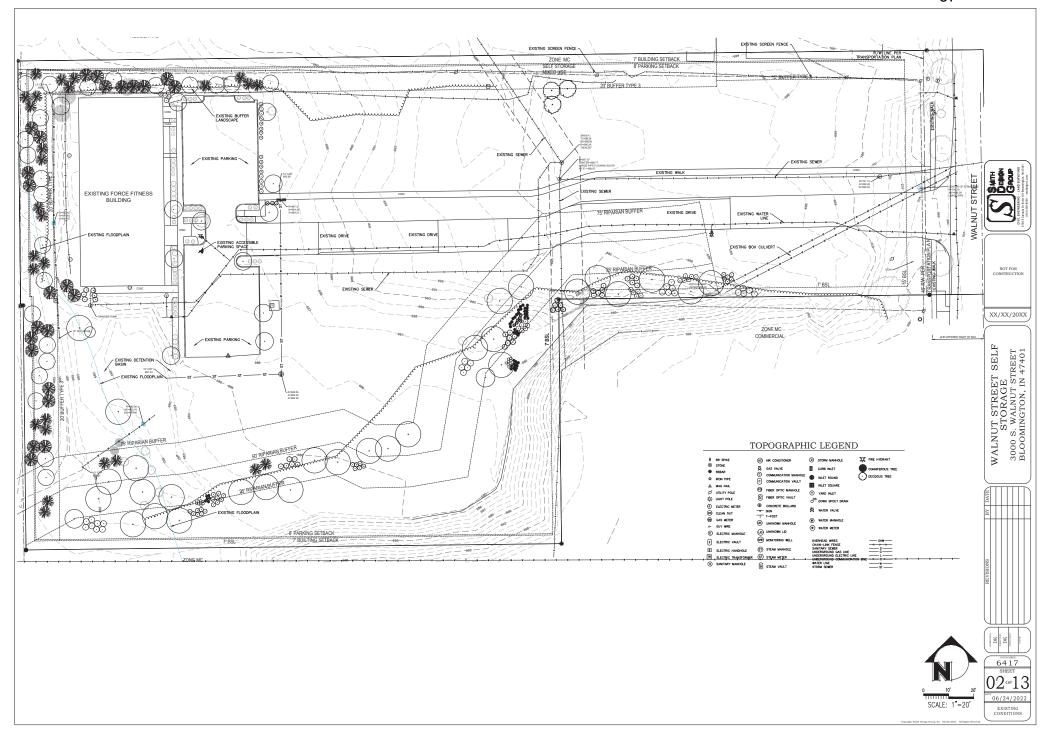
S	heet List Table
Sheet Number	Sheet Title
01	TITLE SHEET
02	EXISTING CONDITIONS
03	DEMOLITION PLAN
04	SITE PLAN
05	GRADING PLAN
06	UTILITY PLAN
07	LANDSCAPE PLAN
08	LANDSCAPE NOTES AND DETAILS
09	SWPP INDEX
10	SWPP PLAN
11	SWPP SPECS
12	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
13	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

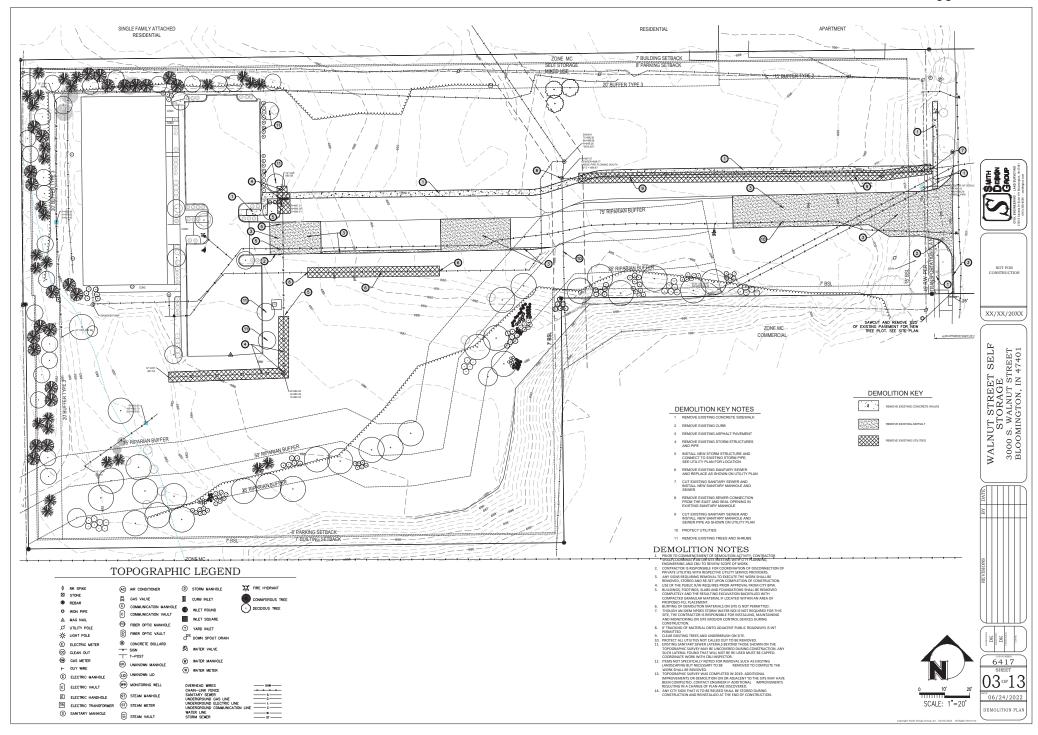
SHEET NO.	REVISIONS	BY	DATE	
				CERTIFICATION DATE

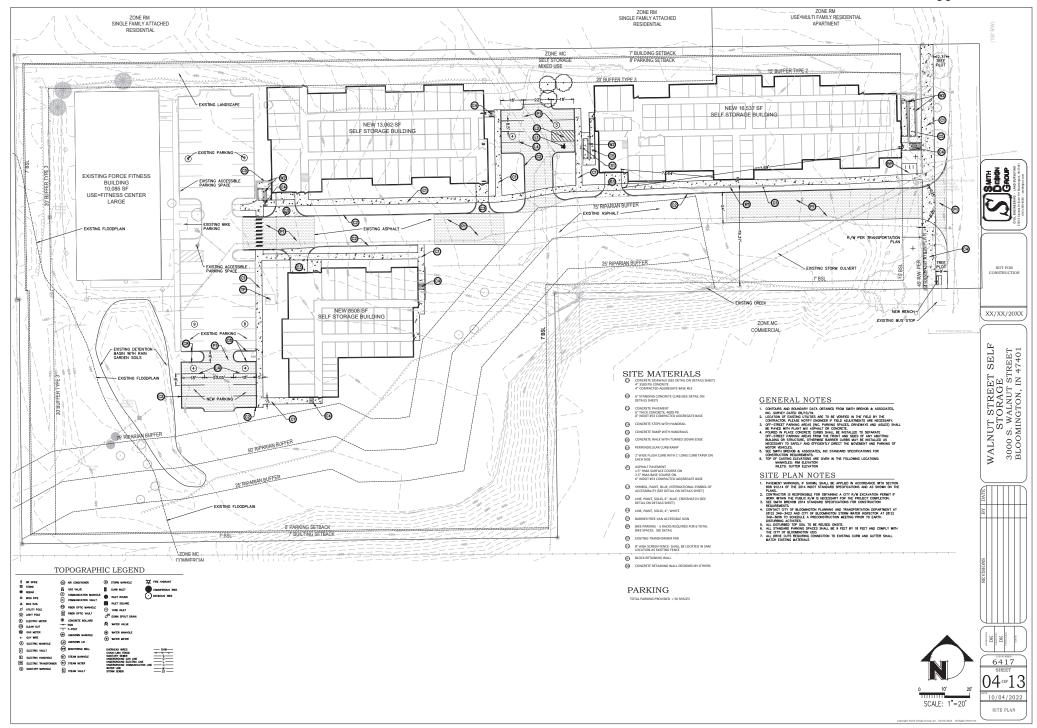
NOTE: WATER, AND SANITARY SEWER ITEMS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST ISSUE OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON UTILITIES CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS. ALL OTHER WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2021 SMITH DESIGN GROUP, INCORPORATED STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

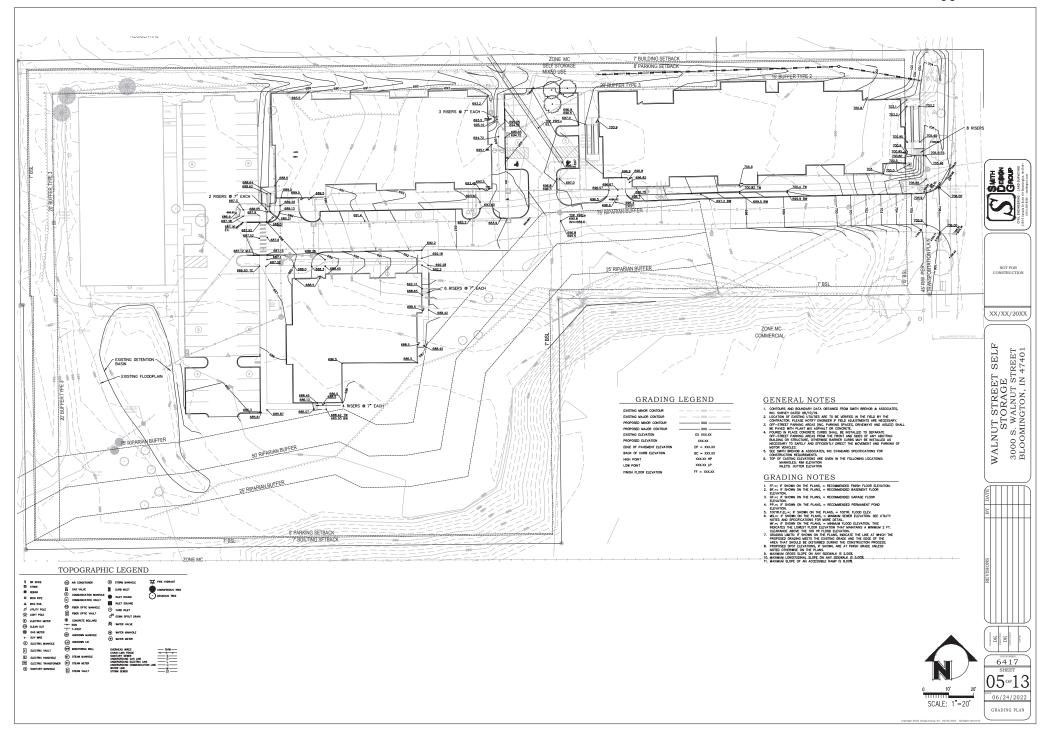


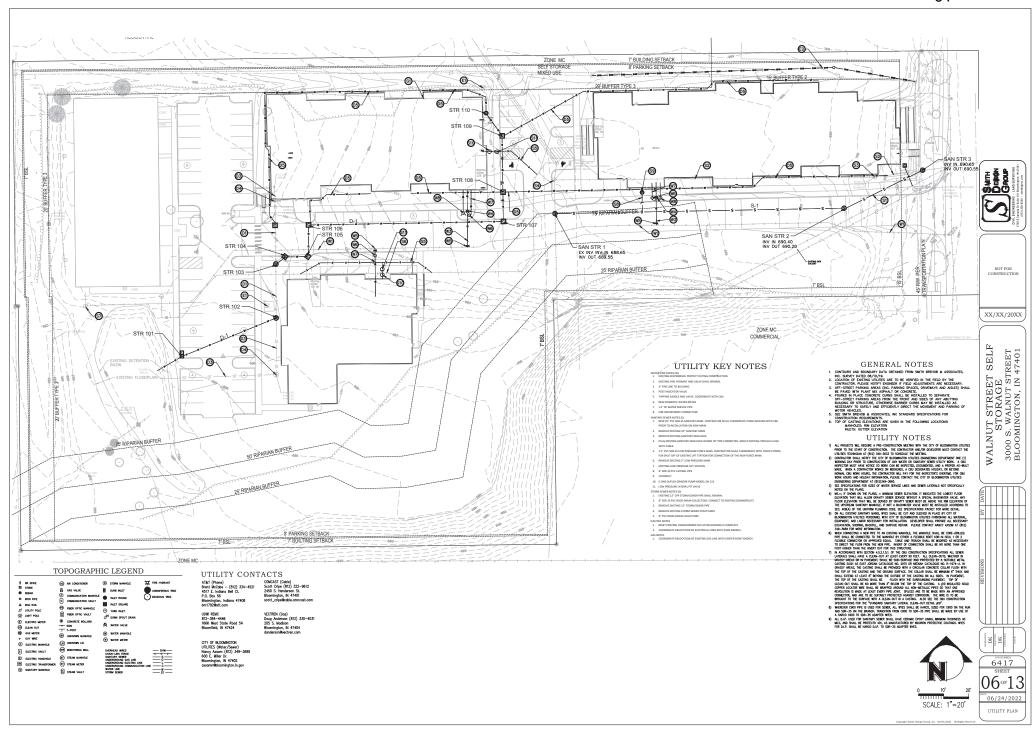
CIVIL ENGINEERING - LAND SURVEYING 2755 E Canada Dr Suite 101 Bloomington, IN 47401 (812) 336-6536 - smithdginc.com

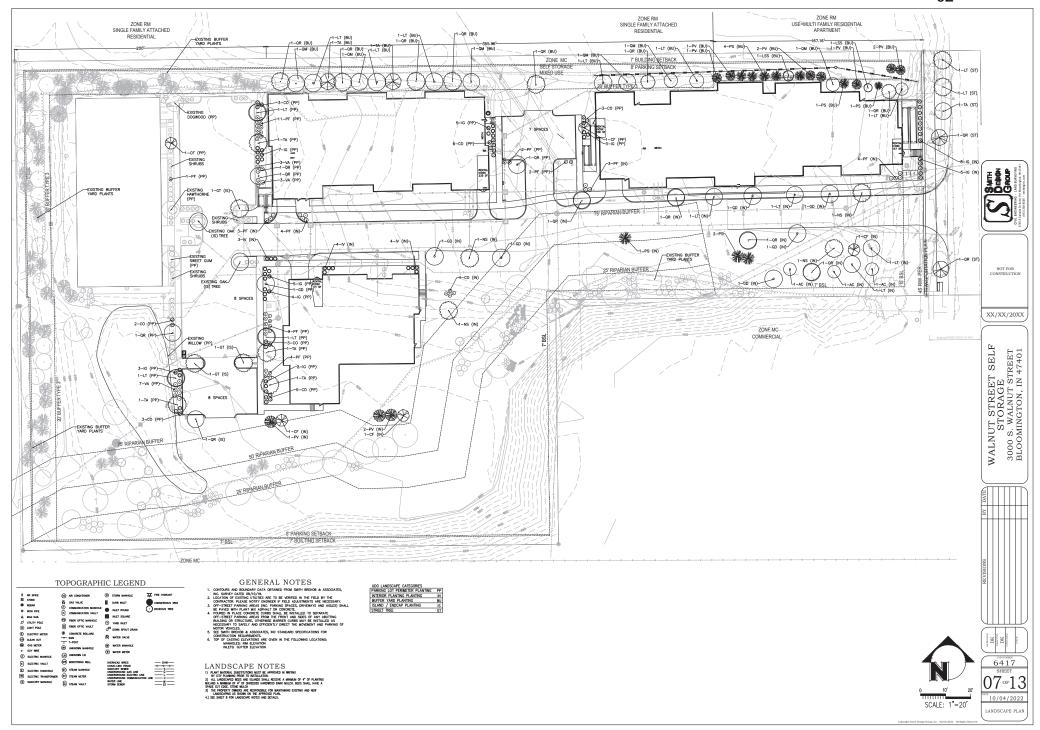












LANDSCAPE TABLES

STREET TREES PLANT TABLE					
Ř	Τ	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	
		TREES			
LT	2	LIRIODENDRON tulipfera	Tulip Tree	2" Caliper	
TA	1	TILIA americana	Basswood	2" Coliper	
QR	2	QUERCUS rubra	Northern Red Oak	2" Caliper	

LANDSCAPE	PLANT TABLE FOR PARKING LO	T
PERIMETER	(NEW PARKING LOTS)	

ΚĒ	Ţ	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	D-VALUE
		TREES			
CF	1	CORNUS florida	Flowering Dogwood	2" Caliper	
LT	3	LIRIODENDRON tulipfera	Tulip Tree	2" Caliper	
TA	2	TILIA americana	Basswood	2" Callper	
QR	3	QUERCUS rubra	Northern Red Oak	2" Caliper	

SHRUBS					
CO	18	CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis	Buttonbush	3 Gallon	
IG	18	ILEX glabra	Inkberry	3 Gallon	Ī
PF	19	POTENTILLA fruticosa	Shrubby Cinquefoli	3 Gallon	
VA	12	VIBURNUM acerifolium	Mapleleaf Viburnum	3 Gallon	

LANDSCAPE PLANT TABLE FOR PARKING LOT PERIMETER (EXISTING PARKING LOT)

ΚĒΥ	ž	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	D-VALUE
_	_	TREES			
CF	1	CORNUS florida	Flowering Dogwood	2* Caliper	
LT	2	LIRIODENDRON tulipfera	Tulip Tree	2" Caliper	
TA	2	TILIA americana	Basswood	2" Caliper	
QR	2	QUERCUS rubra	Northern Red Ook	2" Caliper	
GD	1	GYMNOCLADUS dioica	Kentucky Coffee Tree	2" Caliper	

	SHRUBS			
8	CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis	Buttonbush	3 Gallon	
16	ILEX glabra	Inkberry	3 Gallon	
21	POTENTILLA fruticosa	Shrubby Cinquefoli	3 Gallon	
6	VIBURNUM acerifolium	Mapleleaf Viburnum	3 Gallon	
	16 21	8 CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis 16 ILEX glabra 21 POTENTILLA fruticosa	8 CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis Buttonbush 16 ILEX globra Inkberry 21 POTENTILLA fruticosa Shrubby Cirquefoli	8 CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis Buttonbush 3 Odlon 16 ILEX globra Iniberry 3 Odlon 21 POTENTILLA fruticosa Shrubby Cinquefoli 3 Odlon

LANDSCAPE PLANT TABLE FOR BUMPOUTS ENDCAPS AND ISLANDS

ĶĒ	Ť	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	D-VAL
		TREES			
GT	4	GLEDITSIA Triacanthos	Honey Locust	2" Caliper	
QR	1	QUERCUS rubra	Northern Red Oak	2" Caliper	

INTERIOR LANDSCAPING PLANT TABLE

Ä	5	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE
		TREES		
AC	3	AMELANCHIER canadensis	Shadblow Serviceberry	2" Caliper
CF	3	CORNUS florida	Flowering Dogwood	2" Caliper
GD	6	GYMNOCLADUS dioica	Kentucky Coffee Tree	2" Caliper
LT	4	LIRIODENDRON tulipfera	Tulip Tree	2" Caliper
NS	3	NYSSA sylvatica	Black Tupelo	2" Caliper
QR	4	QUERCUS rubro	Northern Red Oak	2" Caliper
PS	3	PINUS strobus	White Pine	6" Hgt.
PV	3	PINUS virginiana	Virginia Pine	6' Hgt.
		SHRUBS		
IG	13	ILEX glabra	Inkberry	3 Gallon
PF	10	POTENTILLA fruticosa	Shrubby Cinquefoli	3 Gallon
IV	11	ITEA virginica	Virginia Sweetspire	3 Gallon

LANDSCAPE PLANT TABLE FOR						
		FER YARD				
KEY	ρŢ	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE		
		TREES				
LT	6	LIRIODENDRON tulipfera	Tulip Tree	2" Caliper		
LSS	2	LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua Slender Silhouette	Columnar Sweet Gum	2" Caliper		
PS	7	PINUS strobus	White Pine	6" Hgt.		
PV	7	PINUS virginiana	Virginia Pine	6' Hgt.		
TA	2	TILIA americana	Basswood	2" Caliper		
QM	6	QUERCUS macrocaarpa	Bur Oak	2" Callper		
QR	7	QUERCUS rubra	Northern Red Oak			

Parking for Perimeter:

1 Tree per a parking soses required, 75% large trees
1 Justice per parking soses required, 25% large trees
1 Justice per parking soses required, and 2 trees required
Weet Parking Set-8 spaces; 24 should required, and 2 trees required
North Parking Set-1 Spaces; 15 should required, and 2 trees required
North Parking Set-1 Spaces; 15 should required, and 3 trees required
154 should not set to see the set of the set

Landscape Bumpout, Islands and Endcaps
97 Total Spaces, 6 Bumpout, Islands and Endcaps with 1 large carboy tree required in each Island. 3
residing listands are from the previous project and 1 new tree added to 1 existing Island. 3 new Islands
and 1 endcap added with 1 large canopy tree in each.

Buffer yards West Buffer Yard West buffer yard was installed in previous project

North Buffer Yard
556 If of buffer type 3 along single family residential. 200' of buffer yard was installed with the Force

Titness project
35% of Buffer yard type 3 required
1 decideous Thee per even y 26 and 6 opaque fence used. 6 fence is located where the existing
slipidated fence located. 18 decideous trees required.
167° of buffer yard type 2 required adjacent to Multilamin yeartment
1 decideous tree per every 25' and 2 evergreen trees per every 25'
7 decideous trees required, and 14 evergreen trees required.

Interior of painting.

Small en. 21) 50/55

Buffers = 8,23.12

Buffers = 8,23.12

Buffers = 8,23.12

Audings, Walks and Presenter = 19,3001

Fram not covered by budding and hardcaings = 48,807 (1,12 AC)

Harge cancey trees, "coverpress trees, and Smedium or small canceys trees par aire of persions area

15 large cancey trees, "coverpress trees, and Smedium or small canceys trees par aire of persions area

15 large cancey trees, "Souther serviced."

LANDSCAPE NOTES

9. PLANT WATERUL ASSETTATIONS WAS 18 EMPROVED IN WRITTING
17 IF ALL MANGEMENT DESIGN DATE OF ALL WATERUL OF 17 OF FLANTING
2) ALL MANGEMENT DEED AND STANDS SHALL RECEPE A LANKING OF 4" OF FLANTING
2) HEL MONGRAPH DEED AND STANDS SHALL RECEPE A LANKING OF 4" OF FLANTING
3) THE MONGRAPH DATE OF MANGEMENT OF MANGE ALL DATE OF SHALL HAVE A SHALL CHARLE AND ALL DATE OF ALL DA

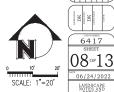


NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

XX/XX/20XX

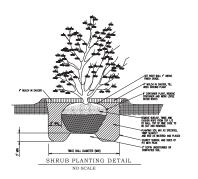
WALNUT STREET SELF STORAGE 3000 S. WALNUT STREET BLOOMINGTON, IN 47401

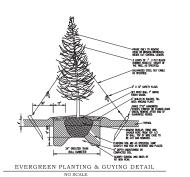


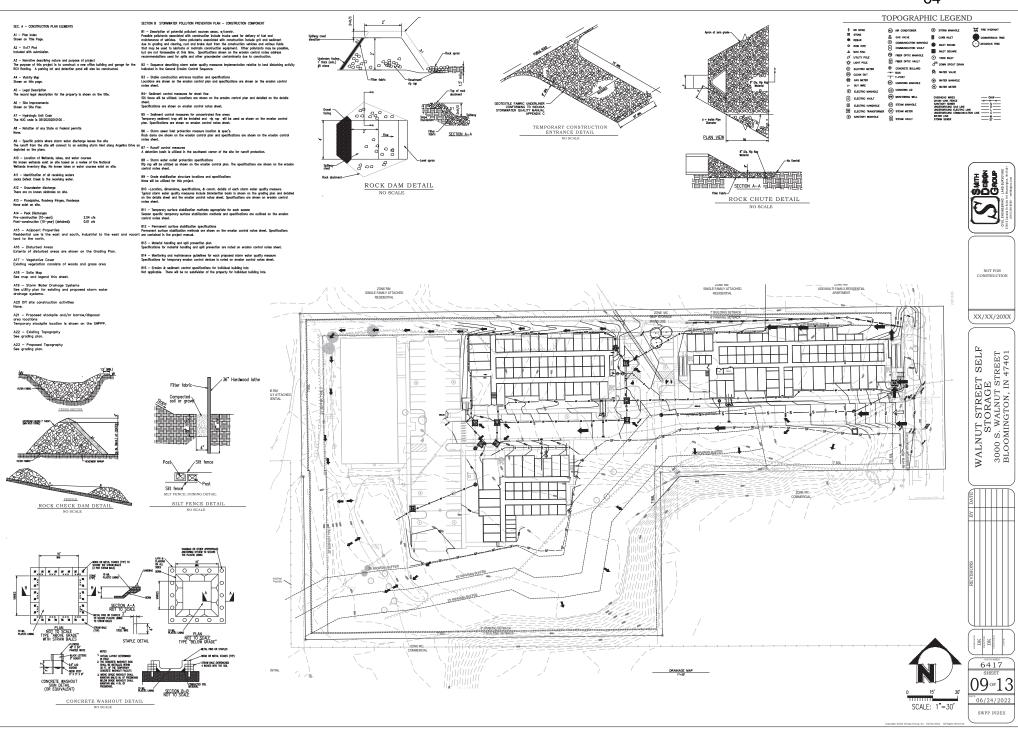


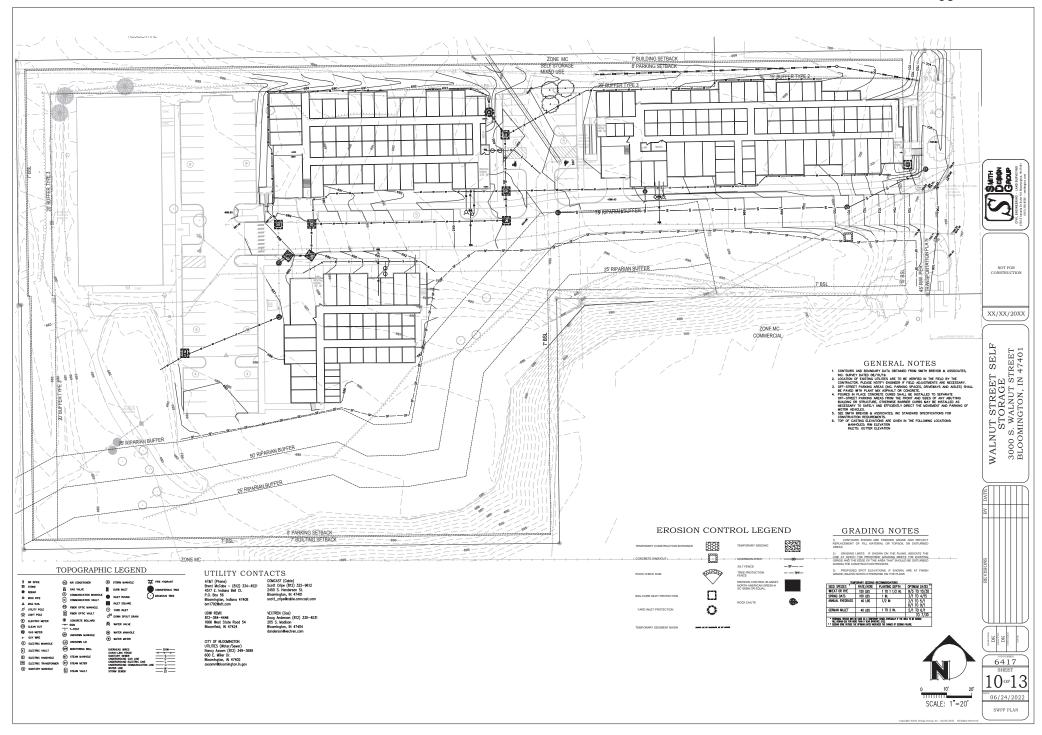
-C MULCH IN SAUCER, TILL AREA AROUND PLANT RE CUT AND REMOVED.

PLANTING SOL, MIX AS SPECIFED, TAMP
SLIGHTLY AND ROO AS BATERED AND PLACED. -6" DOYN UNDSTURBED OF TREE PLANTING & GUYING DETAIL









SECTION 02420

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION & EROSION CONTROL

PART 1 - CENERAL

- A IEU MURK Section 02310 Rough Grading Section 02320 Finish Grading Section 02930 Sodding Section 02910 Protection for Existing Trees
- 1.02 REFERENCES REFERINCS

 A. The latest issue of the following form a part of this section to the extent indicated hereinather.

 In Indiana Storm Water Quality Manual published by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management October 2007 edition. (SSEM)/

 2. Indiana Code 327 IAC 55–57 Section 7.

 3. 2014 Indiana Code 327 IAC 57–57 Section 7.

 3. 2014 Indiana Department of Transportation Standard Specifications ((MCDSS)).

 4. City of Watermargen Management Code (BMC) Section 20.04.030 (d).

1.03 LOCAL JARSOICHON A then the sex's is which the principion of a local manipolarly. A then the sex's is within the principle of the principion of a local manipolar of the principion of the principion of the principion of the sex of the

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- Aggregates for use in conjunction with erosion control measures shall be in accordance with the section of the INDOTSS indicated

- shall be in accordance with the section of the IRDOTSS indicated as follows:

 Indicated a finite or the section of the IRDOTSS indicated as follows:

 I concordance with Section 904.03 table (a).

 2. Rip rap for outlet protection materials shall be in accordance with Section 904.04 table (f) of the IRDOTSS and Chapter 7 of the ISDOTS.

 By the material for use in conjunction with erosion control measures and be in accordance with the section of the IRDOTSS indicated shall be in accordance with the section of the IRDOTSS indicated shall be in accordance with the section of the IRDOTSS indicated
- as follows: 1. Corrugated Polyethylene Drainage Tubing and Smooth Wall Polyethylene Pipe shall be in accordance with Section 907.17 and 907.21 of the INDOTSS.

- C. Geotextile
 1. Geotextiles for use under rip rap shall be in accordance
 with Section 918.02 of the INDOTSS.

 D. Silt Fence shall conform to the minimum physical properties
 as shown on the table below.

	Sediment Barriers and Filters: Silt Fence Table 2. Geotestile Fabric Specifications for Silt Fence (Minimum)					
Physical Property	Woven fabric	Non-woven fabric				
Filtering efficiency	85%	85%				
Tensile strength at 20% elongation:						
Standard strength	30 lbs/linear in.	50 lbs/linear in.				
Extra strength	50 lbs/linear in.	70 lbs/linear in.				
Slurry flow rate	0.3 gal./min./sq.ft.	4.5 gal/min/sq.ft.				
Water flow rate	15 gal/min/sq.ft.	220 gal/min/sq.ft.				
UV resistance	70%	85%				
Post Spacing	7 feet	5 feet				

- E. Temporary Grand Construction Entrances

 1. Construction entrances shall be installed using moterials

 1. Enter Construction (1997)

 2. Enter Construction (1997)

 3. Encion Construction (1997)

 4. Encion control blockets and fur inforcement shall be
 the type flootedes on the pions on monufactured by North
 American Green or equal approved by Owner's Representation.

 All encolor control blackets and be made of biodegraphic.

All erodic control warms.

G. Temporary Seeding
1. Grass personners def for temporary seeding shall be as
followed by the seeding person followed for temporary seeding shall be as
followed for person person
Sylva (1) to 10/30
Syring cots
Amusal regress
Ayl to 5/1. 6/1
Bucksheet
4/15 to 6/1
Corn (proodcost)
5/11 to 8/10

H. Mulching Material

. Mulching material may be straw or hay, Excelsior blankets, paper mat, straw mat or aspen wood cellulose fiber mulc'

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SCHEDULING/SEQUENCING

- SCHEDURIN/SEQUENCING

 1. If existing vegetation

 1. If existing vegetation must be cleared, it shall be retained and protected until the area must be disturbed.

 2. A buffer strip of existing vegetation must be maintained around the perimeter of the site to reduce off-site erosio and sedimentation.
- protion

 1. The extent and duration that bare soil is exposed to erasion
 by wind and water should be minimized. Clearing and
 grading operation shall be scheduled to reduce the amount
 of disturbed area to the absolute minimum needed for
 immediate construction activity.
- immediate contruction cellify.

 C. Stabilization

 1. All disturbed ground lett inactive for seven or more days what be stabilized appropriately for the season. Steep stages must be stabilized immediately.

 2. Sall storage or excervation districtly pies remaining more than seven days shall be stabilized by remajourly or than seven days shall be stabilized by remajourly or travally or the seven days shall be controlled by placing straw bales or well seven days shall be controlled by placing straw bales or well seven havings.

- A. All installation of erosion control devices and maintenance shall be in accordance with Section 205 on the NIDOTSS and Section 7 of the SIMSM.
 B. Temporary gravel construction entrance.
 I. Remove existing vegetation and topsoil from entrance area.
 I. Install a culert type under the drive if necessary to maintain proper public road derinage.

- 3. Compact subgrade soil prior to placing stone.
 4. Place #2 stone to the dimensions indicated on the plan and in the Temporary Grovel Construction Entrance Detail.
 5. Inspect entrance pad dolly and after storm events or heavy
- Inspect entrance pad aany and arter suum evenus or moury
 use.
 Reshape pad as needed for drainage and runoff control.
 Top dress with clean stone as needed.
 Immediately remove mud and sediment tracked or worked onto
 public roads by brushing or sweeping. Flushing should only
 be used if the water is conveyed into a sediment trap or
- be used if the water is conveyed into a sediment trap or 8. Reps. on 19. Reps. on 1

- Diversion Distributed and of the location indicated on the plants. The distribution from its in the eight tech lifts.
 5. Compact exost lift by driving sheets of construction equipment of one by the right.
 6. Ownfill and compact ridge to design height plus toll percent.
 7. Leave sufficient road doing the diversion to permit clean-and and regarding.
 8. Vegetable the ridge immediately after construction, unless the diversion will be in plant less than 15 days.
 15. Register bearding within 24 hours following costs atoms:
- 10 Remove sediment from the channel and reinforce the ridge

- 10. Remove sediment from the channel and reinforce the ridge on reseducid and reinforce the ridge on reseducid programs and reinforce and stabilized, demonst the ridge, fill the channel to bland with the natural ground, remove temporary stope drains, and stabilized all disturbed orces. Rock Check from 1-off-french into the channel bottom and distribution of the reinforce and re

- to prevent overtice water from undercutting the down as it re-enters the chornel.

 4. Place filter medium on the up-slope side of the down and two the enter face of the down up to the base of the overtice water for the control of the down to the base of the overtice control of the down to the base of the overtice control of the down to the the dow
- cross section.

 9. When the dams are no longer needed, remove the rock and stabilize channel, using an erosion-resistant lining if necessary.
- stabilize channe, using un avenue.

 1. Divert surface water nunoff cround the structure during construction as site can be properly devotered.

 2. Excevote the open one subgrade below the design elevation of initiated grade to claim for initiates or in proper to the locations shown on the plans.
 - occurators snown on the plans.

 Compact the subgrade.

 Floce the geotextile fabric on the compacted subgrade. If more than one place is needed, the upstream piece should overlap the downstream piece by one-foot minimum.

 Install rip rap in accordance with the Rock Chute Detail and the rip rap quantity given in the structure data table on

 - the plans.

 6. Top of the rip rap chute shall be level with or slightly
- Op of the np rop cnute snat be seen with a surjeuty below the receiving channel.
 Blend the rip rop chulte smoothly to the surrounding grade.
 Construct a small plunge pool within the outlet apron.
 Rip rop agrons must be level with or lower than the channel grade and should not restrict flow.
 Construct a permanent diversion ridge on either side of the control o
- 10. Construct a permanent diversion ridge on either side of the rigrap lined drute to collect storm water morfal and direct its flow into the chute. In spect rock outless 24 hours after storm events and at least every 7 days for stone displacement and for erosion at the sides and ends of the apran.
 12. Make needed repole's immediately, use appropriate size stone, and do not place them down finished grade.

- et Protection

 1. Stone

 a. Excevate the basin around the inlet one to two feet deep below the top of costing elevation in accordance with the Inlet Protection Detail.

 b. Stockpile or spread excavated material so that it will not block flow or wash back into the excavation.
- c. Install weep holes in the inlet so that the pool great
- c. initial weep hoses in one mind so that the pool area drains slowly, and the source of the source of the grant of the source of the source of the office of the source of the source of the downstream side of the excavation to prevent by-pass flow, inspect the intelliprotection within 24 hours after each storm event; removing sediment and making needed repairs immediately.
- storm event; removing seurines; who was a stabilized, immediately, unimediately, which is contributing droinage area has been stabilized, remove and properly dispose of all construction material and sediment, then stabilize.

 The Remove sediment when pool area is approximately [full
- of sediment.

 Remove and replace stone if sediment hinders drainage.
- Once permanent stabilization occurs, removed sediment basin, weep holes, fill basin with soil, compact and grade to finished elevation.
 Sit Fence.
- Dig an eight-inch deep, four-inch wide trench around the perimeter of the inlet.
- perimeter of the inlet.

 If using pre-assembled silt fence and posts, drive the posts into the soil, tightly stretching the silt fence and posts by placing a piece of lathe over the fabric and fastening it to the post.

- c. If assembling the all fence and post on-site, drive the posts into the soil and then secure the all fence to the post by plocing o piece of lother over the facinic and of the post by plocing opiece of lother over the facinic and d. Use the wrop join method when joining posts. e. Place the bottom 12 inches of silf fence into the eight-i-ch deep trench, joining the remolning four inches in the bottom of the trench and extending overy from
- the inlet.

 f. Backfill the trench with soil material and compact it in place. g. Brace the posts by nailing braces into each corner posts
- g. Brees the post by noting broses list seek comer posts or utilizer rigid proved to support fedic.

 h. If stom weter may bepass the structure, set the top of the silf feere of less silf inches lover than the ground build on the silf feere of less silf inches lover than the ground build on terroporary disc composted six inches higher than the silf ence on the dear—sizes side of the of storm lief and use in conjection with excended drug half exploration.

 If a provider is a silf inches the silf inches a silf inches
- Curb Inlet Protection.

 1. Fill UV stabilized geotextile fabric bags approximately [full with wested growel or aggregate.

 2. For inlets located on a slope gradient:

 a. At a position up slope of the inlet, lay bags tightly in a row curving up slope from the inlet and away from the

 - a row curring up slope from the inlet and away from the b. Owingto bags on the cut and extend a minimum of three feet into the street, keeping loops lightly southed loogstern of loops, overtie to heap with the crow beneath and leave a one-loop gap (at or below cuts height) in the middle of the top row to some or a spillway. If the spillway height is higher than the top rows to be some loop and the country of the prevent bippose flow and beginning the country prevent bippose for some loop services and of in odditional storage composity, construct a series of storate loop benefits along the country as each one trops amed storate loop benefits along the country as each one trops amed storage loops and some loops are storage or some loops and storage loops are some some

 - on the control between disputs, but shall not seen the traps and mounts of seelinest.

 3. For Inless located in a samp position:

 a. Rose begin in on are cround the curb liefs.

 b. Overtip begin on the carb, keeping begin slightly doubted.

 c. For destillously seel on begin, overtip the begin with the row beneath and level on ending the position of the curb height) in the middle of the torre to serve our of the curb height) in the middle of the torre to serve our of the curb, place additional begin doing the curb to prevent tippuss flow.

 4. Place a traffic barricade of each installed measure for safety and to prevent inequare intelligit, directed from powed serve (so not flush with safety) within 24 hours after each storm event.

- storm event.

 Deposit sediment in area where it will not re-enter the Deposit searrent in drea where it was not re-enter the powed area or storm drains.
 Inspect for damage by vehicular traffic and repair if needed 8. When the contributing drainage areas have been stabilized, remove inlet protection.
- H. Temporary Sediment Trap.

 1. Divert run-off from non-disturbed areas away from the trap.

 2. Clear all existing vegetation and topsoil from the
 - embariment orea. Let all construct the embaniment of the construct the embaniment of the local compactable matter on the plans and in accordance with the Temporary Sediment Trap Detail.

 Construct the embaniment six inches above design elevation
- Construct the emboximent six inches above design elevation to allow for settling. Excepte a trapezoida outlet section from the emboximent. Surface processing the factor up the sides of the outlet section, extending the factor up the sides of the outlet section to the top of the emboximent.

 Place RIDOI reveliment for proj no coordance with the detail out revell or desire mass. The spillings or must be level to facility the sides of the spillings of the sides of the sides

- don.

 So Cover the upstream foor of the risrop outlet section with a 12-in-th thick layer of BODT CA No.5 opgregate.

 On the downstern dies of the splits, contract on outlet upon on the too of the embodiment. Construct the oppon as ledded on the place and in occordance with the own ledded on the place and in occordance with the composited and monthless fluindation and restall prings as indicated in the place and in occordance with the composited and monthless fluindation and restall prings as indicated on the place and in occordance with the Temporary Sediment Irap Delstil.
- Iemporary Sediment Trop Detail.

 Construct a small plunge pool within the outlet apron.

 Riprap agrons must be level with or slightly lower than the receiving channel and should not produce an overfall or restrict flow of the water conveyance structure.

 Stabilize the embonisment and other disturbed oreas with and mulch (anchored in place) or another suitable erosion resistant cower.
- 13. Inspect within 24 hours of a rain event and at least once
- inspect within 24 nours of a rain event and at least once every seven days.
 Remove sediment when it has accumulated to one—half the design depth.
 Check the embankment for erosion and piping holes and repair
- immediately.

 16. Check pool area side slopes for erosion and repair Replace spillway aggregate facing is the sediment pool does not dewater with 48-72 hours following a storm water runoff
- not deselve with 647–72 nours receively a server.

 event.

 event.

 event.

 event.

 19. Once the significant one of a frace consequence of the first of the first of filled control of filled. depth from the lowest point of the stilled embowiment to highest point of the spilled prest, and fill off the filled embowiment to highest point of the spilled prest, of the filled embowiment to highest point of the spilled prest, being conful that no stores in the spilled point of spilled embowing the spilled press, being conful that no stores in the spilled press doubt entablished, remove the administration of the filled press, and stabilities.

- I. Sit Fence.

 I. For the fence to be at least ten feet from the toe of the fence to be at least ten feet from the toe of the stage of provide a settlement starrage area.

 J. Locate sit fence outlet at location shown on the plans.

 J. Locate should set provide private quart of place a consideration.

 J. Locate should set provide private quart of place a consideration of the plans.

 J. Locate should set provide a consideration of the plans.

 J. Locate should set provide a consideration of the plans of the p

 - 7. Along the entire intended frence line, dig on eight inch deep by four—inch side french. Be a facilities at least a side french. Be a facilities at least a side french and the support por up—siops also of the exceptate thresh and the support por the side of the sid

- the trench and extend it toward the up-alogo side of the 1, Social the breach with composed sorth or growd. 12 inspect the still fence of least every seven days and within 24 hours effect exch storm event. 13. If fence federic tears, storat to decompose, or in any way the common storage of the storage of
- temporary Sending.

 1. Determine the approprietie species based on the optimum.

 1. Determine the proprieties appeals to be a species of the optimum of the properties of the

Exhibit 3.11-B.	TEMPORARY SEEDING REQUIREMENTS		
Seed Species*	Rate/acre	Planting Depth	Optimum dates**
Wheat or rye	150 lbs.	1 to 1½ in.	9/15 to 10/30
Spring oats	100 lbs	1 in.	3/1 to 4/15
Annual ryegrass	40 Ibs.	1/4 in.	3/1 to 5/1
			8/1 to 9/1
German millet	40 Ibs	1 to 2 in.	5/1 to 6/1
Buckwheat	60 lbs.	1 to 2 in.	4/15 to 6/1
Com (broadcast)	300 lbs.	1 to 2 in.	5/11 to 8/10

**Seeding done outside the optimum dates increases the chances of seeding failure.

3.03 MAINTENANCE & INSPECTIONS

- 3 MANTENANCE & NOSCENDES

 A. The general contractor is responsible for inspection and determining that evolute control measures or installed as shown on the plans. Inspection of all storm water pollution prevention was produced to the production of the plans. The plans was produced to the plans of the p

- AO CEAN UP

 A. When construction is completed and the area is stabilized, remove enrollen control measures no longer necessary in a moment of the management of the control of the control
 - B. Used oin, Sels, confirence and other motorists may be considered bacrobs and must be disposed of oil approved alless. For considered bacrobs and must be disposed of oil approved alless. For Confirence and the feature. State and Local requirements.

 Denico if filters when hot ord dispose of used filters, all considered and the confirence and the conf

 - concrete dust and debris result from dema concrete dust and debra result from communes activities.

 b. Suries containing Partiand cement concrete or aphatic concrete are generated, such as from sow outling, coring, grinding, growing, and hydro-concrete demailtion.

 grinding growing, and hydro-concrete demailtion.

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- acceptable.
 b. For prefabricated systems, install and locate according
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- by equipment. Inspect the polyethylene lining for failure, including
- tears and punctures.
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- Coning composition, parints, soverents, personales, instructions, fertilizers.
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- a spill sit and instructions for time in breakdown mixulations. At a minimum, he spill sit should include showest, positic sheeting for containment, positic centainer to both spill containment and smid. 2 begin of subsett (e) yeard, coll-dy, are suitable should be s

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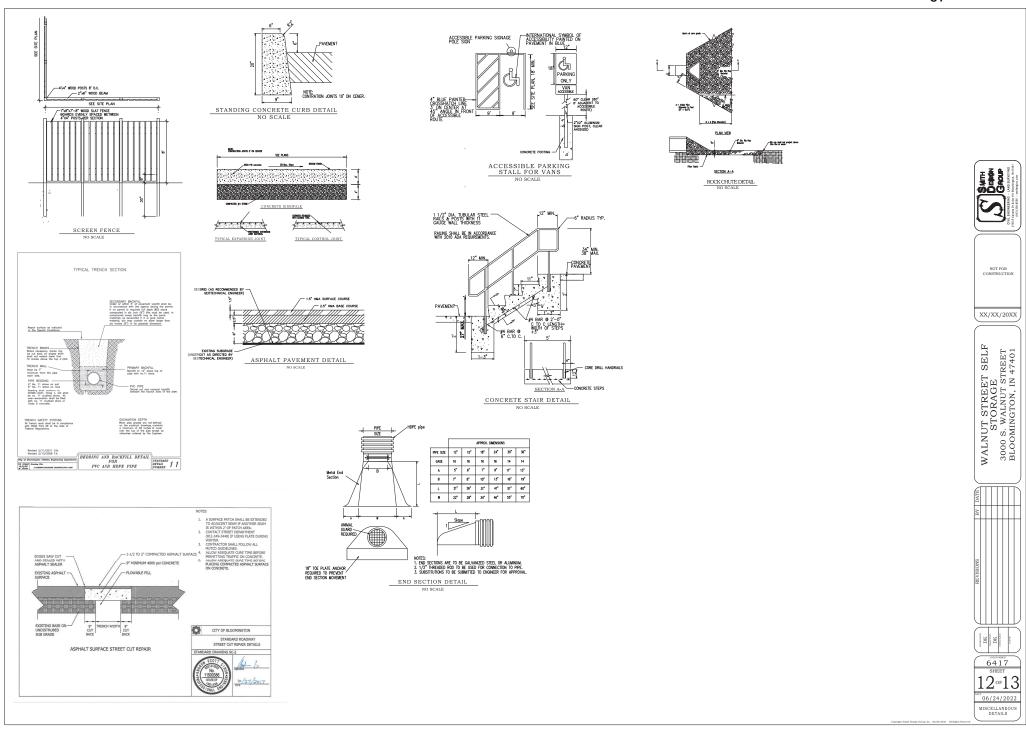
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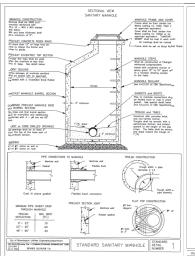
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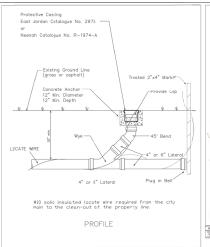
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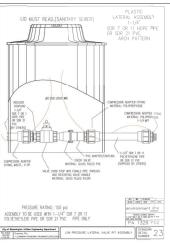


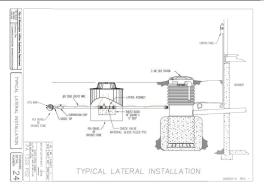
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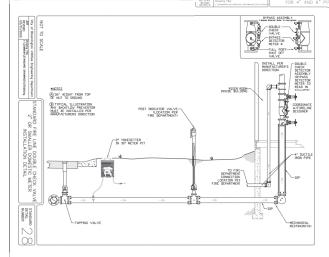
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6417
SHEET

13 of 13

MISCELLANEOUS
DETAILS



May 27, 2022



VIEW OF BUILDING #2 & BUILDING #3 LOOKING WEST



SOUTH WALNUT STORAGE

3000 S. WALNUT STREET

May 27, 2022



VIEW OF BUILDING #1 FROM WALNUT STREET



SOUTH WALNUT STORAGE

3000 S. WALNUT STREET

May 27, 2022



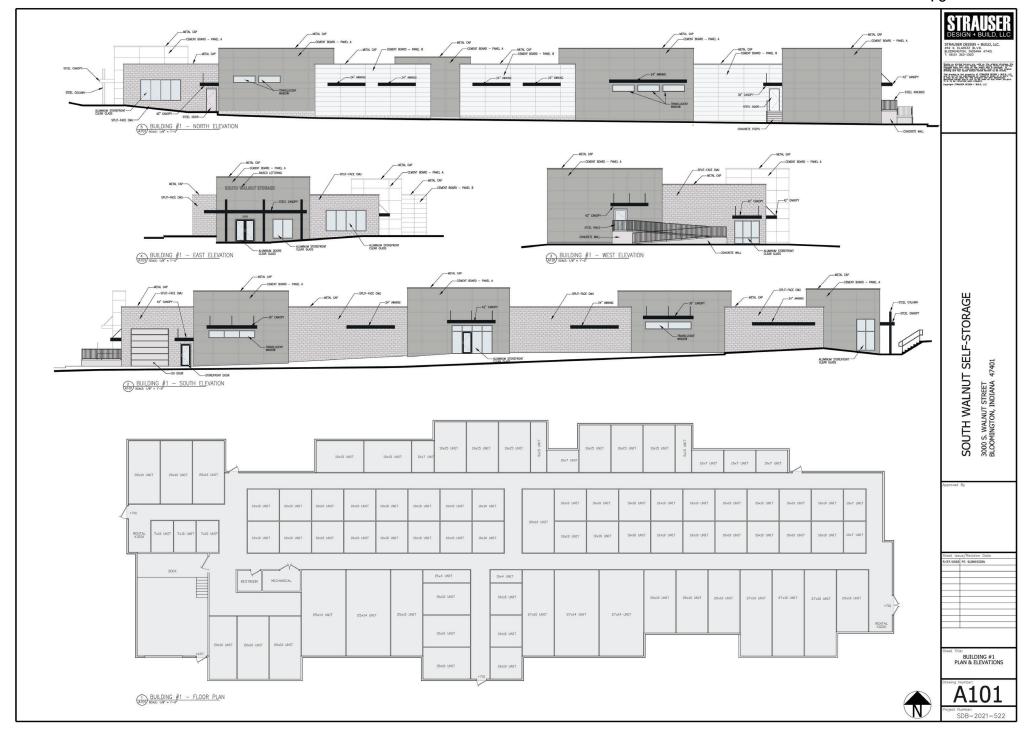
VIEW OF BUILDING #3 LOOKING SOUTHEAST

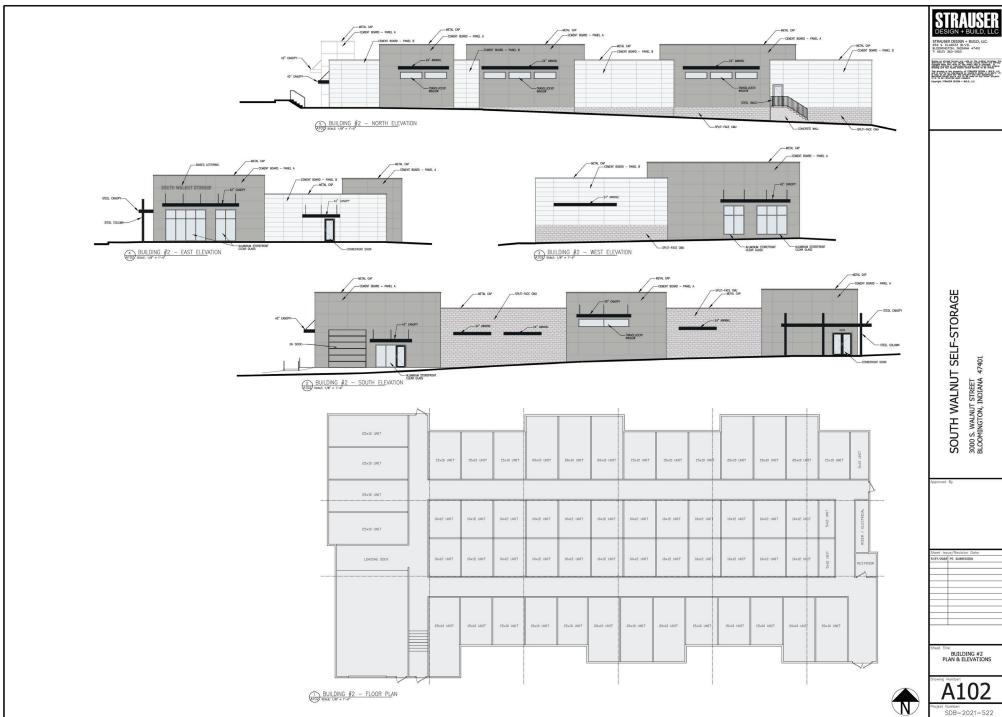


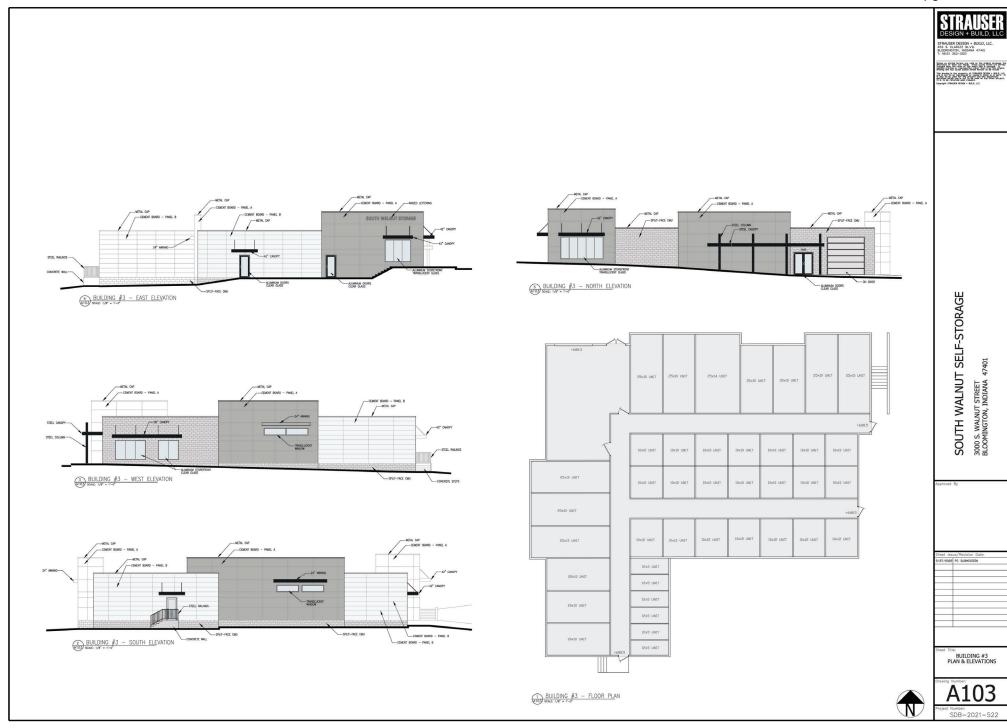
SOUTH WALNUT STORAGE

3000 S. WALNUT STREET











MEMORANDUM

DATE: August 1st, 2022

TO: Ryan Strauser

Strauser Construction Co., Inc.

FROM: Gerald Salzman

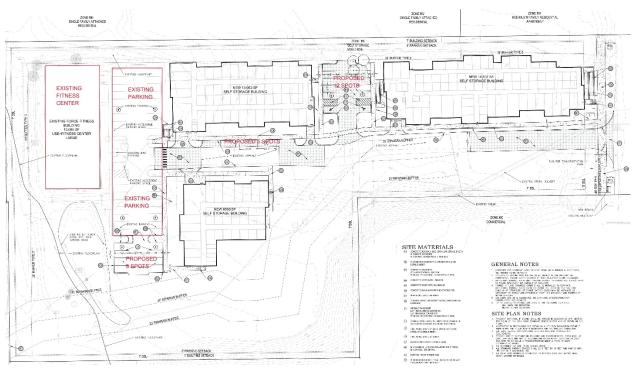
Maria Berg

RE: Parking Study – Walnut Street Self-Storage, Bloomington, Indiana

Introduction

The purpose of this memorandum is to summarize the findings of a parking study conducted by DESMAN for the mixed-use development in Bloomington, Indiana. The development is located on the south side of Bloomington within the mixed-use corridor (MC) zoning district. The existing development consists of Force Fitness and Performance, a 10,085 SQFT fitness center with chiropractic rehabilitation services and 35 parking spaces. The proposed development includes three self-storage buildings that are 8,508 SQFT, 13,062 SQFT, and 16,537 SQFT in size, as well as an additional 25 parking spaces. This area of Bloomington is on the edge of the city limits and it is expected that most users of the development will drive a personal vehicle. **Figure 1** presents the development plan.

Figure 1: Fitness Center Peak Utilization by Month



Source: Strauser Construction Co., Inc.

Fitness Center Parking Demand

A parking analysis was conducted to determine the existing parking demand for the fitness center and chiropractic rehab. Data obtained from Force Fitness included a peak parking occupancy count, peak utilization data by month, and peak utilization data by hour. Parking utilization or occupancy represents the demand for parking during peak periods. The peak occupancy count and utilization data was based on current trends at the fitness center. Because the fitness center only operates on Saturdays from 8:00AM – 12:00PM and remains closed on Sundays, only the weekday occupancy was relevant to this study.

The data revealed a peak of 34 vehicles at the 6:00AM and 5:00PM hours during the peak month of January. To broaden the analysis, data on fitness centers from the Urban Land Institute's (ULI) publication of Shared Parking 3rd Edition was used to compare monthly trends. **Table 1** presents the peak utilization data by month and the demand associated with each.

Table 1: Fitness Center Peak Utilization by Month

Weekday						
Month	Fitness Ce	nter Data	ULI Data			
	Utilization	Demand	Utilization	Demand		
January	100%	34	100%	71		
February	95%	32	95%	67		
March	80%	27	85%	60		
April	80%	27	70%	50		
May	80%	27	65%	46		
June	70%	24	65%	46		
July	60%	20	65%	46		
August	90%	31	70%	50		
September	85%	29	80%	57		
October	80%	27	85%	60		
November	80%	27	85%	60		
December	70%	24	100%	71		

Source: Force Fitness and Performance, Bloomington; Urban Land Institute Shared Parking 3rd Edition

As presented in Table 1, the peak count of 34 vehicles in January reflects the peak month, highlighted in red. Every month thereafter is calculated to represent a percentage of this peak, when utilization of the fitness center is lower. The ULI data on fitness centers appeared to be similar in terms of monthly utilization percentages. However, the ULI estimates the number of vehicles to peak at 71 rather than 34, as compared to Force Fitness' data.

To understand the peak time of day, the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE) publication of the Parking Generation Manual 5th Edition was used for comparison in addition to Force Fitness' data and the ULI data. Based on multiple studies of urban/suburban fitness centers, the ITE recommends a parking ratio of 4.73 vehicles per 1,000 SQFT GFA. The ULI recommends a ratio of 7.00. As part of the hard data collection provided by Force Fitness, an additional overlap occurs during the transition period between fitness classes. Patrons are arriving for a fitness class overlap with patrons finishing a fitness class, resulting in a 25% vehicle influx for a period of 15-20 minutes. **Table 2** presents the calculations and comparisons for the peak utilization by hour during the peak month.



Table 2: Fitness Center Peak Utilization by Hour

Weekday							
Time	Fitness Center Data			ULI Data		ITE Data	
	Utilization	Demand	Overlap	Utilization	Demand	Utilization	Demand
6:00AM	100%	34	43	70%	50	0%	0
7:00AM	80%	27	34	40%	28	0%	0
8:00AM	70%	24	30	40%	28	0%	0
9:00AM	90%	31	38	70%	50	0%	0
10:00AM	70%	24	30	70%	50	62%	30
11:00AM	70%	24	30	80%	57	55%	26
12:00PM	40%	14	17	60%	43	44%	21
1:00PM	40%	14	17	70%	50	41%	20
2:00PM	40%	14	17	70%	50	36%	17
3:00PM	70%	24	30	70%	50	41%	20
4:00PM	70%	24	30	80%	57	69%	33
5:00PM	100%	34	43	90%	64	96%	46
6:00PM	85%	29	36	100%	71	100%	48
7:00PM	20%	7	9	90%	64	85%	41
8:00PM	0%	0	0	80%	57	0%	0
9:00PM	0%	0	0	70%	50	0%	0
10:00PM	0%	0	0	35%	25	0%	0

Source: Force Fitness and Performance, Bloomington; Urban Land Institute Shared Parking 3rd Edition; Institute of Traffic Engineers Parking Generation 5th Edition

As presented in Table 2, Force Fitness' data shows that the peak of 34 vehicles occurs during the 6:00AM and 5:00PM hours. The overlap, or the 25% vehicle influx as a result of the fitness class transition period, produces 43 vehicles at its peak time of day. At present, the development is stressed for parking with 35 spaces, and according to Force Fitness, patrons park their vehicles in the grass along the drive entrance when the lot is over capacity. This grass area will be replaced by the proposed development of self-storage units.

The monthly utilization percentages provided by Force Fitness was generally consistent with that of the Urban Land Institute (ULI). Slight variations in the monthly utilization for Force Fitness reflect the nature of this particular fitness center and its chiropractic rehabilitation services. However, the actual demand numbers were slightly lower than the ITE projected demand of 48 vehicles, and significantly lower than the ULI projected demand of 71 vehicles. It is possible that the current number of parking spaces may be limiting customer capacity at this facility, given that pedestrian infrastructure is inconsistent along S Walnut Street and patients seeking rehabilitation services are more likely to drive a vehicle to their destination.

Self-Storage Building Parking Demand

The proposed development includes three self-storage buildings at 8,508 SQFT, 13,062 SQFT, and 16,537 SQFT in size, with an additional 25 parking spaces as well. The individual storage units do not each have external garage door access. Rather, one communal garage door with a loading zone is provided to access



the indoor facility at each building. The ITE suggests a parking ratio of 0.10 per 1,000 SQFT GFA for these facilities, and also provides hourly utilization trends. **Table 3** presents the parking demand for the storage facility across all three buildings.

Table 3: Self-Storage Building Peak Utilization by Hour

Weekday						
Time	SQFT	Ratio	Utilization	Demand		
6:00AM	38,107	0.10	0%	0		
7:00AM	38,107	0.10	0%	0		
8:00AM	38,107	0.10	14%	1		
9:00AM	38,107	0.10	71%	3		
10:00AM	38,107	0.10	50%	2		
11:00AM	38,107	0.10	79%	3		
12:00PM	38,107	0.10	57%	2		
1:00PM	38,107	0.10	64%	2		
2:00PM	38,107	0.10	64%	2		
3:00PM	38,107	0.10	79%	3		
4:00PM	38,107	0.10	71%	3		
5:00PM	38,107	0.10	100%	4		
6:00PM	38,107	0.10	14%	1		
7:00PM	38,107	0.10	0%	0		
8:00PM	38,107	0.10	0%	0		
9:00PM	38,107	0.10	0%	0		
10:00PM	38,107	0.10	0%	0		

Source: ITE Trip Generation Manual

As presented in Table 3, the peak hour utilization occurs at 5:00PM with a demand for four parking spaces. The peak for the storage facility occurs at the same peak hour for the fitness center.

Projected Peak Demand

Parking utilization trends along with projections for future growth were used to estimate the future parking demand trends in the development. Generally, a parking facility for a mixed-use development is perceived by its users to be at full operational (effective) *practical capacity* when occupancy levels reach 90%. Once this rate is exceeded, potential parkers find it difficult to locate open spaces and are more likely to continue to search for an available space, creating traffic flow problems, frustrating drivers, and ultimately leading them to park elsewhere.

In addition to the practical capacity, *shared parking* was considered for this development. Shared parking is a tool through which adjacent property owners share their parking lots and reduce the number of parking spaces that each would provide on their individual properties. However, the utilization trends in the previous sections revealed that the peak hour for both the fitness center and storage building occur at 5:00PM. For this reason, shared parking cannot be relied on. Rather, the on-site parking should accommodate the peak overlap for the fitness center and peak demand for the storage building. **Table 4** presented the projected peak demand for the development.



Table 4: Projected Peak Demand

Land Use	Size	Unit	Peak Demand	Peak Overlap
Fitness Center	10,085	SQFT	34	43
Storage Buildings	38,107	SQFT	4	4
Total			38	47

Prepared by DESMAN

As presented in Table 4, a total of 47 parking spaces are needed during the peak month and hour to accommodate users of the development. The proposed plans have a summation of 60 spaces in the development, which will satisfy the parking demand and potentially attract new customers to the development.

Unified Development Ordinance

The Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) governs land use and development throughout the City of Bloomington. The UDO provides a calculation for the maximum number of parking spaces permitted for each land use. Stated in Chapter 20.04.060 Parking and Loading, a self-service storage unit is allowed 2.85 parking spaces per 1000 SQFT GFA of indoor retail space. With 250 SQFT of indoor retail in the main storage building, and 100 SQFT of indoor retail in the remaining two buildings, the number of permitted parking spaces is 13. A large fitness center is permitted to have 2.50 parking spaces per 1000 SQFT GFA, equating to 25 parking spaces for Force Fitness. Together, a maximum of 38 spaces are permitted for the development.

The effectiveness of the UDO can be seen throughout downtown Bloomington—a high-transit, densely populated area relative to the location of the proposed development on S Walnut Street. Generally, reliable public transportation and pedestrian networks increase accessibility and eliminate the barrier to entry. While this area is serviced by Bus Route 1, the pedestrian sidewalks are fragmented. Another consideration is the nature of the two particular land uses, where it is less common for patrons of a storage unit to arrive on foot or public transit, and similarly with the fitness center where chiropractic rehabilitation services are provided.

Conclusion

The proposed mixed-use development includes three self-storage buildings with a cumulative square footage of 38,107 SQFT and 25 parking spaces. The existing development includes a 10,085 SQFT fitness center and chiropractic rehabilitation services with 35 parking spaces. At present, the parking for the existing development is over-capacity with 43 vehicles competing for space during class transition periods. While the data from Force Fitness was relied on for our calculations, the ULI and ITE both project higher demands, suggesting that the existing parking may be inhibiting customers from using the development.

The peak demand for the storage facility is projected at four vehicles and occurs at the same peak hour of the fitness center (5:00PM). The projected demand for the mixed-use development is 47 parking spaces. The proposed 25 spaces in addition to the existing 35 spaces will satisfy this demand, and potentially more as the businesses grow. Due to the low-density of this area of Bloomington, the UDO parking maximum should be reconsidered at this location to allow for customers to access the development.

CASE #: ZO-40-22

BLOOMINGTON PLAN COMMISSION

STAFF REPORT DATE: October 10, 2022

LOCATION: Northeast corner of W Fullerton Pike and S State Road 37

PETITIONER: Monroe County Government

100 W. Kirkwood Avenue, Bloomington

REQUEST: The petitioner is requesting a map amendment (rezone) of approximately 87.12 acres from Mixed-Use Employment (ME) to Mixed-Use Institutional (MI) for the purpose of building a new jail facility.

BACKGROUND:

Area: 87.12 acres

Current Zoning: Mixed-Use Employment (ME)

Comp Plan Designation: Employment Center / I-69 and Interchange Focus Area

Existing Land Use: Vacant

Proposed Land Use: Jail or Detention Facility **Surrounding Uses:** North – Vacant / Old Quarry

South - Highway Interchange / Dwelling, Single-family

(detached)

East – Quarry

West - Highway Interchange / Dwelling, Single-family

REPORT: The petition site is 87.12 acres and is one parcel that is located at the northeast corner of the intersection of West Fullerton Pike and South State Road 37 / Interstate 69. The property is zoned Mixed-Use Employment (ME). The property is currently undeveloped. The property was previously zoned Planned Unit Development (PUD) and received approval to sell its top soil for the I-69 corridor project. The property was subsequently reseeded and vegetation exists where the topsoil was removed. The property immediately to the north is also zoned ME and is currently vacant. Surrounding land uses include other commercial offices and manufacturing buildings. Property to the northeast and east is zoned Quarry (Q), is outside of the corporation boundaries, and contains a previously used quarry (northeast) and an active quarry (east). Property to the south is zoned Limited Business (LB) and Agriculture/Rural Reserve (AG/RR), is located outside of the corporation boundary, and appears to contain single-family residences. State Road 37 / Interstate 69 is to the west, with property immediately to the west being zoned Limited Industrial (IL) at the interchange, with the remainder as Single Dwelling Res 3.5 (RS 3.5) which is a large single-family residential development.

The petitioner is in conversation with the property owner and is planning to purchase the property in order to relocate the existing Monroe County Jail facilities to this location. The petitioner has provided that at least 25 acres are needed for the new jail facility and that, though no details have been determined at this time, additional acreage will likely be needed for supportive services that may be moved to be in close proximity to a new jail location.

The petition site is currently zoned ME, which does not allow for the use 'Jail or Detention Facility'. The use is limited in the Unified Development Ordinance (UDO), the zoning code, to either the Mixed-Use Institutional (MI) or Employment (EM) zoning districts. The use is 'Conditional' in both MI and EM. The petitioner is requesting a map amendment to rezone the property to MI.

The Department has identified a number of areas of concern related to the request, and has communicated those to the petitioner. Responses can be seen in the attached letter from the Monroe County Attorney's office dated August 29, 2022. The Plan Commission, and ultimately the Common Council, will need to weigh a number of factors when analyzing this request, including the areas of concern identified by the Department, which are discussed briefly below. The largest issue, compliance with the Comprehensive Plan, is discussed in more detail in the next section.

Environmental Site Considerations: The site contains large amounts of closed canopy tree areas along the eastern portion of the site, which will need to be preserved with any development. There are also some low-lying areas and karst features. A previous approval at the site has outlined in some detail the areas that require preservation. The petitioner has stated that no disturbance of those areas is envisioned at this time. Additionally, the Department has heard from neighboring property owners with concerns about stormwater that leaves this site now and how that will change and be addressed in future development. The site was also used as an I-69 soil borrow site and may have issues in the future where top soil will need to be replaced on the site in order for required landscaping to be achieved.

<u>Access</u>: The site will derive vehicular access from West Fullerton Pike. The Transportation Plan includes a roadway connection on the west side of the property to connect to the north. A map amendment does not automatically require right-of-way dedication for that roadway, however, the petitioners have been made aware that any future subdivision will trigger dedication and development of that roadway.

There is no transit service adjacent to the site. Bloomington Transit has indicated that no future transit service is planned adjacent to the site. While the map amendment does not raise immediate concerns about transit access for the site, approving a map amendment in order to allow for the particular use, 'jail or detention facility', when no transit access is planned, raises concerns. The petitioner has indicated that they plan to have discussions with Bloomington Transit about future connections.

<u>Site Design</u>: No site plan is required for approval of a map amendment. However, in the case where a map amendment is being requested in order to allow for a particular use, and for one as potentially impactful as a 'jail or detention facility' requiring at least 25 acres for development, a site design may be useful for decision makers to weigh potential impacts. The petitioner is currently working on analysis of the site and does not have a site design to share.

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: The Comprehensive Plan designates this site as 'Employment Center' and it is also part of the 'I-69 and Interchange' Focus Area. The Comprehensive Plan envisions that Employment Centers will allow "Bloomington to keep pace with the changing economy – the main purpose of the district." The Department has concerns about whether or not the rezone is supporting this basic goal of the Employment Center area, as the current zoning, ME, seems to support this goal. MI limits the number and type of uses are the site, and the particular use desired by the petitioner further limits the site in meeting the purpose of Employment Center.

The site is in the 'Employment Center' designation in the Comprehensive plan, as well as part of the 'I-69 and Interchange' Focus Area. The Employment Center description lists the following:

• Professional and business offices, light assembly plants, flex-tenant facilities, and research and development centers.

- Mix of office and light/high-tech manufacturing uses that provide quality employment opportunities.
- Good access to main thoroughfares and transit service

While MI can provide opportunity for the first and second bullet points above, the Department is concerned that rezoning the property for the specific intent of building a large jail does not support these outcomes of the Employment Center designation. Additionally, the existing zoning, ME, may encourage more of the types of uses desired than the MI district. For the third point, West Fullerton Pike offers excellent vehicular access, however, there is currently no transit to this location. The Department encouraged the petitioners to meet with Bloomington Transit to discuss possible future service. There is no planned service at this time.

The Interchange guidance in the Comprehensive Plan lists the following:

- Offer key opportunities as premier entry points into Bloomington.
- While serving regional employment and commercial interests, the overarching context along the corridor should convey a sense of arrival in Bloomington.
- The interchanges must welcome and invite everyone to access the whole community and not simply provide a generic respite along an interstate highway.

The MI zoning district may offer opportunity for these goals to be met. However, the proposed use, jail or detention facility, for which the rezone is sought, raises questions about how the area can be developed to be a premier entry point into Bloomington, as well as how it will serve regional employment and commercial interests. The goal for development of the interchanges is to invite users into the community, and the Department is concerned about rezoning the property in order to allow a 25 acre jail site on an 80+ acre parcel will accommodate that goal.

The Transform theme is recommended for the development of this area in the Comprehensive Plan and says the following:

• Commercial areas to serve the office, research, and light-manufacturing base
The MI zoning district could allow for some uses that would satisfy this description, but arguably
not more than the ME district. And the desired use, jail or detention center, does not support this.
Additionally, MI has no 'Retail Sales Uses' allowed in the Allowed Use Table (Table 3-1) of the
Unified Development Ordinance, and the use 'restaurant' is only allowed as an accessory use.
The MI zoning district is not designed to allow supportive commercial services.

Zoning Map Amendment: The Plan Commission shall review the zoning map amendment petition and shall forward its recommendation to the Common Council in accordance with Section 20.06.040(g) (Review and Decision), based on the approval criteria in Section 20.06.040(d)(6) Approval Criteria) and the following specific approval criteria:

20.06.040(d)(6)(B) General Compliance Criteria

- i. Compliance with this UDO
- ii. Compliance with Other Applicable Regulations
- iii. Compliance with Utility, Service, and Improvement Standards
- iv. Compliance with Prior Approvals

20.06.040(d)(6)(D) Additional Criteria Applicable to Primary Plats and Zoning Map Amendments (Including PUDs)

- i. Consistency with Comprehensive Plan and Other Applicable Plans
- ii. Consistent with Intergovernmental Agreements

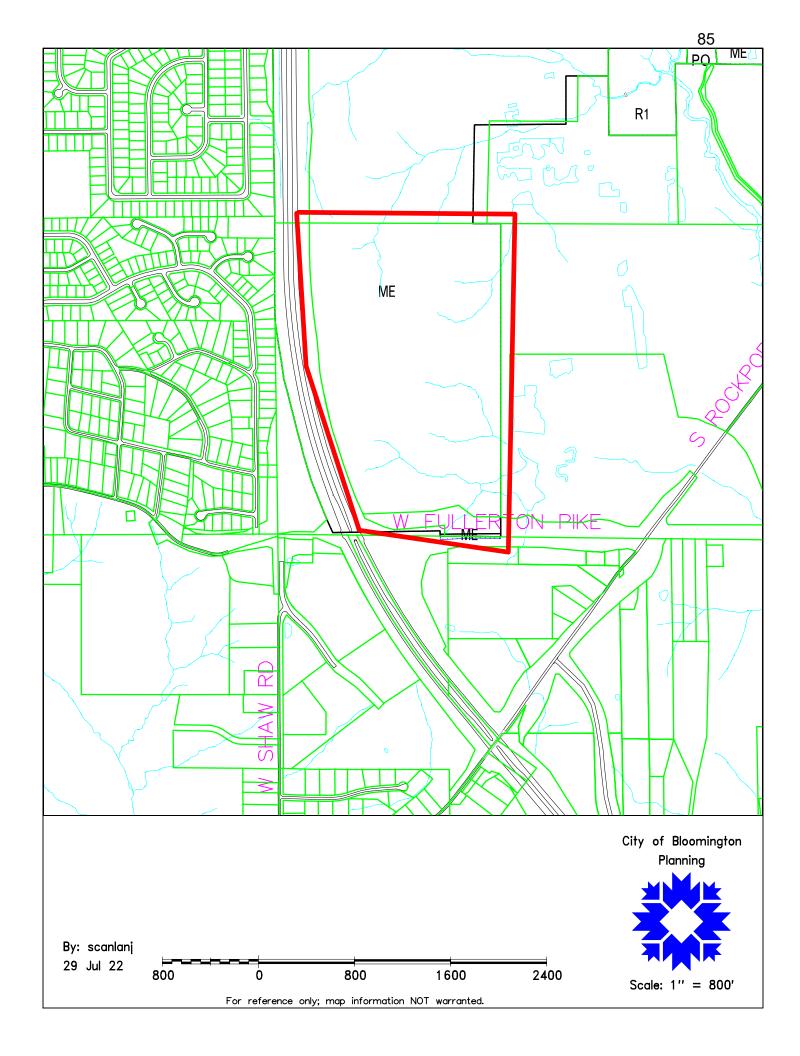
- iii. Minimization or Mitigation of Adverse Impacts
- iv. Adequacy of Road Systems
- v. Provides Adequate Public Services and Facilities
- vi. Rational Phasing Plan

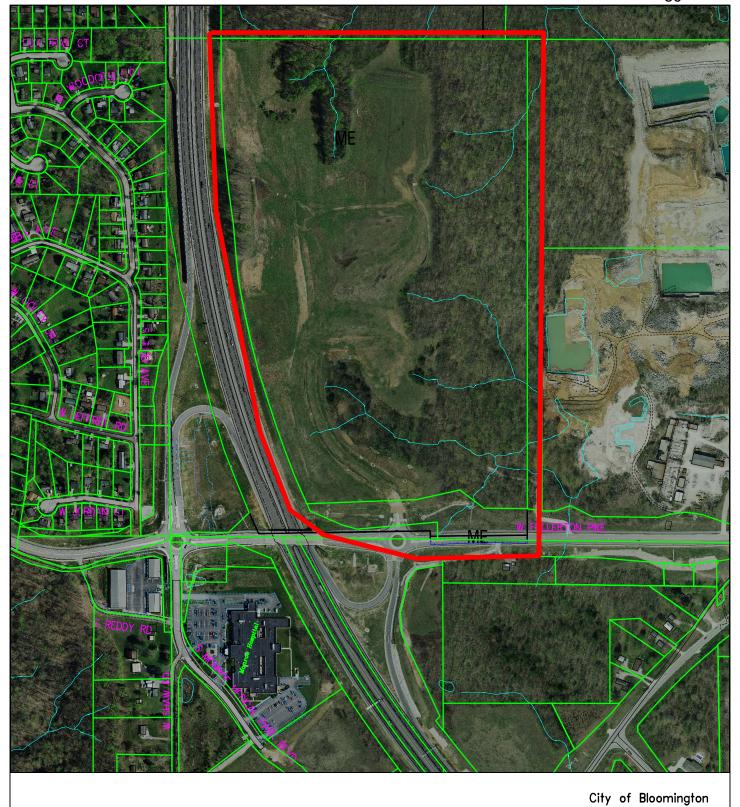
20.06.070(b)(3)(E)(i)(1) Specific Approval Criteria:

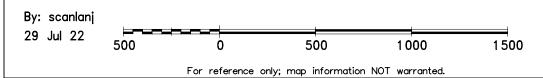
- [a] The recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan;
- [b] Current conditions and character of structures and uses in each zoning district;
- [c] The most desirable use for which the land in each zoning district is adapted;
- [d] The conservation of sensitive environmental features;
- [e] The conservation of property values throughout the jurisdiction; and
- [f] Responsible development and growth.

CONCLUSION: The Department has concerns about the map amendment request, and how the request aligns with the Comprehensive Plan, as well as the implications of the desired use and its lack of transit access at this location. This petition is required to be heard at two hearings by the Plan Commission, and no waiver of second hearing was requested by the petitioner.

RECOMMENDATION: The Department recommends the Plan Commission continue ZO-40-22 to the required second hearing in November 2022.







Planning

Scale: 1" = 500'



OFFICE OF MONROE COUNTY ATTORNEY

100 W. Kirkwood Avenue, Room 220 Bloomington, Indiana 47404 Telephone: (812) 349-2525 Facsimile: (812) 349-2982

E-mail: legal@co.monroe.in.us

DAVID B. SCHILLING

E. JEFF COCKERILL

LEE F. BAKER

MOLLY TURNER-KING

July 28, 2022

City of Bloomington Planning Department 301 N. Morton Street Bloomington, IN 47404

Re: Rezone Request for parcel 53-08-18-300-001.000-009.

Dear Planning Department Staff and Plan Commission Members:

Monroe County is requesting to rezone parcel 53-08-18-300-001.000-009 from ME, Mix-use Employment, to MI, Mixed-use Institutional. This 87.12 acre property is vacant land that is located on Fullerton Pike, bordered by I-69, and is in close proximity to Monroe Hospital. The reason for this request is that an expected use of the property is for the new County Jail facility.

Monroe County Government is required to operate and maintain a Jail, which is not allowed in the ME zone, but is a conditional use in a MI zone. The current jail facility has been operating under a Federal Order regarding its condition since 2009, and in 2019 the County Commissioned a study of the Criminal Justice System, which included the Jail facility. The study showed that the County is not meeting basic constitutional standards, and certainly are not meeting community standards for corrections concerns. In addition, the consultants looked at gaps in our community that lead to incarceration and recommendations to help. The studies can be found here: https://www.co.monroe.in.us/department/board.php?structureid=178

When relocating the jail, considerations about which related Justice components of the County will need to be relocated need to occur. While no decisions have been made, the potential use would include all of our current justice related functions, including the Courts, Probation, and Community Corrections, Prosecutor, and Public Defender space. In addition, other supportive facilities, such as those described in the reports, may be desired for this area. Other than the Jail use, the remaining uses appear to be consistent with the ME and MI designations.

The reconstruction and connection of Fullerton Pike as an east-west vehicular traffic corridor is scheduled to be completed in 2025. This project provides both roadway and multiuse trail access to the site and will include a connection to the Clear Creek Trail.

The County reviewed many sites utilizing the following criteria, accessible, minimum size of 40 acres, buffers to residential neighborhoods, and prioritized areas within the City Limits to allow the potential for Bloomington Transit service. This was the space that best fit the needs of the County.

Sincerely

Jeff Cockerill

PROJECT MEMORANDUM

DATE: August 1, 2022

TO: Jeff Cockerill, Monroe County Attorney

FROM: Jeff Hirsch, PLA, LEED AP

SUBJECT: New Monroe County Correctional Facility - Anticipated Site Acreage

When selecting a site for a new correctional facility, multiple factors should be considered for determining the acreage necessary to support the development.

Common factors to be considered include:

- Building footprint square footages (main correctional facility, auxiliary buildings such as lawn maintenance storage, fleet maintenance, and ancillary support spaces such as mechanical yard(s), photovoltaic fields, etc.).
 - o A one operational level correctional facility is suggested versus a multi-operational level facility due to being more efficient to operate and staff. A one operational level facility building footprint square footage is larger than a multi-level facility.
- Required visitor parking
- Required staff parking including shift change
- Anti-Terrorism Force Protection (ATFP) standoff distance recommendations for perimeter security
- Additional equipment storage (trailers, specialty tactical vehicles, etc.)
- Local zoning setbacks, required buffer yards, landscaping requirements, etc.
- Local drainage requirements for stormwater management and retention/detention
- Secured outdoor recreation area / evacuation yard
- Vehicular circulation / access for tractor trailers, fire department, trash/recycling trucks, transportation vehicles/buses, etc.

In addition to the above, DLZ further considers future expansion of the facility and the associated increased accommodations of parking, stormwater detention, etc.



New Monroe County Correctional Facility
Anticipated Site Acreage

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A site of at least 25 acres should adequately support the anticipated size of the new Monroe County Correctional Facility. Accommodations of possible additional future building facilities to accommodate Courts, Community Corrections/Work Release, Juvenile Detention, Diversion Center, Treatment Facility, etc. will require additional acreage - above the recommended 25 minimum acres for the Correctional Facility.

Copy: Laurie Johnson, PE, Eric Ratts, AIA, NCARB, Scott Carnegie, AAIA - DLZ



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E. JEFF COCKERILL

August 29, 2022

City of Bloomington Planning Department 301 N. Morton Street Bloomington, IN 47404

Re: Rezone Request for parcel 53-08-18-300-001.000-009.

Dear Planning Department Staff and Plan Commission Members:

Thank you for your questions, I have included your information and questions in this response.

1. Comprehensive Plan | Employment and Interchanges The Employment description includes the following:

Professional and business offices, light assembly plants, flex-tenant facilities, and research and development centers.

Good access to main thoroughfares and transit service

Mix of office and light/high-tech manufacturing uses that provide quality employment opportunities

Using the Transform Theme

Commercial areas to serve the office, research, and light-manufacturing base

The section of the Comprehensive Plan that discussed interchanges includes the following:

Offer key opportunities as premier entry points into Bloomington.

While serving regional employment and commercial interests, the overarching context along the corridor should convey a sense of arrival in Bloomington.

The interchanges must welcome and invite everyone to access the whole community and not simply provide a generic respite along an interstate highway.

How is the project supporting the intent and goals from the Comprehensive Plan, as listed above?

RESPONSE: This project supports the intent and goals of the Comprehensive Plan in a number of ways. Governmental Buildings, such as a Jail, and other Justice related services

by their nature invite access to the whole community and are far from "a generic respite along an interstate highway." The purpose of the use is the embodiment of the Transform Theme, this facility is expected to deviate from the norm of warehousing inmates, it is to provide much needed services and programs to allow positive change to those who enter the system. The County is exploring other functions for this site to support not only those who have entered to the system, but to serve those who are on a path that has, historically, ended in interactions with the Law Enforcement. Jails have long been the place where those with mental illness, including substance abuse disorder have been housed. The County is a partner to those who wish to see this end, and in doing so will truly create a premier entry point into the City. This use serves not only regional employment and commercial interests, but civic interests as well, by adding to the workforce, increasing public safety, and increasing the quality of life for community members.

At this point, it is difficult to accurately answer the types of employment that will be on site, but it fairly safe to say that there will be professionals working on the site, but highly doubtful that any manufacturing will occur. However, this projects supports many aspects of the vision statement found on Page 14 of the Comprehensive Plan, particularly the following:

- 1. Fortify our strong commitment to equality, acceptance, openness, and public engagement
- 2. Deliver efficient, responsive, and forward-thinking local government services
- 3. Meet basic needs and ensure self-sufficiency for all residents
- 4. Fortify our progress toward improving public safety and civility
- 8. Offer a wide variety of excellent educational opportunities for our residents at every stage of life

2. Road Connection

The Transportation Plan shows a road connection on this property (Neighborhood Connector). We cannot compel right-of-way (ROW) dedication for new ROW with a map amendment.

However any future subdivision will require ROW dedication and construction. Nothing should be built or designed or used as preservation in those areas.

Has site design been done with no disturbance to that area in consideration?

RESPONSE: Site design has not occurred at this point. As far as dedicated right of way is concerned, the County does intend to build a roadway that will accommodate law enforcement and public safety personnel as well as the general public. At this time, the County is not seeking a subdivision, the Site design will take into account the transportation plan's neighborhood connector.

Environmental Site Considerations

There is quite a bit of closed canopy on the site and possibly other environmental features that cannot be disturbed.

The owner has sold much of his topsoil for development of I-69. Future Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) compliance cannot be varied because of this self-created hardship. All

landscaping will be required as the site(s) develop.

Will you have enough area for current and potential future development without disturbance? Have you done a site assessment?

RESPONSE: The County has contracted with DLZ for a site assessment of the property, it should be completed prior to the Plan Commission meeting. In addition the County has contracted for two Phase 1 environmental reviews. In addition, a Phase 2 review has been contracted for, a site reconnaissance review and a Wetland and Jurisdictional water study. One of the attractive feature of this property is the wooded buffer and the County has no intention, at this point, to disturb that area.

Bloomington Transit

You have indicated that you plan to work with Bloomington Transit on access to this site.

Have those discussions occurred?

RESPONSE: No, those discussions have not occured, however, the County has reached out to begin the conversation.

Site Plan

It is very likely that Common Council and/or the Plan Commission will expect some sort of site plan to get an idea of what is planned for the site.

Will you have such a plan before the September Plan Commission hearing?

RESPONSE: No, the County is asking for rezone of the property to determine if it is appropriate to move forward with design for this site. County Officials' are in the process of touring other facilities to help inform the site design.

Let me know if you have any further questions.

Sincerely,

Jeff Cockerill

Eff Cockell