

City of Bloomington Common Council

Legislative Packet

Containing legislation and materials related to:

Special Session on:

Wednesday, 12 May 2021 at 6:30 pm

Thursday, 13 May 2021 at 6:30 pm

This Special Session, which began on May 4, 2021, may be continued as needed to the dates listed to allow for the continued deliberations on Ordinance 21-23 and Ordinance 21-24.

^{*}Please see the notes on the <u>Agenda</u> addressing public meetings during the public health emergency. For a schedule of upcoming meetings of the Council and the City's boards and commissions, please consult the City's <u>Calendar</u>.



AGENDA AND NOTICE: SPECIAL SESSION - continuing on 12 MAY 2021 | 6:30 PM 13 MAY 2021 | 6:30 PM

Per Executive Orders issued by the Governor, these meetings will be conducted electronically.

The public may access the meetings at the following links:

May 12, 2021 - https://bloomington.zoom.us/j/94994332997?pwd=R0VsZ1NSMWxYMXBjbW9mRkQ3dHFTQT09 May 13, 2021 - https://bloomington.zoom.us/j/98470302730?pwd=MXRiUFArWUl0RXVqQU8vMFByWEpxQT09

- I. AGENDA SUMMATION
- II. CONDUCT OF DELIBERATIONS
- III. ORDINANCE 21-23 To Amend Title 20 (Unified Development Ordinance) of the Bloomington Municipal Code Re: Regulations Related to Dwelling, Duplex; Dwelling, Triplex, and Dwelling, Fourplex Set Forth in BMC 20.03 and 20.04
- IV. ORDINANCE 21-24 To Repeal and Replace the Official Zoning Map within Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code Entitled "Unified Development Ordinance"
- V. COUNCIL SCHEDULE
- VI. RECESS/ADJOURNMENT*

*Note: The Council anticipates deliberating on <u>Ordinance 21-23</u> and <u>Ordinance 21-24</u> and any amendments thereto over the course of multiple nights (continued from Thursday May 6th and currently scheduled for Wednesday May 12th and Thursday May 13th). At the conclusion of each night and until the Council has concluded its deliberations on these items, it may recess, rather than adjourn, the Special Session. Any business not completed on a given night may be continued until the following scheduled time.

For further information regarding revisions to the schedule and Zoom links, please visit the Council website at https://bloomington.in.gov/council.

STATEMENT ON PUBLIC MEETINGS DURING THE PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY

As a result of Executive Orders issued by Indiana Governor Eric Holcomb, the Council and its committees may adjust normal meeting procedures to adhere to guidance provided by state officials. These adjustments may include:

- allowing members of the Council or its committees to participate in meetings electronically;
- posting notices and agendas for meetings solely by electronic means;
- using electronic meeting platforms to allow for remote public attendance and participation (when possible);
- encouraging the public to watch meetings via Community Access Television Services broadcast or livestream, and encouraging remote submissions of public comment (via email, to council@bloomington.in.gov).

Please check https://bloomington.in.gov/council for the most up-to-date information on how the public can access Council meetings during the public health emergency.

Posted on: Friday, 07 April 2021



City of Bloomington Office of the Common Council

Notice of Special Session

To consider:

Ordinance 21-23 (pertaining to plexes) and Ordinance 21-24 (proposed zoning map)

Wednesday, 12 May 2021 at 6:30 pm

https://bloomington.zoom.us/j/94994332997?pwd=R0VsZ1NSMWxYMXBjbW9mRk03dHFT0T09

Thursday, 13 May 2021 at 6:30 pm

https://bloomington.zoom.us/j/98470302730?pwd=MXRiUFArWUl0RXVqQU8vMFBvWEpxQT09

This Special Session, which began on May 4, 2021, may be continued as needed to the dates listed to allow for the continued deliberations on <u>Ordinance 21-23</u> and <u>Ordinance 21-24</u>. Per <u>Executive</u>

<u>Orders</u> issued by the Governor, these meetings will be conducted electronically.

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Please check https://bloomington.in.gov/council for the most up-to-date information

As a quorum of the Council or its committees may be present, this gathering constitutes a meeting under the Indiana Open Door Law (I.C. § 5-14-1.5). For that reason, this statement provides notice that this meeting will occur and is open for the public to attend, observe, and record what transpires.



MEMO FROM COUNCIL OFFICE ON:

Ordinance 21-15 through Ordinance 21-24 – 10 proposals certified to the Council by the Plan Commission to amend Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code (BMC) entitled "Unified Development Ordinance" (UDO):

9 proposals with text amendments to the UDO and the adoption of a new Zoning Map

Updated Status

Ordinance 21-23 and three amendments were heard and discussed at a Committee of the Whole meeting on April 28, 2021, and at Special Sessions May 4-6, 2021. The Council voted on Amendments 1-3 at the Special Sessions May 4-6 with the following results:

Amendment 1 – failed (4-5)

Amendment 2 – passed (9-0)

Amendment 3 – passed (7-2)

The Council will reconvene in a Special Session on Wednesday, May 12, 2021 at 6:30 to continue deliberations on <u>Ordinance 21-23</u> and <u>Ordinance 21-24</u>.

Background

In March and April 2021, the Plan Commission considered 10 proposals brought forward by city staff to make various changes to the UDO. The following table lists each of the 10 proposals and relevant information for each:

Council Ordinance #	Corresponding Plan Com. Case #	Plan Com. Vote	Date certified to Council	90 days from certification
Ord 21-15	Z0-01-21	9-0	March 22, 2021	June 20, 2021
Technical Corrections				
Ord 21-16	ZO-02-21	9-0	March 22, 2021	June 20, 2021
Ch. 2 - Zoning Districts				
Ord 21-17	Z0-03-21	9-0	April 5, 2021	July 4, 2021
Ch. 3 - Use Regulations				
Ord 21-18	Z0-04-21	9-0	April 5, 2021	July 4, 2021
Ch. 4 - Development				
Standards & Incentives				
Ord 21-19	Z0-05-21	9-0	March 22, 2021	June 20, 2021
Ch. 5 - Subdivision Standards				
Ord 21-20	Z0-06-21	9-0	April 5, 2021	July 4, 2021
Ch. 6 - Administration &				
Procedures				
Ord 21-21	ZO-07-21	8-0	April 5, 2021	July 4, 2021



Ch. 7 - Definitions				
Ord 21-22	Z0-08-21	9-0	April 5, 2021	July 4, 2021
Deletion of RE Zoning District				
Ord 21-23	Z0-09-21	6-3	April 5, 2021	July 4, 2021
Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex				
Ord 21-24	Z0-10-21	7-1	April 7, 2021	July 6, 2021
Proposed Zoning Map				

This memo addresses relevant procedures and considerations applicable to these 10 ordinances. Planning staff has prepared individual memos that explain each of the proposals, along with red-line amendments that show the proposed changes in context.

Relevant Materials

- Ordinance 21-15 through Ordinance 21-24
- Certification forms from Plan Commission for each ordinance
- Staff memo for each ordinance
- Red-line amendments showing changes proposed by each ordinance
- (Additional supporting materials for Ordinance 21-23 and Ordinance 21-24 are forthcoming)

Contacts

Scott Robinson, Director, Planning and Transportation Department, 812-349-3423, robinsos@bloomington.in.gov Jacqueline Scanlan, Development Services Manager, 812-349-3423, scanlanj@bloomington.in.gov

Summary

The city administration has been working to bring forward several proposals to amend the text of the city's UDO and to amend the official zoning map incorporated by reference. This is the latest step in a process that began several years ago to repeal and replace the prior UDO. General information about the UDO, including the complete text of the current UDO, can be found here: https://bloomington.in.gov/planning/udo. For information about the Council's 2019 repeal and replacement of the UDO, please visit the following site: https://bloomington.in.gov/council/plan-schedule. Information about this most recent effort to bring forward text amendments and a new zoning map can be found here: https://bloomington.in.gov/planning/udo/map. Finally, councilmembers and the public can find the city's Comprehensive Plan online here:

https://bloomington.in.gov/planning/comprehensive-plan.

Proposals to amend either the text or the zoning map contained in the UDO are governed by state law¹. As a threshold matter, state law provides that the purpose of the local

¹ See <u>IC 36-7-4-600</u> et seq. ("600 Series – Zoning Ordinance")

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planning and zoning laws are "to encourage units to improve the health, safety, convenience, and welfare of their citizens and to plan for the future development of their communities to the end:

- 1. that highway systems be carefully planned;
- 2. that new communities grow only with adequate public way, utility, health, educational, and recreational facilities;
- 3. that the needs of agriculture, forestry, industry, and business be recognized in future growth;
- 4. that residential areas provide healthful surroundings for family life; and
- 5. that the growth of the community is commensurate with and promotive of the efficient and economical use of public funds."²

Further, in considering UDO text amendments and zoning map changes, state law requires "the legislative body [to] pay reasonable regard to:

- 1. the comprehensive plan;
- 2. current conditions and the character of current structures and uses in each district;
- 3. the most desirable use for which the land in each district is adapted;
- 4. the conservation of property values throughout the jurisdiction; and
- 5. responsible development and growth."³

Importantly, these are factors that a legislative body must *consider* when deliberating on zoning ordinance proposals. However, nothing in statute requires that the Council find absolute conformity with each of the factors outlined above. Instead, the Council is to take into consideration the entire constellation of the criteria, balancing the statutory factors. ⁴

<u>UDO Text Amendments (Ordinance 21-15 through Ordinance 21-23)</u>

Indiana Code provides the following procedure that applies to a proposal to amend or partially repeal the text (not zone maps) of the UDO.⁵

After the Plan Commission determines its recommendation on a proposal, it certifies
the proposal to the Council with either a favorable recommendation, an unfavorable
recommendation, or no recommendation. All 10 proposals sent to the Council
received a favorable recommendation by the Plan Commission (votes listed above).
The Council must consider these recommendations before acting on the proposal.⁶

² IC 36-7-4-201(b)

³ IC 36-7-4-603

⁴ Notably, Indiana courts have found that comprehensive plans are guides to community development, rather than instruments of land-use control. A municipality must consider all factors and make a balanced determination. *Borsuk v. Town of St. John*, 820 N.E.2d 118 (2005).

⁵ IC 36-7-4-607

⁶ IC 36-7-4-605(d)

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- At the first regular meeting of the Council after the proposal is certified (or at any subsequent meeting within 90 days after the proposal is certified), the Council may adopt, reject, or amend the proposal. The Council must post and give notice at least 48 hours in advance of its intention to consider the proposal at a meeting.
- If the Council fails to act on a proposal that received a positive recommendation within 90 days after certification (deadlines listed above), the proposal would take effect as if it had been adopted (as certified) 90 days after certification.
- Assuming the Council does act within the 90 days after a proposal is certified to it, the Council can adopt, reject or amend the proposal. If the Council amends or rejects a proposal, the Council must return that proposal to the Plan Commission along with a written statement of the reasons for the amendment or rejection. Doing so would start a 45-day period for the Plan Commission to consider the Council's amendment or rejection.
- If the Plan Commission approves of the Council's amendment or fails to act within 45 days, the ordinance would stand as passed by the Council. If the Plan Commission disapproves of the amendment or rejection, the Council's action on the original amendment or rejection stands only if confirmed by another vote of the Council within forty-five (45) days after the Plan Commission certifies its disapproval.

These detailed procedures may seem cumbersome, but are designed to ensure that there is a dialogue between the Plan Commission and the Council.

UDO Map Amendment (Ordinance 21-24)

Indiana Code provides the following procedure that applies to change the zone maps incorporated by reference into the UDO.⁷ Note that many of the procedures are the same as a text amendment.

- After the Plan Commission determines its recommendation on a proposal, it certifies
 the proposal to the Council with either a favorable recommendation, an unfavorable
 recommendation, or no recommendation. In this case, the proposal to replace the
 official zoning map received a positive recommendation (7-1) by the Plan
 Commission. The Council must consider this recommendation before acting on the
 proposal.
- At the first regular meeting of the Council after the proposal is certified (or at any subsequent meeting within 90 days after the proposal is certified), the Council may adopt or reject the proposal (but not amend). The Council must post and give notice at least 48 hours in advance of its intention to consider the proposal at a meeting.
- If the Council fails to act on the proposal within 90 days after certification (deadline listed above), the proposal would take effect as if it had been adopted (as certified) 90 days after certification.

⁷ IC 36-7-4-608



 Assuming the Council does act within 90 days after the proposal was certified, the Council can either adopt or reject the proposal. If the Council adopts (as certified) the proposal, it takes effect as other ordinances of the Council. If the Council rejects the proposal, it is defeated.

ORDINANCE 21-23

TO AMEND TITLE 20 (UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE) OF THE BLOOMINGTON MUNICIPAL CODE –

Re: Regulations Related to Dwelling, Duplex; Dwelling, Triplex, and Dwelling, Fourplex Set Forth in BMC 20.03 and 20.04

- WHEREAS, the Common Council, by its <u>Resolution 18-01</u>, approved a new Comprehensive Plan for the City of Bloomington, which took effect on March 21, 2018; and
- WHEREAS, thereafter the Plan Commission initiated and prepared a proposal to repeal and replace Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code, entitled "Unified Development Ordinance" ("UDO"); and
- WHEREAS, on December 18, 2019 the Common Council passed <u>Ordinance 19-24</u>, to repeal and replace the UDO; and
- WHEREAS, on January 14, 2020 the Mayor signed and approved Ordinance 19-24; and
- WHEREAS, on April 15, 2020, the Common Council passed <u>Ordinance 20-06</u> and <u>Ordinance 20-07</u>; and
- WHEREAS, on April 18, 2020, the Unified Development Ordinance became effective; and
- WHEREAS, the Plan Commission certified this proposed ordinance to the Common Council with a favorable recommendation on April 5, 2021, after providing notice and holding public hearings on the proposal as required by law; and
- WHEREAS, in preparing and considering this proposal, the Plan Commission and Common Council have paid reasonable regard to:
 - 1) the Comprehensive Plan;
 - current conditions and character of current structures and uses in each district;
 - 3) the most desirable use for which land in each district is adapted;
 - 4) the conservation of property values throughout the jurisdiction; and
 - 5) responsible development and growth; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MONROE COUNTY, INDIANA, THAT:

SECTION I. Title 20, entitled "Unified Development Ordinance", is amended.

SECTION II. An amended Title 20, entitled "Unified Development Ordinance", including other materials that are incorporated therein by reference, is hereby adopted. Said replacement ordinance consists of the following documents which are attached hereto and incorporated herein:

- 1. The Proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission with a favorable recommendation, consisting of:
 - (A) <u>ZO-09-21</u>, ("Attachment A")
- 2. Any Council amendments thereto ("Attachment B")

SECTION III. The Clerk of the City is hereby authorized and directed to oversee the process of consolidating all of the documents referenced in Section II into a single text document for codification.

SECTION IV. Severability. If any section, sentence, or provision of this ordinance, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall be declared invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any of the other sections, sentences, provisions, or applications of this ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are declared to be severable.

SECTION V. Reporting. The Planning and Transportation Department will track requests and approvals for the uses amended in this Ordinance, and report those findings to the Plan Commission, Administration, and Common Council every six months from the effective date.

SECTION VI. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage by the Common Council and approval by the Mayor.

SECTION VII. The Clerk of the City is directed to enter the effective date of the ordinance

wherever it appears in the body of the ordina	nce.
PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Common County, Indiana, upon this day of	Council of the City of Bloomington, Monroe, 2021.
ATTEST:	JIM SIMS, President Bloomington Common Council
NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk City of Bloomington	
PRESENTED by me to Mayor of the City of day of, 2021.	Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana, upon this _
NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk City of Bloomington	
SIGNED AND APPROVED by me upon thi	s day of
	JOHN HAMILTON, Mayor

SYNOPSIS

City of Bloomington

This petition amends regulations related to the uses dwelling, duplex; dwelling, triplex; and dwelling, fourplex including in which districts they are permitted or conditional and their Use-Specific Standards.

****ORDINANCE CERTIFICATION****

In accordance with IC 36-7-4-604 I hereby certify that the attached Ordinance Number 21-23 is a true and complete copy of Plan Commission Case Number ZO-09-21 which was given a recommendation of approval by a vote of 6 Ayes, 3 Nays, and 0 Abstentions by the Bloomington City Plan Commission at a public hearing held on April 1, 2021.

Date: April 5, 2021			soul arrest	
Date. April 3, 2021		Scott Robinson Plan Commission	, Secretary on	
Received by the Common Cour	ncil Office this5th	day of	April	, 2021.
Appropriation Ordinance #	Fiscal Impact Statement Ordinance #		Resolution #	
Type of Legislation:		•		
Appropriation Budget Transfer Salary Change	End of Program New Program Bonding		Penal Ordinance Grant Approval Administrative Change	
Zoning Change New Fees	Investments Annexation		Short-Term Borrowing Other	
Cause of Request: Planned Expenditure Unforseen Need		Emerge	ency	
Funds Affected by Request:				
Fund(s) Affected Fund Balance as of January 1 Revenue to Date Revenue Expected for Rest of Appropriations to Date Unappropriated Balance Effect of Proposed Legislation)	\$		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
Projected Balance	\$		\$	
	Signature	of Controller		
Will the legislation have a major	r impact on existing Cit	y appropriations, fi	scal liability or revenues?	
Yes	No	XX		
70.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				

If the legislation will not have a major fiscal impact, explain briefly the reason for your conclusion.

Approval of case ZO-09-21 amends various chapters of the 2020 Unified Development Ordinance (UDO), by adding, removing, and editing existing text to clarify and amend the regulations related to duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes, by the Bloomington Plan Commission. This ordinance is in accordance with Indiana Code 36-7-4-600.

If the legislation will have a major fiscal impact, explain briefly what the effect on City costs and revenues will be and include factors which could lead to significant additional expenditures in the future. Be as specific as possible. (Continue on second sheet if necessary.)

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Case # ZO-09-21 Memo

To: Bloomington Common Council

From: Bloomington Plan Commission

Jackie Scanlan, AICP Development Services Manager

Date: April 5, 2021

Re: Text Amendments to Unified Development Ordinance and Draft Zoning Map

The Plan Commission heard case ZO-09-21 on March 25, 2021, March 29, 2021, and April 1, 2021. The Plan Commission voted to send the petition as amended to the Common Council with a positive recommendation with a vote of 6-3 (Cate, Herrera, Sandberg). The Plan Commission voted on three additional amendments and two were approved and added to the petition. The two that were approved made duplexes Permitted in R1-R4 and removed the Use-Specific Standard related to a 150 foot separation requirement for two years for new and remodeled duplexes in the R1-R3 zoning districts.

The Planning and Transportation Department proposes to complete the Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) and Zoning Map Update process by adopting a new Official Zoning Map and amending various sections of the UDO.

Based on guidance from the 2018 Comprehensive Plan, the Department led an effort to repeal and replace the previous UDO that culminated in the 2019 adoption of a new UDO, which became effective in April 2020. Staff has worked with the new UDO since that time and has identified portions of the code that contain errors or that may require additional amending. Staff has been compiling and analyzing those potential amendments since the new UDO was adopted in 2019. A public outreach effort was initiated in October 2020 to present a draft zoning map as well as potential text amendments. The draft map and amendments were reassessed and amended after the public outreach process. A new proposal was created, and was released in February 2021.

The proposal is divided into ten (10) petitions by subject matter, and one (1) is discussed below. That petition is as follows:

9. ZO-09-21 | Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex

ZO-09-21 | Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex

Background and Purpose

Bloomington feels housing pressure related to its proximity to and relationship with Indiana University, but also exists as part of a larger regional and national housing market. According to the National Association of Realtors, a tight housing supply is fueling an increase in home

prices. The median price of an existing home sold during the month of February 2021 was \$313,000. That is the highest February price on record. The number of sales were in decline for the month, but those on the market move quickly and the prices are climbing. There is a national housing supply issue. Regionally, per Zillow.com, the value of a typical home for sale in the 47401 zip code area is \$20,000 more than it was at this time last year, at just under \$300,000, and predicted to continue to rise by almost 10% over the next year. The opportunity to add plexes as an option across the City can increase our local housing supply, potentially offering some less expensive units in desirable locations.

The question of whether or not duplexes can provide a more affordable option than a detached single-family unit was explored by streets.mn using Minneapolis, MN data. In Minneapolis, which added duplex and triplex options across the City, Assessor Parcel data showed that a typical duplex per-unit value was 52% of the value of an average single family detached home. While there is concern that duplexes will not offer traditional affordable housing options, it is clear that they can offer cheaper per-unit costs than a detached unit. Additionally, duplexes can be created through renovation and addition of existing structures, as opposed to new construction in greenfield areas.

According to the American Community Survey, Bloomington's vacancy rate is almost 9%. However, according to the Bloomington Housing Study completed in July 2020, the vacancy rate might be closer to 2%. We have a tight housing market both for owners and renters, and the opportunity to add plexes as an option across the City can increase our ability to provide varied housing options to both owners and renters.

We are currently at roughly 35% owner-occupied housing and 65% rental housing. We have been at that breakdown since at least the 2000 decennial Census, just five years after the 1995 zoning code update. While these figures are often quoted and accurate, the opportunity to reallow plexes as conditional uses in our existing neighborhoods is not directly correlated with the rental market, as both sides of a duplex can be owner-occupied. The option to add duplexes increases the opportunity for units, units that can be either rental or owner-occupied.

Bloomington currently devotes large percentages of both its total acreage and total parcels to strictly single-family housing. Our current RE, R2, and R3, and single-family PUD zoning districts comprise 51% of our non-MI (Mixed-Use Institutional) land. That means that excluding IU and some governmental parcels, more than half of the acreage in Bloomington in devoted to single-family housing. By parcels, the percentage is 73%. These are not districts where single-family housing is permitted, but districts where single-family residential is the only Residential Use allowed, other than conditionally allowed cottage development which requires the same density as single-family detached units.

Additionally, all zoning districts allow the use single-family (detached) by-right, except the Mixed-Use Downtown, Mixed-Use Institutional, Employment, and Parks and Open Space zoning districts. Said another way, single-family detached is Permitted in 14 of 18 zoning districts. The proposal does not change any districts where single-family is allowed, does not change any Use-Specific Standards of single-family, or restrict single-family zoning.

Use	Residential										j	Mixe	d-Us		Non- Residential		Use-Specific		
USE	RE	R1	R2	R3	R4	RM	RH	RMH	MS	MN	MM	MC	ME	MI	MD	МН	EM	PO	Standards
RESIDENTIAL USES				,					11.								141	·	
Household Living																			
Dwelling, single-family (detached)	р	p	Р	P	p	p*	p*	Р	p	р	p*	p*	p*			p*			20.03.030(b)(1)

This proposal seeks to add plexes as an option across Bloomington, in order to encourage additional residential units in walkable, bikeable, established neighborhoods that are transit and amenity adjacent, and served by existing public infrastructure. The proposal would work in concert with a myriad of other tools to help address Bloomington's housing crunch. Other zoning code tools include the new Mixed-Use Student (MS) zoning district, existing Accessory Dwelling Unit regulations, reduced lot sizes for better utilization of land in new development, live/work units, and cottage development. There are other tools outside of planning as well such as down payment assistance programs. The proposal seeks to increase housing type options in the UDO in order to benefit a larger swath of the community than is currently benefited.

Proposal

This petition amends the locations where the uses 'dwelling, duplex' (duplex) and 'dwelling, triplex' (triplex) are allowed (as either Permitted or Conditional) and amends the Use-Specific Standards associated with those uses and the use 'dwelling, fourplex' (fourplex).

The petition drafted by the Planning and Transportation Department proposed the use duplex as a Conditional Use in the R1-R4 zoning districts, and triplex as Conditional Use in the R4 zoning district. The Plan Commission amended the proposal such that duplex is proposed as a Permitted Use in the R1, R2, R3, and R4 zoning districts. Triplex remains proposed as Conditional in the R4 zoning district. The existing UDO, effective April 2020, allows the duplex use in the RE zoning district as Conditional and in the R4 district as Permitted with Use-Specific Standards. The current code also allows triplexes in the R4 as permitted. The current UDO also has the Use-Specific Standards asterisk (*) for duplexes and triplexes in the R1-R3 zoning districts without denoting that the uses are either Permitted, Conditional, Accessory, or Temporary. The asterisk with no use allowance designated does not make sense and cannot be administered. Both the Plan Commission proposal and the original Department proposal correct that situation. No other changes to the R1-R4 uses or locations of duplex, triplex, or fourplex are proposed with this petition.

The proposal would add the option for duplexes in the R1-R3 areas in Bloomington. The proposal does not mandate the building of duplexes, and includes multiple Use-Specific Standards so that duplexes can be sensitively re-introduced as an option in the current primarily single-family zoning districts.

	RE	R1	R2	R3	R4
RESIDENTIAL USES					
Household Living					
Dwelling, single-family (detached)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Dwelling, single-family (attached)			P*	P*	P*
Dwelling, duplex	С	*	*	*	P*
Dwelling, triplex		*	*	*	P*
Dwelling, fourplex					C*
Dwelling, multifamily					C*
Dwelling, live/work					C*
Dwelling, cottage development		C*	C*	C*	C*

Duplex and Triplex Highlighted in Current Allowed Use Table RE-R4

USE	R1	R2	R3	R4
RESIDENTIAL USES				
Household Living				
Dwelling, single-family (detached)	Р	Р	Р	Р
Dwelling, single-family (attached)		P*	P*	P*
Dwelling, duplex	P*	P*	P*	P*
Dwelling, triplex				C*
Dwelling, fourplex				C*
Dwelling, multifamily				C*
Dwelling, live/work				C*
Dwelling, cottage development	C*	C*	C*	C*

Duplex and Triplex Highlighted in Proposed Allowed Use Table R1-R4

	R1	R2	R3	R4
RESIDENTIAL USES				
Household Living				
Dwelling, single-family (detached)	Р	Р	Р	Р
Dwelling, single-family (attached)		P*	P*	P*
Dwelling, duplex	C*	C*	C*	C*
Dwelling, triplex				C*
Dwelling, fourplex				C*
Dwelling, multifamily				C*
Dwelling, live/work				C*
Dwelling, cottage development	C*	C*	C*	C*

Duplex and Triplex Highlighted in Department Proposed Use Table R1-R4 (for reference)

<u>Use-Specific Standards</u>

The Plan Commission voted to remove the Use-Specific Standard that did the following: add a provision that creates a 150 foot buffer around any newly approved or remodeled duplex in R1-R3 for a period of two years, so that within such time no other new or remodeled duplexes can be approved in that buffer area in the R1-R3 zoning districts. The buffer was included by the Department to address concerns that entire blocks would be turned to duplexes in short order. The buffer helps spread out the locations of new duplexes, both spatially and in time, while lessening the 'first come, first served' concern by lifting the buffer after two years.

Duplex

The Use-Specific Standards for a duplex have been amended to:

- remove the provision that related the legality of the use to how the property was zoned under a previous zoning code;
- remove the provisions that attempted to regulate the size of the structure based on whether or not a demolition permit had been recently issued;
- remove the requirement for two street-facing doors on all duplexes;
- remove the 40 foot maximum width provision;
- add a provision that the owner or registered agent for the property cannot have a Notice of Violation on file in the Department for a period of three years prior to the application for a conditional use for a duplex;
- add a provision requiring two street-facing doors for all newly constructed duplexes, but allow remodels and conversions to have a minimum of one street-facing door;

The use-specific standards that are removed are convoluted and some regulate current uses based on previous zoning codes, which is not ideal. The 40 foot maximum was removed as it is not appropriate in all areas where duplexes are an option, and similarly the two door requirement was amended for remodels and additions because adding a second door on the front of the house may inadvertently lead to structures that are out of character. The notice of violation provision will limit the option for plexes to those who have not been under enforcement for violating the UDO within the last three years.

<u>Triplexes and Fourplexes</u>

The Use-Specific Standards for a triplex or fourplex have been amended to:

- remove the provision that related the legality of the use to how the property was zoned under a previous zoning code;
- remove the provisions that attempted to regulate the size of the structure based on whether or not a demolition permit had been recently issued;
- remove the 40 foot maximum width provision;
- add a provision that the owner or registered agent for the property cannot have a Notice of Violation on file in the Department for a period of three years prior to the application for a conditional use for a triplex or fourplex;
- add a provision requiring a minimum of one street-facing doors and a maximum of two street-facing doors.

The use-specific standards were amended to remove the convoluted reference to a previous zoning code, as well as to demolition permits on the site. The notice of violation provision will limit the option for plexes to those who have not been under enforcement for violating the UDO within the last three years. Triplexes and Fourplexes are limited to the R4 zoning district and Mixed-Use districts, which are intended to have greater development and therefore the separation requirement is not included.

Conditional Use

The Department proposed that duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes would require Conditional Use approval. The Plan Commission voted to amend the petition to allow duplexes as a Permitted Use in the R1, R2, R3, and R4 zoning districts. Triplex and Fourplexes remain proposed as a Conditional Use in R4. Conditional Uses can be heard by either the Board of Zoning Appeals or the Hearing Officer. As was done during the introduction of ADUs, the Department would initially take all plex requests to the Board of Zoning Appeals. Additionally, the Director can require that an applicant attempt to attend the relevant Neighborhood Association meeting and would do so, as we informally encouraged for new ADUs.

Conditional Use Criteria required to be met by all conditional use requests, including proposed triplex, and fourplex:

General Compliance Criteria 20.06.040(d)(6)(B)

- i. Compliance with this UDO
- ii. Compliance with Other Applicable Regulations
- iii. Compliance with Utility, Service, and Improvement Standards

iv. Compliance with Prior Approvals

Additional Criteria Applicable to Conditional Uses 20.06.040(d)(6)(C)

- i. Consistency with Comprehensive Plan and Other Applicable Plans
- ii. Provides Adequate Public Services and Facilities
- iii. Minimizes or Mitigates Adverse Impacts
 - 1. The proposed use and development shall not result in the excessive destruction, loss or damage of any natural, scenic, or historic feature of significant importance.
 - 2. The proposed development shall not cause significant adverse impacts on surrounding properties nor create a nuisance by reason of noise, smoke, odors, vibrations, or objectionable lights.
 - 3. The hours of operation, outside lighting, and trash and waste collection shall not pose a hazard, hardship, or nuisance to the neighborhood.
 - 4. The petitioner shall make a good-faith effort to address concerns of the adjoining property owners in the immediate neighborhood as defined in the presubmittal neighborhood meeting for the specific proposal, if such a meeting is required.

A Conditional Use approval is not a by-right approval. The petitioner must demonstrate that the proposal meets all ten criteria that apply to conditional use approvals. As can be seen above, the approval must demonstrate compliance with the regulations in the UDO, the guidance in the Comprehensive Plan, as well as demonstrate no excessive destruction of natural, scenic, or historic features of significant importance. The petition must meet local, state, and federal utility requirements, and must make a good-faith effort to address concerns of adjoining property owners as defined in the neighborhood association meeting. Compliance with all ten requirements is required for approval.

Chapter 20.03: Use Regulations

20.03.020 Allowed Use Table

20.03.020 Allowed Use Table

Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table

P = permitted use, C = conditional use permit, A = accessory use, T = temporary use, Uses with an *= use-specific standards apply Additional uses may be permitted, prohibited, or require conditional use approval in Downtown Character Overlays pursuant to Section 20.03.010(e).

Use				Resi	dent	ial					ı	Mixed	d-Use		Non- Residential		Use-Specific		
USE	RE	R1	R2	R3	R4	RM	RH	RMH	MS	MN	мм	МС	ME	MI	MD	МН	EM	РО	Standards
RESIDENTIAL USES																			
Household Living																			
Dwelling, single-family detached)	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	P*	P*	Р	Р	Р	P*	P*	P*			P*			20.03.030(b)(1
Dwelling, single-family (attached)			P*	P*	P*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*				P*				20.03.030(b)(2
Dwelling, duplex	€	<u>P</u> *	<u>P</u> *	<u>P</u> *	P*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	C*			P*				20.03.030(b)(3
Dwelling, triplex		*	*	*	<u>C</u> P*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	C*			P*				20.03.030(b)(4
Dwelling, fourplex					C*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	P*			P*				20.03.030(b)(4
Dwelling, multifamily					C*	Р	Р		Р	P*	P*	Р	P*	С	P*				20.03.030(b)(5
Dwelling, live/work					C*	P*	P*			P*	P*	P*			P*				20.03.030(b)(6
Dwelling, cottage development		C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*		C*									20.03.030(b)(7
Owelling, mobile home								P*											20.03.030(b)(8
Manufactured home park								P*											20.03.030(b)(9
Group Living																			
Assisted living facility					С	Р	Р			С	Р	Р		Р	Р	Р			
Continuing care retirement acility					С	Р	Р			С	Р	Р		Р	Р	Р			
raternity or sorority house									P*					P*					20.03.030(b)(10
Group care home, FHAA small	<u>P*</u>	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*		P*		P*			20.03.030(b)(1
Group care facility, FHAA large					P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*			20.03.030(b)(1
Nursing or convalescent home					С	Р	Р			С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р			
Opioid rehabilitation home, small	<u>P*</u>	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*		P*		P*			20.03.030(b)(1
Opioid rehabilitation home, arge					P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*	P*			20.03.030(b)(1
Residential rooming house						P*	P*		Р	P*	Р	Р	C*						20.03.030(b)(1
Student housing or dormitory						C*	P*		<u>P_</u>	C*	P*	P*		P*	C*				20.03.030(b)(1
Supportive housing, small							С			С	С	С		С	С	С			
Supportive housing, large											С	С		С	С	С			
PUBLIC, INSTITUTIONAL,	ANE	CI/	/IC L	JSES	S														
Community and Cultural Fac	ilities	6																	
Art gallery, museum, or library					C*	С	С			Р	Р	Р		Р	Р				20.03.030(c)(1
Cemetery or mausoleum														Р					

(2) Any of the uses listed as Household Living uses in Table 03-1: *Allowed Use Table*, may be organized as cooperative housing, but shall be a permitted use or a conditional use only in those zoning districts where another Household Living use with the same layout and number of units would be allowed as a permitted use or conditional use, and shall be subject to those use-specific standards applicable to such Household Living use with the same layout and number of units. For example, a cooperative housing facility that meets the definition of "dwelling, multifamily" in terms of layout and number of units is a permitted use available only in those zoning districts where a "dwelling, multifamily" is a permitted use in Table 03-1: *Allowed Use Table*, and is a conditional use in Table 03-1: *Allowed Use Table*, and is subject to those Use-specific standards applicable to a "dwelling, multifamily" in Section 20.03.030(b)(5).

(b) Residential Uses

(1) Dwelling, Single-Family (Detached)

- (A) In the RM, RH, MN, MM, MC, ME, and MH zoning districts, single-family detached dwelling units shall be permitted only on lots of record lawfully established before February 12, 2007.
- (B) Any legally established single-family dwelling that was established prior to the effective date of this UDO shall not be made non-conforming by adoption of this UDO.
- (C) Occupancy of a single-family detached dwelling unit is subject to the definition of "family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

(2) Dwelling, Single-Family (Attached)

(A) Access

- i. Each individual dwelling unit shall have a separate entrance facing the street frontage to which the building address is assigned. Buildings on corner lots may have entrances facing either street frontage.
- ii. Each dwelling shall have direct access to a street or alley.

(B) Design

In the R2 and R3 zoning districts, the maximum number of dwelling units allowed in one single-family attached structure shall be two, and each individual dwelling unit shall be located on a separate lot.

(C) Occupancy

Occupancy of single-family attached dwelling units is subject to the definition of "Family" in Chapter 20.07:: (Definitions).

(3) Dwelling, Duplex

(A) Generally

i. The property owner (or HAND registered agent) shall have no Notices of Violation on file in the Planning and Transportation Department for the prior three years at application. For any property that has been rezoned to R1, R2, or R3 after 04/18/2020 that was not previously designated in the R1, R2, or R3 zoning districts, duplex dwelling uses shall be permitted by right and shall not require conditional use permit approval.

i.ii.

- ii. For any property zoned R1, R2, or R3 on 04/18/2020, duplex dwelling uses may be established on a lot or parcel where a demolition permit has been issued when:
 - No more than 35 percent of the gross square footage of the existing principal dwelling structure has been demolished or removed within the previous three calendar years; and
 - 2. The proposed duplex structure does not exceed the total gross square footage of the original structure that was demolished or removed by more than 25 percent.

(B) Occupancy

Occupancy of each dwelling unit in a duplex dwelling is subject to the definition of "Family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

(C) Design

In the R1, R2, R3, and R4 zoning districts the following shall apply:

- i. Each unit in a newly constructed duplex dwelling shall have a separate exterior entrance facing a public or private street. Duplex dwellings created through renovation or expansion of existing structures shall have at least one exterior entrance facing a public or private street. Each individual dwelling unit shall have a separate exterior entrance facing a public or private street.
- ii. The front elevation building width of the duplex dwelling structure shall not exceed 40 feet.
- iii. The following design elements of the duplex dwelling shall be similar in general shape, size, and design with the majority of existing single-family or duplex structures on the same block face on which it is located:
 - 1. Roof pitch;
 - 2. Front porch width and depth;
 - 3. Front building setback; and
 - 4. Vehicle parking access (i.e., front-, side-, or rear-access garage or parking area).
- iv. No duplex dwelling structure shall contain more than six bedrooms total.
- v. Each individual dwelling unit shall have separate utility meters.

(4) Dwelling, Triplex and Fourplex

(A) Generally

- i. The property owner (or HAND registered agent) shall have no Notices of Violation on file in the Planning and Transportation Department for the prior three years at the time of Conditional Use application. For any property that has been rezoned to R1, R2, or R3 after 04/18/2020 that was not previously designated in the R1, R2, or R3 zoning districts, triplex dwelling uses shall be permitted by-right and shall not require conditional use permit approval.
- ii. For any property that has been rezoned to R4 after 04/18/2020 that was previously designated in the R1, R2 or R3 zoning districts, fourplex dwelling uses shall require conditional use permit approval.
- iii. For any property zoned R1, R2, or R3 on 04/18/2020, triplex dwelling uses may be established on a lot or parcel where a demolition permit has been issued when:
 - No more than 35 percent of the gross square footage of the existing principal dwelling structure has been demolished or removed within the previous three calendar years; and
 - 2. The proposed triplex structure does not exceed the total gross square footage of the original structure that was demolished or removed by more than 25 percent.

(B) Occupancy

Occupancy of each unit in a triplex and fourplex dwelling is subject to the definition of "Family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

(C) Design

- i. The front elevation building width of the triplex or fourplex dwelling structure shall not exceed 40 feet.
- i. Triplex and fourplex dwellings shall have a minimum of one exterior entrance and no more than two exterior entrances facing a public or private street.
- ii. The following design elements of the triplex or fourplex dwelling shall be similar in general size, shape, and design with the majority of existing structures on the same block face on which it is located:
 - 1. Roof pitch;
 - 2. Front porch width and depth;
 - 3. Front building setback; and
 - 4. Vehicle parking access (i.e., front-, side-, or rear-access garage or parking area).
- iii. In the R1, R2, R3, and R4 zoning districts, no triplex dwelling structure shall contain more than nine bedrooms total, and no fourplex dwelling structure shall contain more than 12 bedrooms total.
- iv. Each individual dwelling unit shall have separate utility meters.

(5) Dwelling, Multifamily

(A) Size

In the MN and R4 zoning districts, no more than eight multifamily dwelling units shall be constructed on one single lot or parcel.

(5) Affordable Housing Incentives

(A) Reduced Bulk Requirements

The following dimensional standards shall apply to single-family and, duplex, triplex, and fourplex residential lots in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts that meet either of the two criteria in subsection (2) above:

- i. The minimum lot area for subdivision may be reduced up to 30 percent.
- ii. The minimum lot width for subdivision may be reduced up to 20 percent.
- iii. The side building setbacks may be reduced to five feet regardless of the number of stories.
- iv. The rear building setback may be reduced to 15 feet.
- v. Where these standards conflict with the neighborhood transition standards established in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards), the neighborhood transition standards shall govern.

(B) Primary Structure Height

i. Eligibility

In addition to the eligibility criteria in 20.04.110(c)(2), affordable housing projects seeking increased maximum primary structure height shall comply with the following criteria:

- 1. The building shall contain six or more dwelling units; and
- 2. Unit size and bedroom mix for deed-restricted units shall be comparable to those for market-rate units.

ii. Tier 1 Projects

Projects that meet the Tier 1 affordability standards may increase the primary structure height by one floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet, beyond the maximum primary structure height established for the zoning district where the project is located, as identified in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards).

iii. Tier 2 Projects

Projects that meet the Tier 2 affordability standards may increase the primary structure height by two floors of building height, not to exceed 24 feet, beyond the maximum primary structure height established for the zoning district where the project is located, as identified in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards).

iv. Sustainable Development Bonus

- 1. Projects that are eligible for increased primary structure height for affordable housing and sustainable development shall be eligible for one additional floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet.
- 2. The additional floor of building height granted under this subsection (iv) shall be limited to 50 percent of the building footprint area of primary structure, and that additional floor shall be set back at least 10 feet further that the lower floors of the building.

(6) Other Standards

The following standards shall apply to all affordable housing projects seeking incentives under this section 20.04.110(c).

- i. Silver Certification by the U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) rating system;
- ii. Silver Certification by the Home Innovation National Green Building Standard (NGBS) Green Certified rating system;
- iii. Petal Certification by the International Living Future Institute Living Building Challenge (LBC) rating system; or
- iv. Three Green Globes Certification by the Green Building Initiative (GBI) Green Globes Certification rating system;
- v. Another verified third-party sustainability program producing equal or greater sustainability benefits to at least one of the programs listed in subsections (i.) through (iv.) above, as determined by the Planning and Transportation Director.

(3) Sustainable Development Incentives

(A) Single-Family, Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex Uses

- i. Single-family and, duplex, triplex, and fourplex residential projects in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts that satisfy the sustainable development criteria in Option 1 or Option 2 above shall be eligible for the reduced bulk requirements established in Section 20.04.110(c)(5)(A) (Reduced Bulk Requirements).
- ii. Single-family, duplex, triplex, and fourplex residential uses that satisfy the sustainable development criteria in Option 1 or Option 2 above shall not be eligible for additional primary structure height.

(B) All Other Uses

Projects that satisfy the sustainable development criteria in Option 1 or Option 2 above shall be eligible for additional primary structure height as established below:

- i. One floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet, beyond the maximum primary structure height established for the zoning district where the project is located, as identified in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards).
- ii. Projects that qualify for the affordable housing incentives in Section 20.04.110(c) (Affordable Housing) in addition to the sustainable development incentive in 20.04.110(d)(2) shall be eligible for the additional incentive height described in Section 20.04.110(c)(5)(B)iv.

20.04.120 Operation and Maintenance

(a) Siltation and Erosion

- (1) Sedimentation basins and other control measures necessary to meet the requirements of Section 20.04.030(d) (Siltation and Erosion Prevention) shall be maintained by the property owner during construction.
- (2) Any site stabilization measures shall be maintained by the property owner in perpetuity.
- (3) Sediment shall be removed to maintain a depth of three feet.

*** Amendment Form ***

Ordinance #: 21-23 Amendment #: Am 01

Submitted By: Cms. Sandberg, Rollo, & Smith

Date: April 28, 2021

Proposed Amendment: (additions are shown in **bold** and deletions in **strikethrough**)

1. The proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission and attached to Ordinance 21-23 as "Attachment A" (ZO-09-21) shall be amended as follows (only affected portions of the proposal are shown below):

Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table

P = permitted use, C = conditional use permit, A = accessory use, T = temporary use, Uses with an *= use-specific standards apply Additional uses may be permitted, prohibited, or require conditional use approval in Downtown Character Overlays pursuant to Section 20.03.010(e).

Hee		Residential									Vixe	d-Use	Non- Residential		Use-Specific				
Use	R1	R2	R3	R4	RM	RH	RMH	MS	MN	ММ	МС	ME	MI	MD	МН	EM	РО	Standards	
RESIDENTIAL USES																			
Household Living											_								
Dwelling, duplex	P*	P*	<u>P*</u>	P*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	C*			P*				20.03.030(b)(3)	
Dwelling, triplex				C*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	C*			P*				20.03.030(b)(4)	
Dwelling, fourplex				C*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	P*			P*				20.03.030(b)(4)	

20.03.030 Use Specific Standards

(b) Residential Uses

(3) Dwelling, Duplex

(C) Design

In the R1, R2, R3, and R4 zoning districts the following shall apply:

i. Each unit in a newly constructed duplex dwelling shall have a separate exterior entrance facing a public or private street. Duplex dwellings created through renovation or expansion of existing structures shall have at least one exterior entrance facing a public or private street.

20.04.110 Incentives

(c) Affordable Housing

(5) Affordable Housing Incentives

(A) Reduced Bulk Requirements

The following dimensional standards shall apply to single-family and duplex residential lots in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts that meet either of the two criteria in subsection (2) above:

20.04.110 Incentives

(d) Sustainable Development

(3) Sustainable Development Incentives

(A) Single-Family, Duplex, Triplex, and Fourplex Uses

i. Single-family and duplex-residential projects in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts that satisfy the sustainable development criteria in Option 1 or Option 2 above shall be eligible for the reduced bulk requirements established in Section 20.04.110(c)(5)(A) (Reduced Bulk Requirements).

Synopsis and Reason for Amendment

This amendment is sponsored by Councilmembers Sandberg, Rollo, and Smith. It removes "Dwelling, duplex" as a permitted use from the R1, R2, and R3 zones by deleting the "P*" for each of those zones within the Allowed Use Table. It also makes changes to other passages to account for this change.

Areas zoned R1, R2, and R3 in the proposed zoning map are located primarily in areas identified by the Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use Map as either Neighborhood Residential or Mixed Urban Residential districts. The "Dwelling, duplex" use is more appropriately allowed in the R4, RM, and RH residential zoning districts, as well as in several mixed-use districts.

The following Comprehensive Plan passages support this amendment:

Chapter 5 – Housing and Neighborhoods

- Pg. 58 Each neighborhood's unique character, strengths and assets must be respected and considered.
- Pg. 60 Some of Bloomington's neighborhoods are relatively diverse, both economically and by housing type, whereas others are comprised almost entirely of single-family homes and limited in development by covenants. Most core neighborhoods are stable but are trending towards a lower percentage of new single-family homes. With greater density in the city comes the challenge to preserve neighborhood character and the opportunity to strengthen neighborhoods by developing small commercial nodes as community gathering places. Existing core neighborhoods should not be the focus of the city's increasing density.
- Pg. 61 Bloomington's older urban, small scale, compact, single family housing stock located primarily around the city center and university provide some of the city's more affordable housing stock and must be protected.
- Pg. 61 New multifamily housing projects catering largely to students must be better planned and distributed adjacent to campus or in underdeveloped commercial corridors along transit routes outside Downtown, but still relatively close to the university.
- Pg. 61 Now that 1,900 new housing units have been constructed Downtown within the past decade (almost all of them apartments), the market dynamic is shifting. More market opportunities may exist to convert single-family homes from student-rental to owner occupied. This can allow more people to have a chance to live in urban neighborhoods, which are often closer to employment, shopping, and other amenities. This may also have the added benefit of reducing automobile traffic and the negative environmental impacts of traffic congestion.
- Pg. 64 Policy 5.3.1: Encourage opportunities for infill and redevelopment across
 Bloomington with consideration for increased residential densities, complementary
 design, and underutilized housing types such as accessory dwelling units, duplex, triplex,
 and fourplex buildings, courtyard apartments, bungalow courts, townhouses, row houses,
 and live/work spaces. Avoid placing these high density forms in single family
 neighborhoods.
- Pg. 65 **Continue to support and promote affordable home ownership** as another method of permanent affordability that can help to raise and keep residents from poverty while they build equity and security in the local community.

Chapter 7 – Land Use

- Pg. 80-81 Actual patterns of land development activity may vary somewhat, but the District's background and intent, urban services, and site design principles should be maintained and used as a decision-making guide by the public, City staff, the Plan Commission, and the City Council in the following instances:
 - o ...rezone requests that seek to establish land use development intensity, neighborhood transitions, and other levels of land use and design context (e.g. to maintain, to enhance, or to transform)
 - o Amendments to the official Zoning Map
- Pg. 84 [Mixed Urban Residential] The district is essentially built out; the most appropriate development activity is the rehabilitation of older structures for residential uses.
- Pg. 84 [Mixed Urban Residential] A few locations may support increases in density and multifamily residential uses when adjacent to higher volume roads, or near major destinations, or located along neighborhood edges that may support small-scaled neighborhood mixed uses (see Urban Village Center). These instances require the Enhance theme for development approvals. It is important to protect the existing single-family housing stock within this district. The conversion of dwellings to multifamily or commercial uses should be discouraged.
- Pg. 84 [Mixed Urban Residential] Safeguards should be considered to hinder or reverse the conversion of owner-occupied residential units to multifamily units.
- Pg. 84 [Mixed Urban Residential] Allow context sensitive multifamily redevelopment along higher volume roads, along district edges, and near major destinations when appropriately integrated with adjacent uses and styles.
- Pg. 88 [Neighborhood Residential] Land Use Development Approvals New and redevelopment activity for this district is mostly limited to remodeling existing or constructing new single-family residences. These instances require the Maintain development theme for development approvals.
- Pg. 88 [Neighborhood Residential] Redevelopment or rehabilitation of existing structures, or new infill development of single lots or developments less than one acre, should complement the context of the surrounding land uses.

Committee Recommendation: Pending Regular Session Action: Pending

CONCEPT PLAN FOR GROWING HOUSING DIVERSITY IN BLOOMINGTON

Can our citizens afford to live in Bloomington?

This concept plan presents a development strategy to address this question, which is based on community engagement at a neighborhood scale and grounded in a time-tested, urban strategy. Our 2018 Comprehensive Plan lays out a framework for development and redevelopment opportunities through the creation of the Village Center, a small-scale, mixed-use node that brings the positive aspects of density to areas fueled by readily available, vehicular traffic.

Village Centers purposefully and thoughtfully introduce density at the edge of existing neighborhoods to realize our community goals. Small-scale commercial development located at busy corners of transportation corridors provide walkable, lively destinations for nearby existing single-family neighborhoods while creating opportunities for a range of multiunit housing types. These multi-unit types like duplexes, triplexes, etc., called 'the missing middle,' not only refer to house form but also describe location as these buildings transition between single-family houses and larger village center buildings. These transitional forms are part of what urbanists call a 'transect', an incremental change in height and mass so that next door buildings are compatible. Village Center buildings with a tall, first floor commercial use with two or three housing stories above can gradually step down toward adjacent single-family neighborhoods and create a sense of a whole instead of a disruption.

This proposal aims to develop four (4) form-based, sub-area plans for Village Centers consisting of multiple properties. This effort would take place in a phased manner with two plans developed each year over the course of two years. The locations would be selected from the over twenty village center locations represented in the Comprehensive Plan Land Use Map. Four locations would be selected for economic feasibility and an array of practical considerations. These areas would utilize the new R4 zoning districts to support areas zoned MN or potentially MM.

To undertake this effort, an advisory committee with representatives from the City of Bloomington, City Council, Bloomington Economic Development Corp. and other community representatives would be assembled to select an urban design consultant to partner with local design professionals. This project team would be guided by City of Bloomington Planning & Engineering, and Housing & Neighborhood Development staff.

Form-based planning creates illustrations of desirable physical form, placement, size, and bulk of buildings within the environment and also addresses the size of blocks and their relationship to one another. The neighbors and the developer(s) see what is to be built. The buildings can be specifically tailored to reflect the specific context. With a form-based approach, the New Village Center plans will provide potential developers with 'pre-approved' project designs coordinated with the needed infrastructure improvements while providing the community with

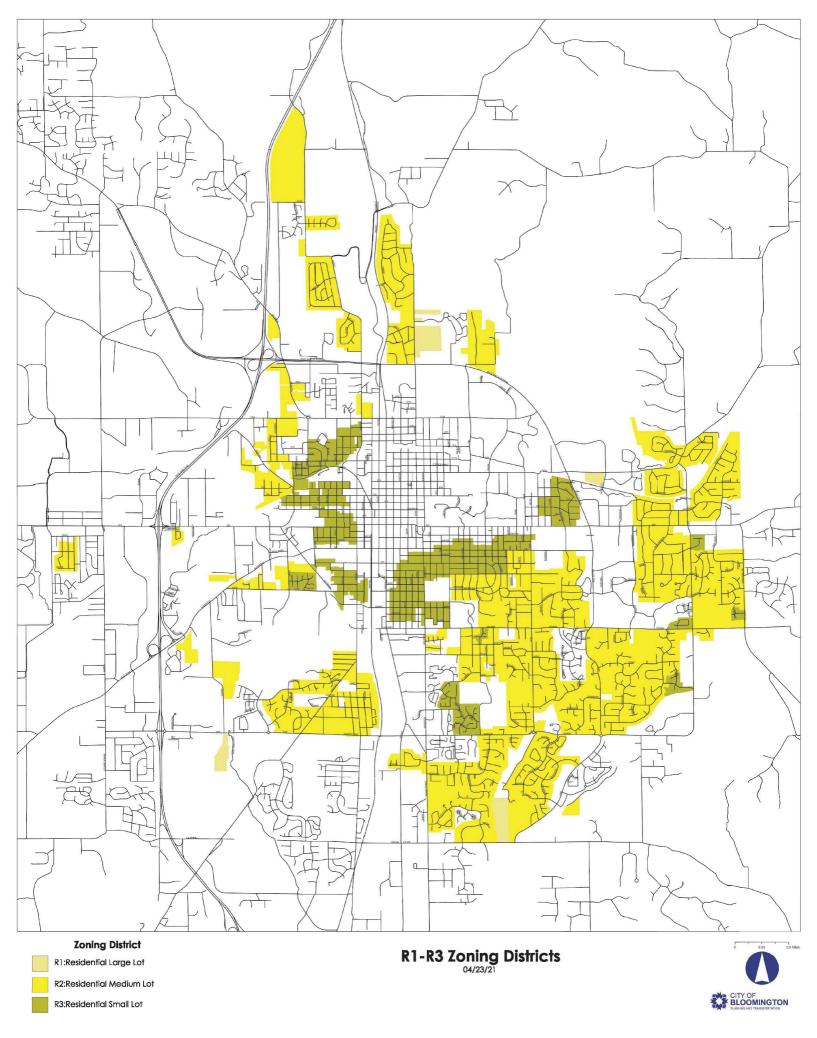
predictable outcomes. The goal is to create an actionable plans where small-scale economic development can be incentivized at some level to help get initial projects off the ground.

The New Village Center plans would require representation from all interests – city officials, property owners, various stake holders and adjacent neighborhood participants — to work collaboratively together. Workshops will lay a groundwork for education on urban planning principals in order to frame the goals for the New Village Centers. Different strategies would be explored with neighbors based on existing patterns and house types on how to utilize accessory dwelling units (ADUs) and potentially implement other housing forms in sensitive ways. These workshops could generate form-based information for ADUs used to create a pattern book, and/or potential zoning overlays based on further form-based information.

While ADU's have been approved for all single-family zones, their potential remains untapped. These owner-occupied duplexes are versatile and have broad community support due to the on-site care and management of owners. Several tools could be developed to promote ADU development including citywide workshop and an informational website to assist with zoning and building codes, development of project proforma, design approaches and configurations, design assistance and contractor selection, and financing models.

The City of Bloomington has had success in creating affordable housing development opportunities by leveraging property it owns in partnership with affordable housing developers. In addition to large parcels like the Bloomington Hospital site and excess land banked for the future convention center project, there is city-owned property scattered throughout neighborhoods: unprogrammed areas attached to parks, underutilized parking lots, right-of-way remnants, etc. that could be identified for this purpose. The City, in partnership with affordable housing developers, could help introduce affordable housing into existing neighborhoods at a granular scale.

The realization of Village Centers will strengthen the identity and health of Bloomington's existing neighborhoods while actively promoting the development of middle missing housing types and overall housing diversity. This concept plan effectively offers a way to integrate citizen participation and build consensus around the introduction of higher density housing forms. The development at Hillside and Henderson Streets is a successful example of a Village Center. In that case, it was the unusual upfront investment in community process by the developer of one property that sparked the further build-out of the area. If Bloomington's administration and elected officials can come together to invest in the development strategy described in this concept proposal, then together we can bring that type of success along with more intentional housing diversity to different areas of the city.



*** Amendment Form ***

Ordinance #: 21-23 Amendment #: Am 02

Submitted By: Cms. Piedmont-Smith, Sims

Date: April 28, 2021

Proposed Amendment: (additions are shown in **bold** and deletions in **strikethrough**)

1. The proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission and attached to Ordinance 21-23 as "Attachment A" (ZO-09-21) shall be amended as follows (only affected portions of the proposal are shown below):

20.03.020 Allowed Use Table

Table 03-1: Allowed Use Table

P = permitted use, C = conditional use permit, A = accessory use, T = temporary use, Uses with an *= use-specific standards apply Additional uses may be permitted, prohibited, or require conditional use approval in Downtown Character Overlays pursuant to Section 20.03.010(e).

Use	Residential									I	Mixe	d-Use		Residential		Use-Specific			
Ose	R1	R2	R3	R4	RM	RH	RMH	MS	MN	ММ	МС	ME	MI	MD	МН	EM	РО	Standards	
RESIDENTIAL USES																			
Household Living																			
Dwelling, duplex	<u>P*</u> C*	P* C*	<u>P*</u> C*	P*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	C*			P*				20.03.030(b)(3)	
Dwelling, triplex				C*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	C*			P*				20.03.030(b)(4)	
Dwelling, fourplex				C*	P*	P*		P*	P*	P*	P*			P*				20.03.030(b)(4)	

20.06.050 Development Permits and Procedures

(b) Conditional Use Permit

(3) Conditional Use Permit Review Process

(A) Pre-Submittal Activities

iii. For petitions subject to review and decision by the zoning board of appeals, a Development Review Committee meeting and pre-submittal neighborhood meeting may be required by the Planning and Transportation Director, in accordance with Section 20.06.040(b)(2) (Development Review Committee (DRC) Meeting) and Section 20.06.040(b)(3) (Pre-Submittal Neighborhood Meeting). The requirements of Section 20.06.050(b)(3)(D) and 20.06.050(b)(3)(E)(v) apply to conditional use permit petitions for the "Dwelling, Duplex" use in the R1, R2, or R3 zoning districts.

(D) Scheduling and Notice of Public Hearings

The conditional use permit petition shall be scheduled for a public hearing before the Board of Zoning Appeals or Hearing Officer and noticed in accordance with 20.06.040(e) (Scheduling and Notice of Public Hearings).

Conditional use permit petitions for the "Dwelling, Duplex" use in the R1, R2 or R3 zoning districts shall be scheduled for a public hearing before the Board of Zoning Appeals and noticed in accordance with 20.06.040(e)

(E) Review and Decision

[A new Section 20.06.050(b)(3)(E)(v) shall be inserted and subsequent subsections shall be renumbered accordingly.]

v. Dwelling, Duplex in R1, R2, or R3 Zoning Districts

Conditional use permit petitions for the "Dwelling, Duplex use in the R1, R2, or R3 zoning districts shall require a pre-submittal neighborhood meeting in accordance with Section 20.06.040(b)(3) (Pre-Submittal Neighborhood Meeting).

Synopsis and Reason for Amendment

This amendment is sponsored by Councilmembers Piedmont-Smith and Sims. It presents a compromise by allowing some carefully reviewed duplexes in residential neighborhoods. The text amends the allowed use table to allow "Dwelling, duplex" as a conditional use in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts. It also makes changes to the conditional use permit process to require that conditional use permit petitions for the "Dwelling, duplex" use in the R1, R2, or R3 zones include a pre-submittal neighborhood meeting and are reviewed by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

Allowing duplexes in R1, R2, and R3 zones through careful review of each unique case is supported by the following policies in the Comprehensive Plan:

- **Policy 5.1.3:** Encourage a wide range of housing types to provide a more diverse mix of housing opportunities and household income levels, preferably within neighborhoods and multi-family housing developments.
- **Policy 5.4.1:** Promote and maintain housing options within neighborhoods to ensure that a diversity of housing types, a mix of household incomes, and a variety of homeownership and rental opportunities exist...

This amendment is also supported by the following goal of the Bloomington Housing Study (2020):

 Maintain neighborhood character while adding housing options to existing neighborhoods

Committee Recommendation: Pending Regular Session Action: Pending

*** Amendment Form ***

Ordinance #: 21-23

Amendment #: Am 03

Submitted By: Cm. Rollo; Cm. Sandberg

Date: May 5, 2021

Proposed Amendment: (additions are shown in **bold** and deletions in **strikethrough**)

The proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission and attached to Ordinance 21-23 as "Attachment A" (ZO-09-21) shall be amended as follows (only affected portions of the proposal are shown below):

- 1. No more than 35 percent of the gross square footage of the existing principal dwelling structure has been demolished or removed within the previous three calendar years; and
- 2. The proposed duplex structure does not exceed the total gross square footage of the original structure that was demolished or removed by more than 25 percent.

(B) Occupancy

Occupancy of each dwelling unit in a duplex dwelling is subject to the definition of "Family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

(C) Design

In the R1, R2, R3, and R4 zoning districts the following shall apply:

- i. Each individual dwelling unit shall have a separate exterior entrance facing a public or private street.
- ii. The front elevation building width of the duplex dwelling structure shall not exceed 40 feet.
- iii. The following design elements of the duplex dwelling shall be similar in general shape, size, and design with the majority of existing single-family or duplex structures on the same block face on which it is located:
 - 1. Roof pitch;
 - 2. Front porch width and depth;
 - 3. Front building setback; and
 - 4. Vehicle parking access (i.e., front-, side-, or rear-access garage or parking area).
- iv. No duplex dwelling structure shall contain more than six bedrooms total.
- v. Each individual dwelling unit shall have separate utility meters.

- (D) Approval
 In the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts, upon Conditional Use approval, a 150 foot buffer shall be created around the approved duplex dwelling. No newly created or expanded (through addition or habitable space) duplex dwellings shall be allowed in said buffer in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts for a period of 2 years after the date of the Conditional Use approval. For purposes of this section, the 150 feet shall be measured from the property lines of the parcel receiving approval.
- (E) Maximum Number
 In the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts, the BZA shall approve a maximum of 15 duplex
 dwellings (newly created or expanded through addition or habitable space) per calendar
 year.

Synopsis and Reason for Amendment

This Amendment is sponsored by Councilmembers Rollo and Sandberg. This Amendment places a 150 foot buffer around a duplex dwelling in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts. Additionally, this Amendment provides that the BZA shall approve a maximum of 15 duplex dwellings (newly created or expanded through addition or habitable space) per calendar year.

Note: This Amendment was revised after distribution in the Legislative Packet Addendum but before being introduced at the May 6, 2021 Special Session. The revision added a period of 2 years to section (D) Approval; and revised the maximum number of duplexes the BZA shall approve per calendar year to 15 in section (E) Maximum Number.

Committee Recommendation:	N/A
Council Action:	Pending

*** Amendment Form ***

Ordinance #: 21-23

Amendment #: Am 04

Submitted By: Cm. Rollo; Cm. Sandberg

Date: May 5, 2021

Proposed Amendment: (additions are shown in **bold** and deletions in **strikethrough**)

1. The proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission and attached to Ordinance 21-23 as "Attachment A" (ZO-09-21) shall be amended as follows (only affected portions of the proposal are shown below):

20.03.030 Use Specific Standards

- 1. No more than 35 percent of the gross square footage of the existing principal dwelling structure has been demolished or removed within the previous three calendar years; and
- 2. The proposed duplex structure does not exceed the total gross square footage of the original structure that was demolished or removed by more than 25 percent.

(B) Occupancy

Occupancy of each dwelling unit in a duplex dwelling is subject to the definition of "Family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

(C) Design

In the R1, R2, R3, and R4 zoning districts the following shall apply:

- i. Each individual dwelling unit shall have a separate exterior entrance facing a public or private street.
- ii. The front elevation building width of the duplex dwelling structure shall not exceed 40 feet.
- iii. The following design elements of the duplex dwelling shall be similar in general shape, size, and design with the majority of existing single-family or duplex structures on the same block face on which it is located:
 - 1. Roof pitch;
 - 2. Front porch width and depth;
 - 3. Front building setback; and
 - 4. Vehicle parking access (i.e., front-, side-, or rear-access garage or parking area).

- iv. No duplex dwelling structure shall contain more than six bedrooms total. No duplex dwelling structure shall contain more than two (2) units with two (2) bedrooms each.
- v. Each individual dwelling unit shall have separate utility meters.

(2) Dwelling, Triplex and Fourplex

(A) Generally

- i. For any property that has been rezoned to R1, R2, or R3 after 04/18/2020 that was not previously designated in the R1, R2, or R3 zoning districts, triplex dwelling uses shall be permitted by-right and shall not require conditional use permit approval.
- **ii.** For any property that has been rezoned to R4 after 04/18/2020 that was previously designated in the R1, R2 or R3 zoning districts, fourplex dwelling uses shall require conditional use permit approval.
- iii. For any property zoned R1, R2, or R3 on 04/18/2020, triplex dwelling uses may be established on a lot or parcel where a demolition permit has been issued when:
 - 1. No more than 35 percent of the gross square footage of the existing principal dwelling structure has been demolished or removed within the previous three calendar years; and
 - **2.** The proposed triplex structure does not exceed the total gross square footage of the original structure that was demolished or removed by more than 25 percent.

(B) Occupancy

Occupancy of each unit in a triplex and fourplex dwelling is subject to the definition of "Family" in Chapter 20.07: (Definitions).

- (C) Where the final approval authority determines that the project satisfies the criteria of this Section 20.04.110, the final approval authority may authorize the modifications to development standards otherwise applicable to the project to allow the use of the approved incentives, but may not modify the Neighborhood Transition Standards in Section 20.04.070(d)(5).
- (D) The city may withhold issuance of a Certificate of Zoning Compliance or recommendation for a Certificate of Occupancy until verification that the project satisfies the affordable housing and/or sustainable development standards approved as part of the development petition.

(b) Affordable Housing

(1) Purpose

The purpose of these standards is to encourage the provision of affordable housing for very low-, low-, and moderate-income households. Affordable housing is necessary to help maintain a diverse housing stock and to allow all residents to have better access to jobs and to improve their economic status.

(2) Eligibility

Projects that satisfy one of the following criteria shall be eligible for the incentives established in subsection (5) below:

(A) Tier 1

- i. At least 60 percent of the total gross floor area of the building (including additional area awarded with an incentive) is dedicated to residential dwellings; and
- ii. A minimum of 15 percent of the total dwelling units (including those on floors awarded with an incentive) are income-restricted permanently, unless otherwise adjusted or forfeited by the City, to households earning less than 120 percent of the HUD AMI for Monroe County, Indiana; or

(B) Tier 2

- i. At least 60 percent of the total gross floor area of the building (including additional area awarded with an incentive) is dedicated to residential dwellings; and
- ii. A minimum of 7.5 percent of the total dwelling units (including those on floors awarded with an incentive) are income-restricted permanently, unless otherwise adjusted or forfeited by the City, to households earning below 120 percent of the HUD AMI for Monroe County, Indiana; and
- iii. A minimum of 7.5 percent of the total dwelling units (including those on floors awarded with an incentive) are income-restricted permanently, unless otherwise adjusted or forfeited by the City, to households earning below 80 percent of the HUD AMI for Monroe County, Indiana.

(C) Tier 3

- Both duplex units shall be income-restricted permanently, unless otherwise adjusted or forfeited by the City, to families, as defined in Chapter 20.7 of the UDO, earning below 120 percent of the HUD AMI for Monroe County, Indiana; or
- ii. One duplex unit shall be income restricted permanently, unless otherwise adjusted or forfeited by the City, to families, as defined in Chapter 20.7 of the UDO, earning below 80 percent of the HUD AMI for Monroe County, Indiana.

(5) Affordable Housing Incentives

A. Reduced Bulk Requirements

The following dimensional standards shall apply to single-family, duplex, triplex, and fourplex residential lots in the R1, R2, and R3 zoning districts that meet either of the two criteria in subsection (2) above:

- iii. The minimum lot area for subdivision may be reduced up to 30 percent.
- iv. The minimum lot width for subdivision may be reduced up to 20 percent.
- v. The side building setbacks may be reduced to five feet regardless of the number of stories.
- vi. The rear building setback may be reduced to 15 feet.
- vii. Where these standards conflict with the neighborhood transition standards established in Section 20.04.070(d)(5) (Neighborhood Transition Standards), the neighborhood transition standards shall govern.

B. Primary Structure Height

i. Eligibility

In addition to the eligibility criteria in 20.04.110(c)(2), affordable housing projects seeking increased maximum primary structure height shall comply with the following criteria:

- 1. The building shall contain six or more dwelling units; and
- 2. Unit size and bedroom mix for deed-restricted units shall be comparable to those for market-rate units.

ii. Tier 1 Projects

Projects that meet the Tier 1 affordability standards may increase the primary structure height by one floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet, beyond the maximum primary structure height established for the zoning district where the project is located, as identified in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards).

iii. Tier 2 Projects

Projects that meet the Tier 2 affordability standards may increase the primary structure height by two floors of building height, not to exceed 24 feet, beyond the maximum primary structure height established for the zoning district where the project is located, as identified in Section 20.04.020 (Dimensional Standards).

iv. Tier 3 Projects

Projects that meet Tier 3 affordability standards may increase the total number of bedrooms in a duplex structure to three per unit (six total).

v. Sustainable Development Bonus

- 1. Projects that are eligible for increased primary structure height for affordable housing and sustainable development shall be eligible for one additional floor of building height, not to exceed 12 feet.
- 2. The additional floor of building height granted under this subsection (iv) shall be limited to 50 percent of the building footprint area of primary structure, and that additional floor shall be set back at least 10 feet further that the lower floors of the building.

6. Other Standards

The following standards shall apply to all affordable housing projects seeking incentives under this section 20.04.110(c).

Synopsis and Reason for Amendment

This Amendment is sponsored by Councilmember Sandberg and Councilmember Rollo. The Amendment changes the number of bedrooms allowed in a duplex from a total of six (three in each unit) to four (two in each unit). The Amendment adds a third tier of projects that would qualify for incentives under the Affordable Housing Incentive section, and adds a third tier of Affordable Housing Incentives. Specifically, the Amendment states that for projects where both units in a duplex are income restricted permanently to below 120 percent of the HUD AMI for

Monroe County, Indiana, or for projects where one unit in a duplex is income restricted permanently to below 80 percent of the HUD AMI for Monroe County, Indiana, the number of bedrooms per unit may be increased to 3 in each unit (6 total).

Note: This Amendment was revised after distribution in the Legislative Packet Addendum but before being introduced at the May 6, 2021 Special Session. The revision changes the number of bedrooms from a total of 2 (1 in each unit) to a total of 4 (2 in each unit) in section (1) (C) (iv).

Committee Recommendation: N/A

Council Action: Pending

*** Amendment Form ***

Ordinance #: 21-23 Amendment #: Am 05

Submitted By: Cms. Sandberg, Rollo

Date: May 5, 2021

Proposed Amendment: (additions are shown in **bold** and deletions in **strikethrough**)

1. Amendment 05 sponsored by Councilmembers Sandberg and Rollo to the proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission and attached to <u>Ordinance 21-23</u> as "Attachment A" (ZO-09-21) shall be amended as follows (only affected portions of the proposal are shown below):

(E) Review and Decision

[A new Section 20.06.050(b)(3)(E)(v) shall be inserted and subsequent subsections shall be renumbered accordingly.]

- v. Dwelling, Duplex in R1, R2, or R3 Zoning Districts:
 - a. Conditional use permit petitions for the "Dwelling, Duplex use in the R1, R2, or R3 zoning districts shall require a pre-submittal neighborhood meeting in accordance with Section 20.06.040(b)(3) (Pre-Submittal Neighborhood Meeting); and
 - b. The proposed use and development will not cause undo traffic congestion nor draw significant amounts of traffic through residential streets; and
 - c. The proposed use and development will not have undue, adverse impacts upon the adjacent property, the character of the area, or the public health, safety, and general welfare.

Synopsis and Reason for Amendment

This Amendment to Ordinance 21-23 is brought by Councilmembers Sandberg and Rollo and seeks to add two additional findings to the Conditional Use Approval Criteria for duplexes.

Committee Recommendation: Pending Regular Session Action: Pending

ORDINANCE 21-24

TO REPEAL AND REPLACE THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAP WITHIN TITLE 20 OF THE BLOOMINGTON MUNICIPAL CODE ENTITLED "UNIFIED DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE"

- WHEREAS, the Common Council, by its <u>Resolution 18-01</u>, approved a new Comprehensive Plan for the City of Bloomington, which took effect on March 21, 2018; and
- WHEREAS, thereafter the Plan Commission initiated and prepared a proposal to repeal and replace Title 20 of the Bloomington Municipal Code, entitled "Unified Development Ordinance" ("UDO"); and
- WHEREAS, on December 18, 2019 the Common Council passed <u>Ordinance 19-24</u>, to repeal and replace the UDO; and
- WHEREAS, on January 14, 2020 the Mayor signed and approved Ordinance 19-24; and
- WHEREAS, on April 15, 2020, the Common Council passed <u>Ordinance 20-06</u> and <u>Ordinance 20-07</u>; and
- WHEREAS, on April 18, 2020, the Unified Development Ordinance became effective; and
- WHEREAS, the Plan Commission certified this proposed ordinance to the Common Council with a favorable recommendation on April 7, 2021, after providing notice and holding public hearings on the proposal as required by law; and
- WHEREAS, in preparing and considering this proposal, the Plan Commission and Common Council have paid reasonable regard to:
 - 1) the Comprehensive Plan;
 - 2) current conditions and character of current structures and uses in each district;
 - 3) the most desirable use for which land in each district is adapted;
 - 4) the conservation of property values throughout the jurisdiction; and
 - 5) responsible development and growth.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BLOOMINGTON, MONROE COUNTY, INDIANA, THAT:

SECTION I. The "Official Zoning Map" incorporated by reference into the UDO is repealed and replaced.

SECTION II. A replacement "Official Zoning Map," incorporated herein by reference, is hereby adopted. Said replacement consists of the following document which is attached hereto and incorporated herein:

- 1. The Proposal forwarded to the Common Council by the Plan Commission with a favorable recommendation, consisting of:
 - (A) ZO-10-21, (hereinafter "Attachment A")

SECTION III. The Clerk of the City is hereby authorized and directed to oversee the process of consolidating all of the documents referenced in Section II into a single text document for codification.

SECTION IV. Severability. If any section, sentence, or provision of this ordinance, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall be declared invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any of the other sections, sentences, provisions, or applications of this ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are declared to be severable.

SECTION V. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage by the Common Council and approval by the Mayor.

wherever it appears in the body of the ordin	nance.
PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Commo County, Indiana, upon this day of	on Council of the City of Bloomington, Monroe, 2021.
ATTEST:	JIM SIMS, President Bloomington Common Council
NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk City of Bloomington	
PRESENTED by me to Mayor of the City of day of, 2021.	of Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana, upon this _
NICOLE BOLDEN, Clerk City of Bloomington	
SIGNED AND APPROVED by me upon the	his day of, 2021.
	JOHN HAMILTON, Mayor City of Bloomington

SYNOPSIS

This ordinance repeals and replaces the Official Zoning Map incorporated by reference into the UDO.

****ORDINANCE CERTIFICATION****

In accordance with IC 36-7-4-604 I hereby certify that the attached Ordinance Number 21-24 is a true and complete copy of Plan Commission Case Number ZO-10-21 which was given a recommendation of approval by a vote of 7 Ayes, 1 Nays, and 0 Abstentions by the Bloomington City Plan Commission at a public hearing held on April 5, 2021.

		Tody out was	
Date: April 7, 2021		Scott Robinson, Secretary Plan Commission	ic.
Received by the Common Council C	Office this5th	day of April	, 2021.
Nicole Bolden, City Clerk	**************************************		
Appropriation Ordinance #	Fiscal Impact Statement Ordinance #	Resolution #	
Type of Legislation:			
Appropriation Budget Transfer Salary Change	End of Program New Program Bonding	Penal Ordinance Grant Approval Administrative Change	
Zoning Change New Fees	Investments Annexation	Short-Term Borrowing Other	
Unforcean Need	A.100	Emergency Other	70.10
Funds Affected by Request:			
Fund(s) Affected Fund Balance as of January 1 Revenue to Date Revenue Expected for Rest of year Appropriations to Date Unappropriated Balance Effect of Proposed Legislation (+/-)	\$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	0.00
Projected Balance	\$		
	Signature	of Controller	
Will the legislation have a major im	pact on existing Cit	y appropriations, fiscal liability or revenues?	
Yes	No	XX	
If the legislation will not have a mai	ior fiscal impact, ex	plain briefly the reason for your conclusion.	
		•	i a
Approval of case 20-10-21 amends	the Official Coning	g Map, by the Bloomington Plan Commission. This	S

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ordinance is in accordance with Indiana Code 36-7-4-600.

If the legislation will have a major fiscal impact, explain briefly what the effect on City costs and revenues will be and include factors which could lead to significant additional expenditures in the future. Be as specific as possible. (Continue on second sheet if necessary.)

Case # ZO-10-21 Memo

To: Bloomington Common Council

From: Bloomington Plan Commission

Jackie Scanlan, AICP Development Services Manager

Date: April 7, 2021

Re: Draft Zoning Map

The Plan Commission heard case ZO-10-21 on April 5, 2021. The Plan Commission voted to send the petition as amended to the Common Council with a positive recommendation with a vote of 7-1 (Sandberg). The Plan Commission voted on two amendments and both were approved and added to the petition. The first amendment involved three locations that staff identified as needing to be corrected and the second amendment was a proposal to amend a portion of a PUD.

The Planning and Transportation Department proposes to complete the Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) and Zoning Map Update process by adopting a new Official Zoning Map and amending various sections of the UDO.

Based on guidance from the 2018 Comprehensive Plan, the Department led an effort to repeal and replace the previous UDO that culminated in the 2019 adoption of a new UDO, which became effective in April 2020. Staff has worked with the new UDO since that time and has identified portions of the code that contain errors or that may require additional amending. Staff has been compiling and analyzing those potential amendments since the new UDO was adopted in 2019. A public outreach effort was initiated in October 2020 to present a draft zoning map as well as potential text amendments. The draft map and amendments were reassessed and amended after the public outreach process. A new proposal was created, and was released in February 2021.

The proposal is divided into ten (10) petitions by subject matter, and one (1) is discussed below. That petition is as follows:

1. ZO-10-21 | Proposed Zoning Map

ZO-10-21 | Proposed Zoning Map

This petition updates the Official Zoning Map in order to best apply the updated Unified Development Ordinance regulations; locates the new MS, PO, R1, R4 districts; aligns the Official Zoning Map with the goals of the Comprehensive Plan; rezones parcels to correct split zoned lots; rezones parcels that no longer match the existing or likely future uses on the site; rezones 102 PUDs to base zoning districts; rezones the MH district to match the Bloomington Hospital Site Redevelopment Master Plan Report; rezones most EM parcels to ME.

The UDO created four new base zoning districts MS, PO, R1, and R4. The MS district was designed to accommodate an adequate supply of housing opportunities for students in areas adjacent to or within easy walking distance to campus and be located along nearby commercial corridors. The Comprehensive Plan proposes that student housing should be located away from the downtown and in close proximity to Indiana University.

Staff began the process of locating the new MS district locations by looking for areas that met the UDO and Comprehensive Plan's goals. The area designated as "Gateway North" was identified in the Comprehensive Plan as an appropriate location for increased student housing. Staff selected areas for the MS district that met the purpose and goals of both the UDO and the Comprehensive Plan. Areas that were chosen for the MS district include the "Gateway North" and the Indiana & 10th "Urban Village Center" as they are identified in the Comprehensive Plan as suitable for higher density multifamily and mixed-use developments. The area directly east of the New Hospital Campus was also identified as an area which would be suitable for higher density multifamily and mixed-use developments due to its location to the new Hospital, and University in general. PUDs that met the MS district's allowed uses, specifically "Student Housing or Dormitory," and were located in close proximity to the University were included in the MS district.

Staff began the process of locating the PO district locations by identifying properties owned and operated by the City of Bloomington as official City Parks. The entrance to the Clear Creek Trail along W. Tapp Rd. was also identified as an area that would be suitable to be PO. Official City Parks located in the MD district were excluded from consideration as they are also located in Character District Overlays and have additional standards placed on them.

Staff identified areas currently zoned as RE as those best suited for the newly proposed R1 district (as proposed in ZO-08-21).

Staff began the process of locating the R4 district locations for the Public Outreach Draft by identifying locations that met the UDO and Comprehensive Plan's goals. This analysis included identifying properties that met the lot size of the zoning distinct; had access to many public services; and were accessible to pedestrians, cyclists, and vehicles. An attempt was made to locate R4 along arterials, the edges or neighborhoods, or adjacent to more intense zoning districts. PUDs that met the R4 district's dimensional standards or allowed uses, and were eligible to be rezoned to a base zoning district, were also included in the R4 district, as well. For the Public Hearings Draft, the R4 area was reduced by 78% land area and 61% of the parcels that were previously identified as R4. The remaining R4 focuses on the edges of neighborhoods, as well as PUDs that match the dimensions and/or uses of R4.

Staff analyzed all base zoned parcels within the City and identified parcels that did not align with the goals of the Comprehensive Plan, were currently split zoned, or no longer matched the current or likely future use of the property. Areas were identified as opportunities where a change in the zoning would further the goals of the Comprehensive Plan while keeping the uses on the site compatible with the surroundings. New RM areas were located in areas within close

proximity of the downtown, amenities, or the University. New MM areas were located near the new 7 Line Trail in order to encourage commercial and residential growth along the new amenity. Split zoned lots were removed from the Zoning Map by drawing the district boundaries utilizing existing property lines. Staff identified parcels that featured uses that would not be allowed in their current zoning district and identified areas were rezoning to a different base zoning district would better serve the current uses and the goals of the Comprehensive Plan.

The UDO was written with the expectation that PUDs would be expired after certain thresholds were met, after a period of inactivity, or if the PUD is no longer operating within the guidelines of the PUD. Staff analyzed all 119 of the city's currently existing PUDs. Reviewing information including but not limited to: initial year of approval, allowed uses, underlying zoning, surrounding zoning, and last year of approved petition. This data was used to identify those PUDs which were either obsolete or built out enough to warrant rezoning to one or more base zoning districts. 103 PUDs in total were identified as having met at least of the four triggers for being eligible to be rezoned:

- At least 95 percent of a PUD has been built-out [20.06.070(c)(5)(D)],
- The preliminary plan shall be considered abandoned if, three years after the approval of the preliminary plan by the Common Council, no final plan approval has been granted for any section of the Planned Unit Development [20.06.070(c)(3)(E)(2)[a]],
- 10 years after the approval of the preliminary plan by the Common Council, final plan approval has been granted for one or more sections of the Planned Unit Development, but sections of the Planned Unit Development remain without approved final plans [20.06.070(c)(3)(E)(2)[b]], or
- If a PUD is no longer proceeding in accordance with its PUD district ordinance, commitments, or time requirements imposed through the procedures in this Section 20.06.070(c) or by agreement [20.06.070(c)(5)(C)].

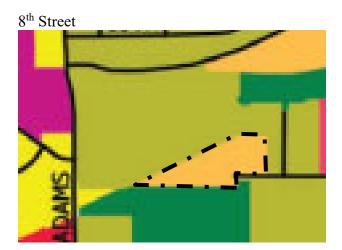
Staff analyzed the existing MH district ahead of Bloomington Hospital's relocation. Much of the current MH district was included in the recent Bloomington Hospital Site Redevelopment Master Plan Report. Staff matched the Master Plan's proposed zoning districts for areas included in the Report. Parcels zoned MH that were not included in the Master Plan were analyzed by staff to match the surrounding uses and the proposed districts from the Master Plan. Staff has not designated any parcels in the city to be zoned MH.

Staff analyzed all of the current zoning districts while undergoing this process and determined that parcels currently zoned EM would be better able to meet the goals of the Comprehensive Plan if they were zoned ME. Many of the areas currently zoned EM were identified as areas that did not align with the goals of the Comprehensive Plan, or no longer matched the current or likely future use of the property. This initial analysis rezoned many EM parcels to different base zoning districts, and the remaining EM areas were rezoned to ME.

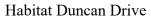
Two amendments were approved at Plan Commission and are described below.

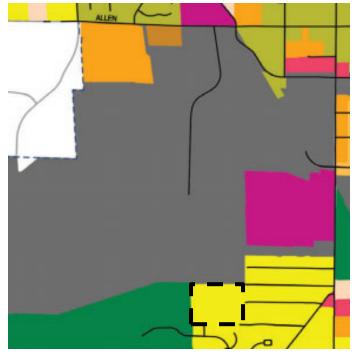
Amendment One: This set of three rezone requests was compiled by staff. The first (at the western terminus of W. 8th Street) was proposed after being questioned by the property owner

and neighborhood. The current zoning is PUD and the uses allowed in the PUD include duplex and attached townhomes, so the R4 zoning district was initially selected. However, staff was told by the petitioner that he no longer seeks to fulfill the 24 year old PUD and would like to match the surrounding R3 district. Staff analyzed the PUD documents and found that because of the apparently quite odd right-of-way that occurs in this area, the configuration shown in the PUD may not even be possible. The amendment changes the recommended district from R4 to R3. The second (The Boulders development, Weatherstone Lane, on the north side of E. Hillside Drive) is to correct an area that is developed as multifamily that was approved with the 1997 code's PRO system. The amendment changes the recommended (and existing) district from R2 to RM. The third (west of the western terminus of Duncan Drive) is to correct the map to include a rezone that was approved by Council in 2020 that added 7 acres of R2 land to the Thomson PUD. The amendment changes the recommendation from R2 to PUD. Images below show initial district colors.

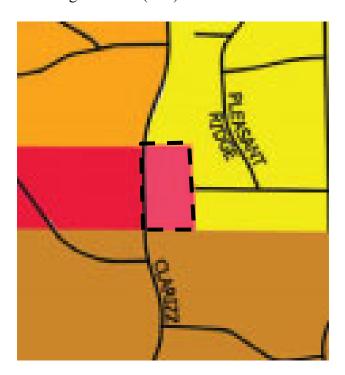


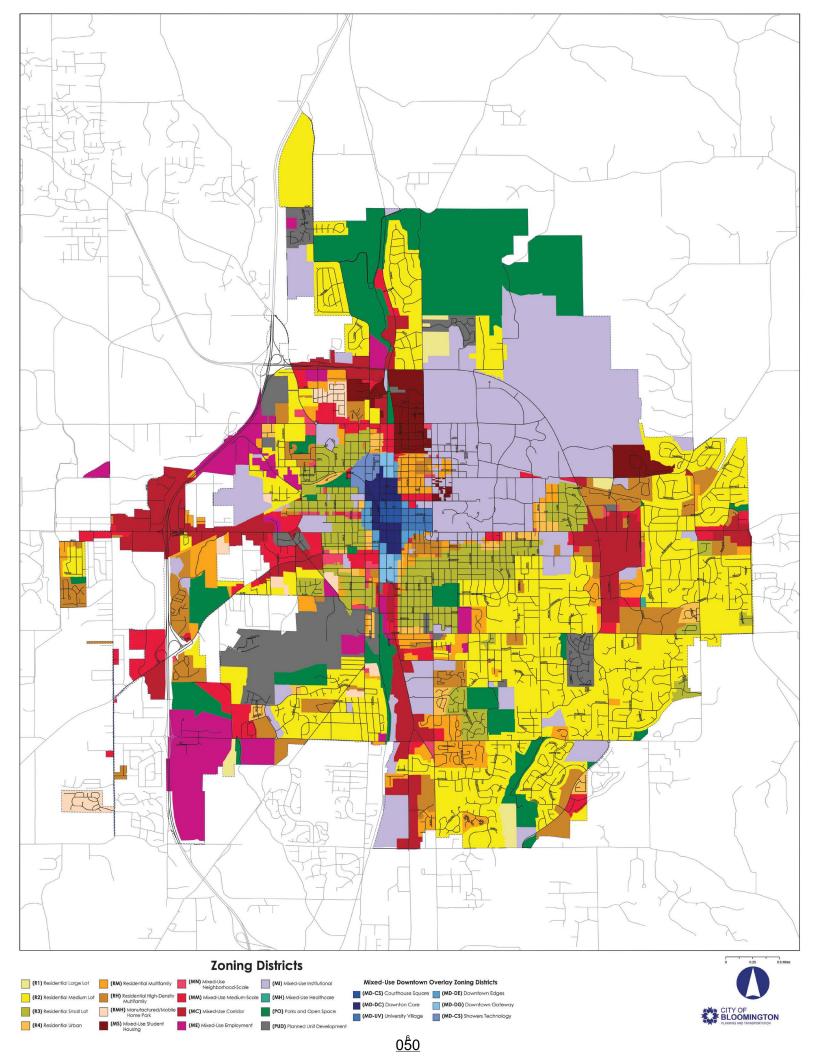
Boulders Weatherstone Lane

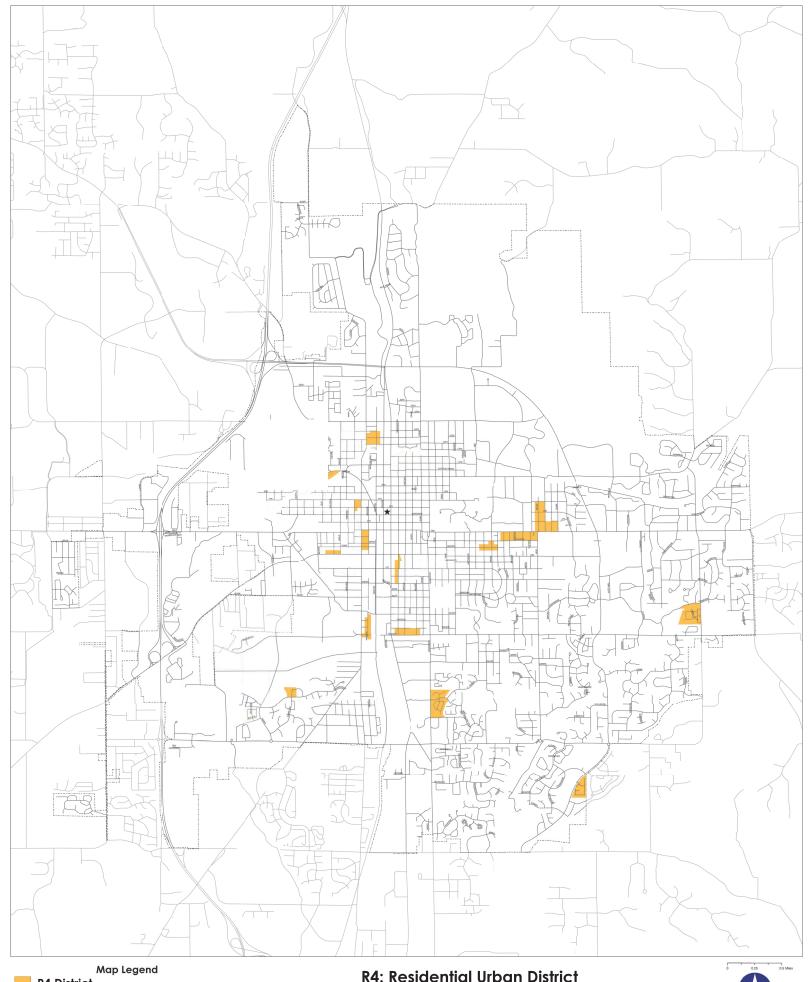




Amendment Two: This site is part of an existing PUD that is proposed to be rezoned. The PUD had very specific use regulations for the portion east of Clarizz and the focus was on the medical clinic use. The amendment changes the proposed zoning of those lots in the PUD from Mixed-Use Neighborhood (MN) to Mixed-Use Healthcare (MH), to keep with the intent of the PUD.







R4 District

R4: Residential Urban District
As Recommended by the Planning and
Transporation Department & Plan Commission
04/05/21

