Bloomington/Monroe County
Metropolitan Planning Organization

Crash Report
Calendar Years 2013 through 2015

October 2018
Bloomington-Monroe County Metropolitan Planning Organization
2013-2015 Crash Report

Table of Contents

Executive Summary 2
   Summary of Crash Trends from 2013 to 2015
   Table 1 - Monroe County Crash Trends – Calendar Year 2013 – 2015

Introduction 3

Methodology and Data Considerations 3

Crash Characteristics 4
   Figure 1 – Crashes by Modal Type: 2013-2015
   Table 2 - Crashes by Type and Severity – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Figure 2 - Crash Type by Severity – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Figure 3 - Crash Type – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Figure 4 - Crashes by Time of Day – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Figure 5 - Crashes by Day of Week – Calendar Years 2013-2015

Crash Locations 9
   Table 3 - Top 50 Crash Locations by Crash Total – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Table 4 - Top 50 Crash Locations by Crash Rate – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Table 5 - Top 50 Crash Locations by Crash Severity – Calendar Years 2012-201

Fatals 17
   Table 7 - Fatalities by Crash Type – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Table 8 - Fatal Crash Primary Factors – Calendar Years 2013-2015

Fatals Crash Locations 18
   Table 9 - Fatal Crash Locations by Type – Calendar Years 2013-2015

Bicycle and Pedestrian Crashes 19
   Table 10 - Top Bicycle & Pedestrian Crash Locations – Calendar Years 2013-2015
   Figure 6 - Bicycle and Pedestrian Crashes by Month – Calendar Years 2013-2015

Conclusion 21
Executive Summary
The Bloomington/Monroe County Metropolitan Planning Organization (BMCMPO) 2013-2015 Crash Report represents a continuation of the MPO’s effort to provide an analysis of the crash location causes and trends within Monroe County. This report includes an analysis of raw crash data from the Indiana State Police (ISP) Department ARIES data portal (https://www.in.gov/isp/3147.htm) for Calendar Years 2013, 2014, and 2015.

This crash report prepared by the BMCMPO staff from the ISP raw data provides relevant generalized information for the MPO Citizen’s Advisory Committee (CAC), the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), and the Policy Committee (PC). The crash report shall additionally achieve distribution to local units of government, Indiana University, and the general public through the BMCMPO website hosted by the Bloomington Planning and Transportation Department.

A summary of the specific calendar year crash trends provided below highlights general information on crash data within Monroe County. Detailed tables, charts, and summaries provided in subsequent chapters highlight information on annual and daily observational trends involving frequency, severity, and other related characteristics of crashes that occurred from 2013 to 2015.

Summary of Crash Trends from 2013 to 2015
The Indiana State Police, the Monroe County Sherriff’s Department, the Town of Ellettsville Police Department, the Indiana University Police Department, and the City of Bloomington Police Department reported a total of 12,538 crashes within public right-of-way corridors between Calendar Years 2013 and 2015 (Table 1). This figure represents a 0.72% increase from the previous three-year calendar year 2012-2014 rolling average analysis period that tabulated a total of 12,448 crashes.

Table 1 - Monroe County Crash Trends – Calendar Year 2013 - 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crash Type</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property Damage</td>
<td>3269</td>
<td>3335</td>
<td>3456</td>
<td>10,060</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Injury</td>
<td>785</td>
<td>824</td>
<td>849</td>
<td>2,458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatal</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>4058</td>
<td>4167</td>
<td>4313</td>
<td>12,538</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Approximately eighty percent (80%) of the total crashes reported in Monroe County during the Calendar Year 2013 - 2015 investigation period involved property damage or unknown crashes, while the balance of the data reported levels of personal injury and, to a much lesser extent, crashes resulting in fatalities.
Introduction
Mobility is a defining aspect of life in the United States and around the world. Transportation infrastructure investments have led to new opportunities for trade, travel, recreation, relocation, and economic growth. The BMCMPO receives approximately $3.1 million per year of federal transportation funding allocated from the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT) for local transportation network investments. Despite this continued investment, tangible and intangible costs attributable to motor vehicle crashes undermine the effectiveness of the local transportation system.

The BMCMPO Crash Reports demonstrate that motor vehicle crashes contribute to a significant loss of life, property, and productivity in Monroe County. A better understanding of crash trends is attainable through continued efforts in crash reporting and analysis. Targeted infrastructure investments should further improve safety on roads within Monroe County.

The purpose of this Crash Report is twofold. First, the Crash Report provides a consistent and straightforward means to disseminate annual crash data for use by any interested individual or organization. Second, the Crash Report provides another useful tool for civil engineers, transportation planners, and local policy makers when considering both funding and design strategies aimed at reducing the frequency and severity of transportation-related crashes. Specifically, the Indiana Department of Transportation and the BMCMPO require Local Public Agencies (LPAs) to use crash data as part of the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP). This program provides federal funding to target areas with high incidences of crashes. The HSIP primary goal is reducing fatal and incapacitating injury crashes. The implementation of effective mitigation strategies further curtail crashes within Monroe County through annual reporting and analysis.

This Crash Report focuses on a three-year period from Calendar Years 2013, 2014, and 2015. By focusing on a longer time horizon, random variations in annual crashes do not unduly influence the trends reported. For instance, annual variations in bicycle and pedestrian crashes, fatalities and incapacitating injuries, and location-specific crashes can be significant, even though there may not be an actual change in the likelihood of those crashes. By using a three-year window, identified trends are more likely to be meaningful by using a three-year analyses window. The crash data tabulated from 2015 alone provide a snapshot of the most recent year.

Methodology and Data Considerations
The data for the Bloomington/Monroe County Crash Report originates from the “Automated Report and Information Exchange System” (ARIES) of the Indiana State Police (https://www.in.gov/isp/3147.htm). This system maintains statewide crash data from law enforcement agency reports dating back to 2003. The Indiana law enforcement report data are organized by collisions, units (vehicles), and individuals. These data elements, related to one another by a common master field (e.g., Master Record Number) offer independent analysis capability. It is possible to retrieve information regarding collisions (e.g., locations and dates of greatest crash frequency), number of vehicles involved, and individuals involved. It is also possible to perform more complex analyses using attributes from each of these entities.

As with any database, the validity of conclusions resulting from the data is contingent upon accurate and complete data entry. Lack of data information from hit-and-run collisions, confusion surrounding alternate names of roads (e.g., Country Club Drive, Winslow Road), misspelled or mis-
entered street names, GPS errors, and incomplete data entry undoubtedly introduce some error into the results of this report. Therefore, results of the Crash Report should not have a rigid interpretation.

The BMCMPO staff corrected obvious data errors to achieve valid results. Consequently, some minor inconsistencies may be evident when comparing crash reports from prior years. Therefore, the most recently issued Crash Report reflects the best and most accurate crash information. Regardless of methodological changes and slight differences between reports, the overall findings of this report are consistent with those of past years.

Collisions are categorically analyzed given the crash type and severity. If a crash included a moped, motorcycle, bus, and bicyclist or pedestrian, the crash was subsequently classified as a “moped/motorcycle”, “bus”, “bicycle” or “pedestrian” crash, accordingly, regardless of the number of vehicles involved. If the crash involved only motor vehicles, the “crash modal type” classification identified the number of cars: one car, two cars, or three or more cars (Figure 1). The “severity” classification of a collision is dependent upon the most severe injury that resulted from a crash. For example, if a crash resulted in a fatality as well as a non-incapacitating injury, the severity of the crash had an assigned classification as “Fatal Injury.” Most data methods used in the report are self-explanatory.

Collisions were analyzed using available geographic, road inventory, and traffic count data. Individual crashes were located according to reported geographic coordinates which were available for more than 93% of all records. A crash frequency was determined for each intersection by tabulating the total number of crashes that occurred within a 250-ft radius of the center of the intersection. Crash rates were determined from available traffic data from the City of Bloomington, the Town of Ellettsville, Monroe County, and the Indiana Department of Transportation using standard adjustments and engineering judgment as necessary.

When reading the Crash Report, it is important to understand the distinction between “crashes” and “individuals.” The term “crash” refers to the characteristics of the crash itself under consideration. For example, a “Fatal Injury” column (e.g., “Crash by Type and Severity, 2013-2015”) shows how many crashes resulted in a fatal injury; it would be incorrect, however, to interpret this column as the number of fatalities since more than one fatality can result from a single crash.

**Crash Characteristics**

This section provides a summary of crash characteristics in Monroe County, including the type and severity of crashes from 2013-2015. These factors reflect trends in the overall safety of the transportation system.

A further breakdown of the Calendar Year 2013 – 2015 crash totals provides insights into trends involving pedestrians, bicyclists, buses, mopeds/motorcycles, and crashes that resulted in fatalities. Over the course of the three years analyzed, there were twenty (20) fatal crashes resulting in twenty-one fatalities (Table 2), slightly fewer than the 24 fatalities reported from 2012 to 2014. Of the twenty (20) fatal crashes, seven (7) resulted from two-car crashes, five (5) were from one-car crashes, four (4) involved mopeds/motorcycles, and two (2) involved a pedestrian. As has been the case for each of the prior nine (9) years, there were no fatalities involving a bicycle or a bus.
The time distribution of crashes continues to follow a predictable pattern correlating with peak hour and off-peak hour traffic volumes. The greatest number of crashes occurred during weekday rush hours between 4:00 P.M. and 6:00 P.M., with an average slightly greater than one (1) crash per hour for the entire county. There is also a peak from 12:00 P.M. to 1:00 P.M on weekdays. The weekend also follows a similar pattern in terms of frequency of crashes, but the crash rate has a more even distribution through the day and early evening hours. Between the hours of 7:00 PM and 4:00 AM, the weekend experiences a higher crash frequency compared with weekdays. Friday continued to have the highest number of crashes overall, while Sunday had the lowest number of crashes.

State and federal designated highway routes are prominently featured in the list of the highest crash frequency intersections or the total number of crashes over a given time period. Higher traffic volumes on these roads are undeniably the primary factor. INDOT jurisdictional intersections at SR 37 and 3rd Street, SR 45/46 and 10th Street, and SR 37 and Bloomfield Road are consistently high frequency crash locations. These intersections therefore warrant constant monitoring as do several local jurisdictional intersections that exhibit consistently high crash frequencies.

The leading cause of crashes during the Calendar Year 2013-2015 study period was once again a “failure to yield right of way” with 2,274 incidents. Other leading causes include “following too closely” and “unsafe backing”. These causes are addressable through law enforcement and education efforts as well as through selective physical improvements. “Running off the right side of the road” and “speeding in adverse weather” additionally present opportunities for physical safety improvements, such as guard rails, rumble strips, and interactive signage. These types of improvements warrant further exploration for crash reductions.

Crashes involving pedestrians and bicyclists are considerably important within the BMCMPO given a relatively high number of urbanized area non-motorized trips, the vulnerability to injury of individuals using these modes, and the BMCMPO’s goals for increasing walking and bicycling modal
shares. Compared to other types of crashes, those involving pedestrians and bicyclists are much more likely to result in a fatality or an incapacitating injury. Reducing the frequency and severity of these crashes is therefore a priority.

Table 2 - Crashes by Type and Severity – Calendar Years 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crash Type</th>
<th>Severity</th>
<th>Annual Total</th>
<th>Percent of Annual Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fatal</td>
<td>Incapacitating</td>
<td>Non-incapacitating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Car</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Car</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3+ Cars</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclist</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moped/Motorcycle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pedestrian</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2013</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>706</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Annual Total</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Car</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Car</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>353</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3+ Cars</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclist</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moped/Motorcycle</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pedestrian</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2014</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>707</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Annual Total</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Car</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Car</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3+ Cars</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyclist</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moped/Motorcycle</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pedestrian</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2015</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>391</td>
<td>458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of Annual Total</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>9.1%</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-Year Total</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>587</td>
<td>1871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of 3-Year Total</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 2 - Crash Type by Severity – Calendar Years 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Percent Fatal</th>
<th>Percent Non-Fatal Injury</th>
<th>Percent No Injury</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Car</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>16.8%</td>
<td>83.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Car</td>
<td>0.1%</td>
<td>15.0%</td>
<td>84.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3+ Cars</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
<td>38.8%</td>
<td>60.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>90.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moped/ Motorcycle</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td>77.5%</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bicycle</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
<td>82.6%</td>
<td>17.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pedestrian</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
<td>91.6%</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3 - Crash Type – Calendar Years 2013-2015
Time of Crashes
This section summarizes the number of crashes by hour and day. Law enforcement agencies and emergency responders can use these data relating to the timing of crashes for planning purposes. Additionally, decision makers may use this information in an attempt to reduce peak crash times.

On weekdays, the number of crashes typically peaked in conjunction with the morning rush hour, 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM, and then increased gradually throughout the day until peaking again in conjunction with the evening rush hour, 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM (Figure 4). There was an additional peak at noon around the lunch hour. The late afternoon was the most likely time for a crash to occur, with more than one per hour.

The hourly distribution of weekend crashes exhibits a predictable pattern. Crashes in the late evening and early morning are apparently more common during the weekend, and rush hour peaks were not as prevalent as on weekdays. During the Calendar Year 2013-2015 study period, a greater number of crashes occurred on Fridays than on any other day and the fewest crashes occurred on Sundays (Figure 5).
Crash Locations

This section addresses the spatial distribution of crashes in Monroe County highlighting locations of high crash frequency, crash rates, and crash severity (Table 3). This identification process used a stepwise approach: (1) ranking the sum total of all C.Y. 2013-2015 all Monroe County intersection crash locations into the “Top 50 Crash Locations,” (2) adjusting these crash locations with traffic volume data thereby deriving three-year crash rates, and (3) a derivation of intersection severity rates.

The methodology used in this report does not identify locations which have a higher than expected (i.e. statistically significant) crash totals, crash rates, or severity indices. Future crash reports should therefore consider a comparative analysis of intersections with similar operating characteristics. The BMCMPO staff shall additionally explore a network solution for calculating crash rates at lower crash frequency locations.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crash Total Rank</th>
<th>Intersection</th>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Year 2013</th>
<th>Year 2014</th>
<th>Year 2015</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; 3rd Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Pete Ellis Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Bloomfield Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Gillham Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; 10th Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; 3rd Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; S Liberty Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; College Ave/Walnut St</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Kingston Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Curry Pike/Leonard Springs Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Tapp Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; Kinser Pike</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Curry Pike</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Walnut Street Pike &amp; Winslow Road</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Pete Ellis Drive/Range Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>3rd St &amp; Swain Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Gates Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>10th St &amp; Union Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Grimes Ln &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>2nd St &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>3rd St &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>17th St &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Liberty Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>College Ave &amp; Kirkwood Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>3rd St &amp; Fess Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>3rd St &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Dunn St &amp; Kirkwood Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crash Total Rank</td>
<td>Intersection</td>
<td>Jurisdiction</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>2nd St &amp; Patterson St</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>3rd St &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>4th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Kirkwood Ave &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; 17th Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Indiana Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; Rogers Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Rhorer Road &amp; Walnut Street Pike</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Curry Pike &amp; Vernal Pike</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Centennial Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>3rd St &amp; Dunn Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>9th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Smith Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; Dunn St</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>17th Street and Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Walnut St &amp; Country Club Dr/Winslow Rd</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; N Sunrise Drive</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Woodlawn Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Washington Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>17th Street &amp; Kinser Pike/Madison Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Union Valley Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crash Rate Rank</td>
<td>Crash Frequency Rank</td>
<td>Intersection</td>
<td>3-Year Total</td>
<td>Jurisdiction</td>
<td>Crash Rate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Gilham Drive</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; Dunn Street</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>3.78</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Swain Avenue</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>3.71</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Fess Avenue</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>3.51</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Pete Ellis Drive</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>3.18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Walnut Street Pike &amp; Winslow Road</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2.96</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; S Kingston Drive</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>2.94</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; 3rd Street</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>2.73</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Union Street</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2.56</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Bloomfield Road</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>2.45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>17th Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; 10th Street</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>2.27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Dunn Street</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2.18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Woodlawn Avenue</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2.15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Sunrise Drive</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2.09</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2.05</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Highland Avenue</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.95</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>Rhorer Road &amp; Walnut Street Pike</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>1.92</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>4th Street &amp; S Walnut Street</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.91</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>14th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Vernal Pike</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.88</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Pete Ellis Drive/Range Road</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.86</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; 3rd Street</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.84</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Liberty Drive</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.81</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.73</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 4 - Top 50 Crash Locations by Crash Rate – Calendar Years 2013-2015 (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crash Rate Rank</th>
<th>Crash Frequency Rank</th>
<th>Intersection</th>
<th>3-Year Total</th>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Crash Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Woodlawn Avenue</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Tapp Road</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; College Ave/Walnut St</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; Patterson Drive</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; Kinser Pike</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; Rogers Street</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Washington Street</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>8th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Curry Pike</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Gates Drive</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Curry Pike/Leonard Springs Rd</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>3rd St &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Liberty Drive</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; 17th Street</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; Rogers Street</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Grimes Lane &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Smith Road</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Smith Pike</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>Walnut St &amp; Country Club Dr/Winslow Rd</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severity Rank</td>
<td>Intersection</td>
<td>Jurisdiction</td>
<td>Fatal</td>
<td>Injury</td>
<td>Property Damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; 3rd Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Bloomfield Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Kingston Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Vernal Pike</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; 10th Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Pete Ellis Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; 3rd Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; Kinser Pike</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Gillham Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Liberty Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Curry Pike</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Walnut Street Pike &amp; Winslow Road</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; College Ave/Walnut St.</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>4th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Curry Pike/Leonard Springs Rd</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>SR 45 &amp; Pete Ellis Drive/Range Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>SR 37 &amp; Tapp Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; Patterson Drive</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Gates Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Grimes Lane &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Fess Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Union Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>SR 48 &amp; Liberty Drive</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Smith Road</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Swain Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Rhorer Road &amp; Walnut Street Pike</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; Dunn Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>SR 45/46 Bypass &amp; 17th Street</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 5 - Top 50 Crash Locations by Crash Severity – Calendar Years 2012-2014 (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Severity Rank</th>
<th>Intersection</th>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Fatal</th>
<th>Injury</th>
<th>Property Damage</th>
<th>Severity Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>17th Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Highland Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Walnut St &amp; Country Club Dr/Winslow Rd</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Washington Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Kirkwood Ave &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Woodlawn Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>8th Street &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>14th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Woodlawn Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; Rogers Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; Rogers Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>10th Street &amp; Sunrise Drive</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Dunn Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>SR 46 &amp; Smith Pike</td>
<td>INDOT</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Crash Factors
This section summarizes the primary crash factors from 2013 to 2015. An understanding of these causes informs infrastructure investments, enforcement activities, and educational efforts. Traffic law enforcement and road design can address unsafe speeds, while guardrail, rumble strips, or safety education can mitigate the tendency of motorists to drive off the road. Similarly, enforcement and education could reduce the number of crashes attributable to alcohol potentially leading to a decrease of weekend/late night hit and run crashes.

Table 6 illustrates the Top 10 Primary Crash Factors for 2013-2015 by Severity. Failure to Yield Right-of-Way was once again the most common cause of crashes, contributing to nearly 2,300 crashes from 2013 to 2015. Following Too Closely and Unsafe Backing were additional significant crash factors. While failing to yield right of way was the most frequent crash cause, running off the road to the right was more dangerous based on the percentage of crashes that resulted in fatality or incapacitating injury. Table 6a shows the Top 10 Primary Crash Factors for 2013-2015 ranked in order of percent of incapacitating injury resulting from the crash. Of the most during the time period, which resulted in five (5) fatal crashes and the highest percentage of incapacitating injury.

The frequency of crashes ranked by primary factor provides information about which crashes happen most often. The percentage comparison reveals which primary factors for crashes have previously resulted in injury and which are less likely to result in injury. For example, unsafe backing ranked third as a primary factor in a crash, but comparing likelihood of injury, 98% of crashes from unsafe backing result in no injury.
### Table 6 - Top 10 Primary Crash Factors by Severity – Calendar Years 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Primary Factor</th>
<th>Severity</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fatal</td>
<td>Incapacitating Injury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Failure to Yield Right-of-Way</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Following Too Closely</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Unsafe Backing</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ran Off Road – Right</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Other (Driver) – Explain in Narrative</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Speed Too Fast (Weather)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Animal/Object in Roadway</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Disregard Signal/Sign</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Improper Turning</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Unsafe Lane Movement</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 6a - Top 10 Primary Crash Factors by Severity Percentages – Calendar Years 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Primary Factor</th>
<th>Severity</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>% Fatality</td>
<td>% Incapacity Injury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Failure to Yield</td>
<td>0.04%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Following too Closely</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Unsafe Backing</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Ran Off Road – Right</td>
<td>0.49%</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Explain in Narrative</td>
<td>0.24%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Too fast for Weather Conditions</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Animal/Object in Roadway</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Disregard Signal/Regulatory Sign</td>
<td>0.20%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Improper Turning</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Unsafe Lane Movement</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Fatalities**
This section provides a focused examination of motor vehicle fatalities in Monroe County from Calendar Year 2013 to 2015. As with previous sections, the material presented here can be useful for enforcement, education, and decision-making.

In 2015 there were eight crash fatalities in Monroe County (Table 6). Of these, three resulted from crashes involving a moped or motorcycle, three resulted from crashes involving two cars, and two resulted from crashes involving one car. Over the period from 2013 to 2015, the average annual number of fatalities per 100,000 residents was 4.9 for Monroe County. This figure is well below the U.S. average of 10.92 fatalities per 100,000 people for 2015. While the average number of fatalities in Monroe County is lower than the national average, the national average might not represent the best comparison. The U.S. fares much worse than many other developed nations in terms of traffic safety. The United Kingdom and Sweden average 2.9 and 2.8 traffic deaths per 100,000 people, respectively.

An investigation of the causal factors leading to fatal crashes shows that veering left of the centerline and running off the road to the right are the most common cause of crashes leading to a fatality (Table 7).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>One Car</th>
<th>Two Cars</th>
<th>Three Cars or More</th>
<th>Moped or Motorcycle</th>
<th>Bicycle</th>
<th>Pedestrian</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Fatalities per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 8 - Fatal Crash Primary Factors – Calendar Years 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Primary Factor</th>
<th>Fatal Injury</th>
<th>% of Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Left Of Center</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ran Off Road Right</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Unsafe Speed</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Other (Driver) - Explain In Narrative</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Pedestrian Action</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Failure To Yield Right Of Way</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Disregard Signal/Regulatory Signage</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Obstruction Not Marked</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>20</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fatal Crash Locations
This section summarizes the locations for crashes with identified fatalities. A total of twenty (20) recorded fatal crash locations resulted in a total of twenty-one (21) fatalities during the Calendar 2013-2015 study period. Table 8 identifies the locations of Calendar Year 2013-2015 fatal crashes. Location information will aid transportation planners and engineers to identify problematic locations. Fatalities are a major factor in determining HSIP funding eligibility.
Table 9 - Fatal Crash Locations by Type – Calendar Years 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Total Deaths</th>
<th>Number of Crashes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>One Car</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fairfax Rd and Schacht Rd</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leonard Springs Rd and Duncan Rd</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moon Rd, from Sand College Rd to County Line</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old SR 46, from SR 46 to N Brummetts Creek Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 37 and SR 45</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 37 and Ingram Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 37 and Victor Pike</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 446 and Pine Grove Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 45</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 45 and Gilham Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 45 from S Breeden Rd to Burch/Stanford Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 45/46 and Kinser Pike</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 46 and N 5th St</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 45/46 and Arlington Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 46 and W Flatwoods Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 46 from Flatwoods Rd to Chafin Chapel Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 48 and Kirby Rd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR 48 from Vernal Pike to SR 43</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beasley Dr and Curry Pike</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howard Rd and Starnes Rd</td>
<td>MC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bicycle and Pedestrian Crashes
This section documents bicycle and pedestrian crashes in Monroe County from 2013 to 2015. Bicycle and pedestrian crashes within the City of Bloomington and Monroe County represent a planning priority given a high number of non-motorized trips within the urbanized area. Data from the 2013 American Community Survey indicates that 5.1% of commuters in Bloomington use a bicycle as their primary mode of transportation, while 14.7% walk for multiple trip purposes. The combined walking and biking commute rate ranks 7th among U.S. cities with a population of greater than 65,000 people. However, as described in this report, individuals using these modes of transportation are particularly vulnerable to injury.
Crashes involving cyclists and pedestrians more often result in injury when compared with motor vehicle crashes. Therefore there is a priority need to reduce the frequency and severity of these crashes. Figure 6 shows that the frequency of pedestrian and bicycle crashes varies by mode. Pedestrian crashes had peaks in January and October whereas crashes involving a bicyclist had peaks in May and September. Local agencies should therefore use this knowledge to emphasize enforcement and education strategies during these predictable seasonal peak months.

### Table 10 - Top Bicycle and Pedestrian Crash Locations – Calendar Years 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Intersection</th>
<th>Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Crash type</th>
<th>Total Ped + Bike</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Pedestrian</td>
<td>Bicycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2nd Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Jordan Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Dunn Street &amp; Kirkwood Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3rd Street &amp; Woodlawn Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>SR 46 (3rd St) &amp; N Clarizz Blvd</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; College Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Kirkwood Avenue &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>6th Street &amp; Morton Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>7th Street &amp; Walnut Street</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>17th Street &amp; Indiana Avenue</td>
<td>COB</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 6 - Bicycle and Pedestrian Crashes by Month – Calendar Years 2013-2015**

![Figure 6 - Bicycle and Pedestrian Crashes by Month – Calendar Years 2013-2015](image-url)
Conclusion

This C.Y. 2013-2015 Crash Report highlights trends relating to motor vehicle, bicycle and pedestrian crashes in Monroe County. The information contained within this Crash Report represents an informational guide for transportation/traffic engineering decision-making ultimately leading to a safer and healthier transportation system for Monroe County and the Bloomington-Monroe County Metropolitan Planning Organization.

Several problem areas noted in this and past BMCMPO Crash Reports were improved upon or are in the process of being addressed, such as at many locations along the SR 37/I-69 construction corridor. Improvements at the intersection of Atwater Avenue and Henderson Street completed in 2011 resulted in a 54% reduction in crash frequency at that location, compared to the period from 2008 to 2010. Evaluation of past and future crash data at these and other locations will further aid in implementing appropriate and effective mitigation strategies to reduce and avoid future crashes.

This Crash Report identifies locations that may require further study to see if safety issues warrant capital improvement investments. Intersections along SR 37, SR 45, and SR 45/46 Bypass corridors continue with problematic issues given traffic volumes and correlated crash frequency. State and local transportation officials, engineers, and staff are coordinating information thereby targeted locations with warranted safety improvements due to jurisdictional boundaries at these locations.

Data and analysis and other attributes included within the report (e.g. bus, moped, motorcycle, fatalities, causes, locations, severity of crashes), provide additional information for identifying trends and/or areas of concern. Information regarding seasonal spikes in bicycle and pedestrian crashes can serve as a foundation for education and enforcement strategies. Future versions of this Crash Report may consider a more detailed analysis of hit and run locations and alcohol-related factors. An improved understanding of these factors would help the community to better focus its efforts on reducing serious traffic injuries and their subsequent impact on the BMCMPO planning area.

Future reports should consider comparing local jurisdiction intersections and/or roadway corridors with similar operating characteristics in order to help identify locations which have a higher than expected crash total, crash rate, or severity index. Additionally, a method to calculate a crash rate for every intersection in the network warrants exploration. These additional levels of analyses will further aid transportation planners, engineers, and officials in effectively identifying hazardous locations and securing funding for operational modifications.

This Crash Report represents a continuous step toward improving safety on local BMCMPO area roadways by identifying problematic locations. Transportation planners, engineers, and local officials together will use this information to determine locations that need attention, and seek funding for necessary operational improvements, physical modifications or other means (enforcement, education) warranted to improve overall BMCMPO transportation system safety.